



Deployment guide for AWS

Software version 2.0

3 March 2023



Deployment guide AWS

© Copyright 2022, 2023 Better Network Services Group Pty Ltd, all rights reserved.

Better Network Services Group Pty Ltd (BNS Group) ABN 54 003 868 120

The software described in this Guide is supplied under a license agreement and may only be used in accordance with that agreement.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server TM is a trademark of Better Network Services Group Pty Limited (BNS Group). Other brands or product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Trademark acknowledgements:

- MessageMedia is a registered trademark of Message4U Pty Limited.
- SINCH is a registered trademark of SINCH Limited.
- Microsoft® is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation Inc.
- Windows® is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation Inc.
- AWS is a trademark of Amazon Web Services Inc

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	10
1.1	Terminology	12
1.2	Features and use cases	13
1.3	AWS deployment options	14
1.3.1	Single-AZ	14
1.3.2	Multi-AZ	14
1.3.3	Multiple VPC with EC2 instance in one VPC and Database in another VPC	15
1.3.4	Multi-Region	15
1.4	AWS services used by the software	16
1.5	Licensing and cost models	17
1.5.1	AWS Costs – getting started with a single-AZ	17
1.5.2	SMS server licensing from BNS Group	18
1.5.3	SMS Service provider costs	18
1.6	Time to complete deployment	19
1.6.1	Single-AZ	19
1.6.2	Multi-AZ	19
1.7	AWS Regions supported	19
1.8	Administrator and Developer KB	19

2	Installation checklists	20
1.9	Upgrading from previous releases	20
1.10	Worksheet for New Installations	20
1.11	Checklist for New Installations	22

SECTION 2	Overall architecture	23
2.1	Conceptual overview diagram	23
2.2	SMTP Email based applications	24
2.3	SQL API	24
2.4	End users and Outlook	24

SECTION 3	SQL API Architecture	26
3.1	Simple design	26
3.2	High availability design	27
3.3	AWS simple implementation architecture	28
3.4	AWS High Availability Architecture	30
3.4.1	Other options	31

SECTION 4	Infrastructure	32
4.1	Infrastructure requirements	32
4.1.1	Minimum AWS pre-requisites and requirements (Single AZ)	32
4.2	SQL Server	34
4.2.1	Minimum AWS RDS MS SQL Server requirement	34
4.2.2	AWS RDS Sql Server best practices on how Multi AZ works	34
4.2.3	AWS RDS SQL Server version support	35
4.2.4	Deploying RDS SQL Server	35
4.2.5	RDS Connectivity from SMS Servers	35
4.2.6	AWS RDS SQL Database monitoring	36
4.2.7	AWS RDS SQL Database troubleshooting	36
4.2.8	To launch EC2 instance Windows Server	37
4.3	SQL Server Database creation	37
4.4	Availability zones	37
4.5	Connectivity to SMS Network Service providers	38
4.5.1	Encryption of SMS data over the Internet	38
4.6	SMS Service Account	38
4.7	Deployment effort & resources	38
4.8	Certified SMS Service providers	40
4.8.1	Other SMPP service providers	40
4.9	AWS Security	41
4.9.1	IAM roles	41
4.9.2	AWS Managed policies	41
4.9.3	To launch EC2 instance Windows Server	42
4.9.4	JSON Policy to launch EC2	42
4.9.5	Policy to grant permission to create a RDS DB instance and isn't Multi-az	43
4.9.6	Other security considerations	44
4.9.7	AWS Encryption EC2 – SMS Windows Server	45
4.9.8	AWS Encryption RDS – SMS Data stored in Microsoft SQL	

	Server	45
4.9.9	AWS architecture – Security Groups and Network ACLs	46
<hr/>		
SECTION 5	Preparing your SMS server	49
5.1	Windows Server Operating System	49
<hr/>		
SECTION 6	Installation folders	50
6.1	Installing the installation files	50
<hr/>		
SECTION 7	Setup databases in AWS RDS Microsoft SQL Server	55
7.1	SQL Server Database creation and sizing	56
7.2	Login Permissions sms server service account	58
7.3	Row level security (RLS) for SMS-SQL-API database tables	59
7.4	Implementing user login row level security using the scripts provided	60
7.4.1	Step 1 – GRANT Select for all user logins	61
7.4.2	Step 2 – Create Inline Table-valued Function for all tables	62
7.4.3	Step 3 – Apply RLS Security policy for all tables	63
7.4.4	Confirming that RLS has been setup correctly	64
7.5	Onboarding applications to use the SQL-API database	65
7.5.1	SQL Administrator actions to onboard new applications	66
<hr/>		
SECTION 8	Install SMS Console	69
8.1	General	69
8.1.1	SQL Database Administrator (DBA)	69
8.1.2	SQL API Database permissions for SQL user SMS-Console	71
8.1.3	Active Directory Security Groups	71
8.2	Installation of IIS for the Console	72
8.2.1	Install Internet Information Server	72
8.2.2	Installing IIS on the SMS Server	73
8.3	Install the Console	80
8.3.1	Internet Explorer Enhanced Security	80
8.3.2	Console installation	80
8.4	Configure IIS	82

8.4.1	Create folder for SMS console web site	82
8.4.2	Configure IIS	82
8.5	Configure settings and test console connection	86
8.5.1	Test the connection to the current database	89
8.5.2	Display of full message in the inquiry menu option	91
8.5.3	Console administration	92

SECTION 9 Exchange Online Mailbox and Graph API settings 93

9.1	Exchange online	93
-----	-----------------	----

SECTION 10 Installing SMS Windows Services 94

10.1	Before you install the software	94
10.2	Run the Setup program	94
10.3	Check the services are installed	101
10.4	Add the service account to local administrators group	102
10.5	SMS Configuration smsboot.ini	102
10.6	Graph API Settings	106
10.7	Check services	107
10.8	Check log files for all services	108
10.8.1	Licensing	109
10.9	Anti-virus software	109
10.9.1	Windows Server Windows Defender	110

SECTION 11 Data Analytics 113

11.1	Available in 2023	113
------	-------------------	-----

SECTION 12 Test tool – SMS SQL API Desktop utility 114

12.1	Installing the test tool	114
12.2	Configuring the test tool	116

SECTION 13	Health Service	117
13.1	What is the Health Service?	117
13.2	System alerts	118
13.3	Configuring the Health Service	119
SECTION 14	Configuring other services	121
14.1	Simple broadcast	121
14.2	SMS Submissions using SMTP	121
14.2.1	Exchange on-premises transport role servers	122
14.2.2	Exchange Online transport rules	122
14.2.3	On-premises Exchange SMTP Connector example	129
14.2.4	Testing via SMTP	134
SECTION 15	Testing the system	135
15.1	SMS Console	135
15.2	Testing from the test frame	135
15.3	Testing from Email environment	135
SECTION 16	Backup and recovery	136
16.1	Disaster recovery	136
16.2	Data storage	136
16.3	Configuration files	136
16.4	AWS EC2 instance backup and recovery	136
16.5	AWS RDS SQL backup and restore	137
SECTION 17	Routine maintenance	138
17.1	Software Windows service credentials	138
17.2	SMPP \ TLS	138

17.3	Software patches and upgrades	138
17.4	License management of the SMS Software	138
17.5	AWS Service limits	139

SECTION 18 Emergency Maintenance 140

18.1	Handling fault conditions	140
18.1.1	Business processes are unable to access the SMS-SQL-API DB	140
18.1.2	SMS messages are not being received from the Health Service to nominated handsets	140
18.1.3	SMS messages are not being sent to handsets	141

SECTION 19 Support 142

19.1	How to receive support	142
19.2	Support Tiers	142

SECTION 20 Disaster Recovery planning 143

20.1	DR Partner Server	143
------	-------------------	-----

SECTION 21 Appendix 144

21.1	AWS RDS performance testing	144
21.1.1	AWS EC2 instance – SMS Server	144
21.1.2	AWS RDS MS SQL Express	145
21.1.3	MessageMedia	145
21.1.4	SMPP Client tool \ service details from AWSSMSTST4	145
21.1.5	SMPP\TLS transmission from BNS AWS to MessageMedia AWS	147
21.2	AWS RDS SQL Express metrics	148
21.2.1	Before testing commenced	148
21.2.2	RDS metric summary after test completed	148
21.2.3	AWS RDS metric summary table	151
21.2.4	Performance insight for database load	151
21.3	EC2 instance AWSSMSTST4	153

BNS Group would like to thank the following people and organizations for making BNS Enterprise SMS Server a world class product:

- To all our staff and their families for working tirelessly to deliver world class products.
- Messaging and Collaboration team Suncorp Group
- Amazon Web Services ISV partner team for assisting BNS with technical foundation technical reviews and achieving the AWS RDS Service ready designation.

1 Introduction

BNS Enterprise SMS Server was previously known as msXsms Enterprise SMS server. Product rebranding in March 2023 was necessary as BNS re-engineered the software for the cloud. Significant re-engineering effort was focused on recovery with AWS RDS MS SQL Server in multi-AZ.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server is a scalable secure SMS text messaging software solution deployed in your own cloud tenancy or your own datacentre. The SMS Server uses SMS industry standards to send SMS messages to a variety of SMS service providers using industry standard SMPP\TLS encryption over the Internet.

Applications can send SMS using SQL or email as the interface to the SMS Server platform. Users can send SMS messages using internal email from their email client such as Microsoft Outlook.

Microsoft SQL Server is used to store SMS data for: data analytics, controls, compliance and audit.

A powerful Microsoft PowerBi data analytics module is provided to analyse meta-data provided by applications or simply provide insights into the use of SMS within the enterprise.

Receiving SMS messages is supported delivering SMS messages to applications and users via email or a SQL database. Routing of inbound SMS is based on the receiving SMS number at the SMS Server.

High availability is provided at all 3 layers of the solution including:

- Platform layer Azure\AWS (SQL High availability)
- Application layer (SMS server level)
- SMS service provider layer (SMS Delivery)

The solution allows a choice of SMS service providers allowing the best per SMS message rate from a list of tested SMS service providers. Changing providers is possible allowing you to negotiate the best possible rate. Without using a solution like BNS's enterprise SMS server means you would use a proprietary REST API from a single provider making it difficult to change and difficult to negotiate per message rates.

The solution allows for primary and backup SMS service providers allowing redundancy at service provider level. If the SMS server cannot reach the primary SMS service provider the SMS server will automatically failover to the backup SMS service provider for a period of time. Switching back to the primary SMS

service provider is also automatic after communication is restored to the primary SMS service provider.

Extensive testing and verification in AWS provides enterprise customers the confidence that the SMS Server software meets cloud high availability, security and design compliance.

The SMS Server software was awarded 2 software badges as part of the AWS ISV accelerate program. AWS Foundation Technical Review (AWS verified software) and AWS RDS service ready badge.



AWS ISV Partner path program is a set of useful tools, insightful resources, advanced technologies, and the best practices that may be used by development companies such as BNS in the process of creating cloud-based software for their customers.

BNS achieved the AWS qualified software badge in 2022 after extensive work with AWS to undertake a foundation technology review which is part of the AWS ISV Partner path program.

February 2023. BNS achieved the much higher technical designation for AWS RDS Service Ready.

The AWS Service Ready Program is designed to validate software products built by AWS Partners that work with specific AWS services. These software products are technically validated by AWS Partner Solution Architects for their sound architecture and adherence to AWS best practices, and market adoption including customer successes.

<https://aws.amazon.com/partners/programs/service-ready/>

1.1 Terminology

SMPP

[SMPP - Short Message Peer-to-Peer Protocol](#)

The SMPP (Short Message Peer-to-Peer) protocol is an open, industry standard protocol designed to provide a flexible data communications interface for the transfer of short message data between the SMS Server software and a Message Centres, hereinafter referred to as a SMS Service provider.

The SMS Server software implements version 3.4 of the SMPP standard and has been tested with a number of SMS Service providers. Not all SMS Service providers implement all options within the standard. It is important that the customer selects a supported SMS Service provider which implements the required options in the standard.

SMPP over TLS is used to encrypt communications of SMS messages between the customer's AWS tenancy and the SMS Service provider over the Internet.

SMSC

SMS Message Centre. Is a SMS Service provider supporting SMPP and which has been tested by BNS.

AWS AZ & Multi-AZ

Amazon Web Services availability zone. Availability Zones are distinct locations within an AWS Region that are engineered to be isolated from failures in other Availability Zones.

AWS RDS

Amazon Web Services Relational Database Services

1.2 Features and use cases

Enterprise customers who are modernising their applications for the cloud can implement a SQL Server based SMS interface for all business processes requiring a secure highly scalable solution from their cloud tenancy.

BNS Enterprise SMS server software is an enterprise-grade SMS solution that consolidates different messaging requirements across multiple companies and departments to a single robust, reliable and scalable messaging platform allowing better cost management, compliance and controls.

Customers like Suncorp Group implemented BNS's SMS software in 2009 as it re-engineered and consolidated multiple brands within the group. Brands such as: Suncorp Insurance, Suncorp Bank, AAMI, GIO, Vero and Shannons use the software because it provides multiple brands the ability to use shared infrastructure with high availability and a rich set of features.

All SMS communications are logged and stored within the customer's cloud tenancy using Microsoft SQL Server.

Applications simply write their SMS requests into a SQL Database (SMS-SQL-API) to send and receive SMS messages to/from mobile phones.

Applications periodically process confirmations of their SMS messages and process any incoming messages at the same time.

Multiple applications are supported using a single interface SQL database with row level security.

The SMS software uses industry standards SMPP protocol to communicate with SMS Service providers supporting industry standard version 3.4

Benefits of using the SMS software include:

- Easily on-board business applications with minimal coding.
- Your business applications use SQL server in cloud or on-premises to send and receive SMS.
- Avoids any future re-programming should the underlying SMS provider change.
- Avoids using proprietary REST APIs unique to a single SMS provider.
- Avoids developing high availability controls to multiple SMS service providers.
- Allows production to DR failover of SMS traffic within a region.
- Allows multiple SMS providers to be supported for high availability at the SMS provider level.

- Primary and backup SMS providers are switched automatically without any application changes if there is a loss of communications to a primary SMS service provider.
- Industry-standard SMPP implementation at the SMS server supports many SMS service providers allowing best possible contract rates to be negotiated.
- Controls such as checking for duplicate messages to the same mobile over a 24 hour period is configurable at a server level.

1.3 AWS deployment options

1.3.1 Single-AZ

Deployment in a single AZ requires a minimum of 1 x SMS Server and 1 x AWS RDS service with either: Microsoft SQL Express or Microsoft SQL Server (Standard or Enterprise).

Multiple SMS Servers can be deployed in a single AZ providing high availability of the SMS server software in a single AZ.

For more information refer to section 4.3

1.3.2 Multi-AZ

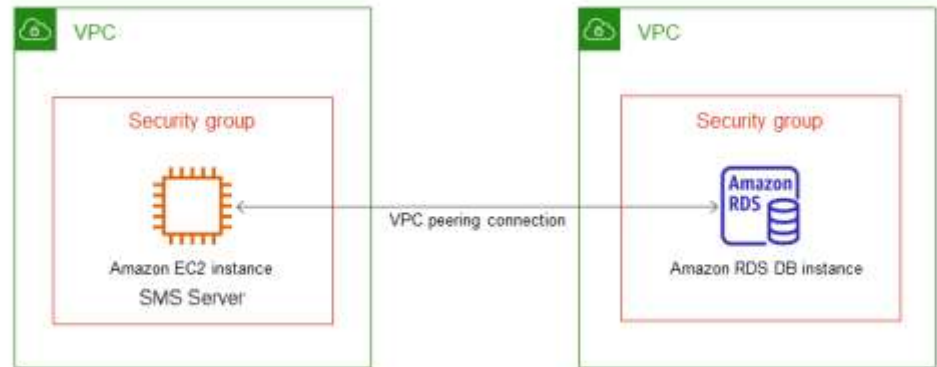
Deployment in multiple AZ requires a minimum of 2 x SMS Server (1 in each AZ) and 1 x AWS RDS service with either: Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise.

For more information refer to section 4.4

1.3.3 Multiple VPC with EC2 instance in one VPC and Database in another VPC

When your DB instances are in a different VPC from the EC2 instance you are using to access it, you can use VPC peering to access the DB instance.

The following diagram shows this scenario.



A VPC peering connection is a networking connection between two VPCs that enables you to route traffic between them using private IP addresses. Resources in either VPC can communicate with each other as if they are within the same network. You can create a VPC peering connection between your own VPCs, with a VPC in another AWS account, or with a VPC in a different AWS Region.

For more information refer to

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/USER_VPC.Scenarios.html

1.3.4 Multi-Region

Global delivery of SMS can be performed from one region. The SMS Service provider takes care of global delivery.

If there was a need for multiple regions the design would typically have separate deployments of the platform with regional based SMS Service providers.

Key considerations for using a local SMS Service provider is lower latency for SMPP communications (SMS traffic).

1.4 AWS services used by the software

The following AWS services are required as a minimum:

- EC2 windows server instance(s). OS only no SQL on the Windows Server.
- RDS MS SQL Server or MS SQL Express for a simple installation

AWS Services

Amazon EC2

The Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) service enables you to launch virtual machine instances with a variety of operating systems.

Amazon RDS

Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database such as Microsoft SQL Server in the cloud.

Amazon VPC

The Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC) service lets you provision a private, isolated section of the AWS Cloud where you can launch AWS services and other resources in a virtual network that you define. You have complete control over your virtual networking environment, including selection of your own IP address range, creation of subnets, and configuration of route tables and network gateways.

1.5.1 AWS Costs - getting started with a single-AZ

<https://aws.amazon.com/rds/pricing/>

EC2 instance type t2.large is ideal for a small deployment in a single-AZ to host the SMS software.

[Successfully added Amazon EC2 instance.](#)

[AWS Pricing Calculator](#) > [My Estimate](#)

My Estimate [x](#)

[Add service](#)
[Add support](#)
[Add group](#)
[Clear estimate](#)
[Export estimate](#)
[Share](#)

Estimate summary [x](#)

Upfront cost	Monthly cost	Total 12 months cost
0.00 USD	137.01 USD	1,644.10 USD

Getting Started with AWS

[Contact Us](#)
[Sign in to the Console](#)

Services (1)

Amazon EC2

Description: G5 Server T3 Large pay-as-you-go
Region: Asia Pacific (Sydney)

[Edit](#)
[Action](#)

Advanced estimate

Operating system (Windows Server), Storage amount (150 GB), DT Inbound: Internet (1 GB per month), DT Outbound: Internet (1 GB per month), DT Outbound: Not selected (0 TB per month), DT Extra Region: 10 TB per month, Workload (Consistent, Number of Instances: 1), SpotOnOffFrequency (On-Demand), Amount charged per instance (0 GB), Advanced EC2 Instance (2 Large, Pricing strategy (On-Demand)	Monthly Upfront	137.01 USD 0.00 USD
--	-----------------	------------------------

Acknowledgment

AWS Pricing Calculator provides only an estimate of your AWS fees and doesn't include any taxes that might apply. Your actual fees depend on a variety of factors, including your virtual usage of AWS services. [Learn more](#)

AWS RDS MS SQL Express

SQL Express in most cases will be sufficient for a startup business with a small deployment in a single-AZ.

Cost per month without any savings plans = estimated without taxes USD82 per month.

The screenshot shows the AWS Pricing Calculator interface. At the top, it says 'Successfully added Amazon RDS for SQL server instance.' Below this, there's a 'My Estimate' section with buttons for 'Add service', 'Add support', 'Add group', 'Clear estimate', 'Export estimate', and 'Share'. The 'Estimate summary' table shows:

Estimate summary						
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Upfront cost</td> <td>Monthly cost</td> <td>Total 12 months cost</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.00 USD</td> <td>82.00 USD</td> <td>984.60 USD</td> </tr> </table>	Upfront cost	Monthly cost	Total 12 months cost	0.00 USD	82.00 USD	984.60 USD
Upfront cost	Monthly cost	Total 12 months cost				
0.00 USD	82.00 USD	984.60 USD				

 To the right, there's a 'Getting Started with AWS' section with 'Contact Us' and 'Sign up to the Console' buttons. Below the summary, the 'Services (1)' section lists:

Services (1)			
<p>Amazon RDS for SQL server</p> <p>Description: SQL Express Single-AZ</p> <p>Region: Asia Pacific (Sydney)</p>			
<table border="0"> <tr> <td> <p>RDS for SQL server</p> <p>Storage for each RDS instance (General Purpose SSD (gp2), Storage amount (10 GB), Number of nodes (1), Instance type (db.t3.medium), Utilization (On-demand only) (100 %), IOPS (1000), Provisioned IOPS (1000), Deployment option (Single-AZ), License (License included), Database edition (Express), Pricing strategy (On-demand), Additional backup storage (10 GB)</p> </td> <td> <p>Monthly Upfront</p> </td> <td> <p>82.00 USD</p> <p>0.00 USD</p> </td> </tr> </table>	<p>RDS for SQL server</p> <p>Storage for each RDS instance (General Purpose SSD (gp2), Storage amount (10 GB), Number of nodes (1), Instance type (db.t3.medium), Utilization (On-demand only) (100 %), IOPS (1000), Provisioned IOPS (1000), Deployment option (Single-AZ), License (License included), Database edition (Express), Pricing strategy (On-demand), Additional backup storage (10 GB)</p>	<p>Monthly Upfront</p>	<p>82.00 USD</p> <p>0.00 USD</p>
<p>RDS for SQL server</p> <p>Storage for each RDS instance (General Purpose SSD (gp2), Storage amount (10 GB), Number of nodes (1), Instance type (db.t3.medium), Utilization (On-demand only) (100 %), IOPS (1000), Provisioned IOPS (1000), Deployment option (Single-AZ), License (License included), Database edition (Express), Pricing strategy (On-demand), Additional backup storage (10 GB)</p>	<p>Monthly Upfront</p>	<p>82.00 USD</p> <p>0.00 USD</p>	

 At the bottom, there's a disclaimer: 'AWS Pricing Calculator provides only an estimate of price. AWS fees and discounts include any taxes that might apply. Your actual fees depend on a variety of factors, including your actual usage of AWS services. [Learn more](#)'

Total of EC2 and RDS for the SMS Solution for a startup \ quick start single-az = USD137 + USD82 = USD219 excluding taxes.

-
- 📌 A large customer would provision 2 x T3.2XLarge or equivalent EC2 instances for a production deployment.
-

1.5.2 SMS server licensing from BNS Group

Enterprise licensing options are available from BNS group (www.bnsgroup.com.au). A usage based model is typically used by enterprise to allow for unlimited scale of the SMS platform and monthly billing.

1.5.3 SMS Service provider costs

Usually this cost is an operational monthly cost based on usage with some fixed costs per month for items such as SMS Numbers for two-way SMS.

1.6 Time to complete deployment

1.6.1 Single-AZ

Software setup can be performed in on a single Windows Server EC2 instance in less than 1 day if all aspects of the project are well organized.

1.6.2 Multi-AZ

Software setup can be performed in a multi-AZ Windows Server EC2 instance in 2 days if all aspects of the project are well organized.

For more information refer to section 5.7

1.7 AWS Regions supported

BNS has tested its software in ap-southeast-2 region.

1.8 Administrator and Developer KB

Refer to the public KB. <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/admin-guides>

Refer to the public KB. <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/sqlinterface>

2 Installation checklists

1.9 Upgrading from previous releases

Version upgrades are documented in the SRN for each release.

Refer to <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/release-notes>

Version history <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/version-history> (1.7.33)

Version history [Version History \(version 2+\) \(bnsgroup.com.au\)](https://bnsgroup.com.au) (2.x)

1.10 Worksheet for New Installations

Item	Value / comments
SMS production server name	
SMS production IP address	
Active Directory Domain or workgroup	
SMS service provider SMPP Account login details	
SMS service provider IP Addressing	This is in the boot.ini file firewall rules for outgoing connections.
SMS service provider connection port number	This is in the boot.ini file firewall rules for outgoing connections.
SQL Server connection string including “,port number”	
SQL Port number	
SQL server login (Windows Authentication or Local SQL User)	
Office 365 or equivalent SMTP user credentials for delivery of error messages to administrators.	<p>User email address =</p> <p>If public DNS is not available in your zone the software can be configured to use an IP address of an internal SMTP server.</p>

Email address for alerting IT staff	
Mobile numbers to be used for the in-built health service	
Servers to be used for bid control to the SMS-SQL-API database	Server1= Server2=
Provisioning guides for AWS EC2 and RDS SQL Server	See links below.

<https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/getting-started/>

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_GettingStarted.CreatingConnecting.SQLServer.html

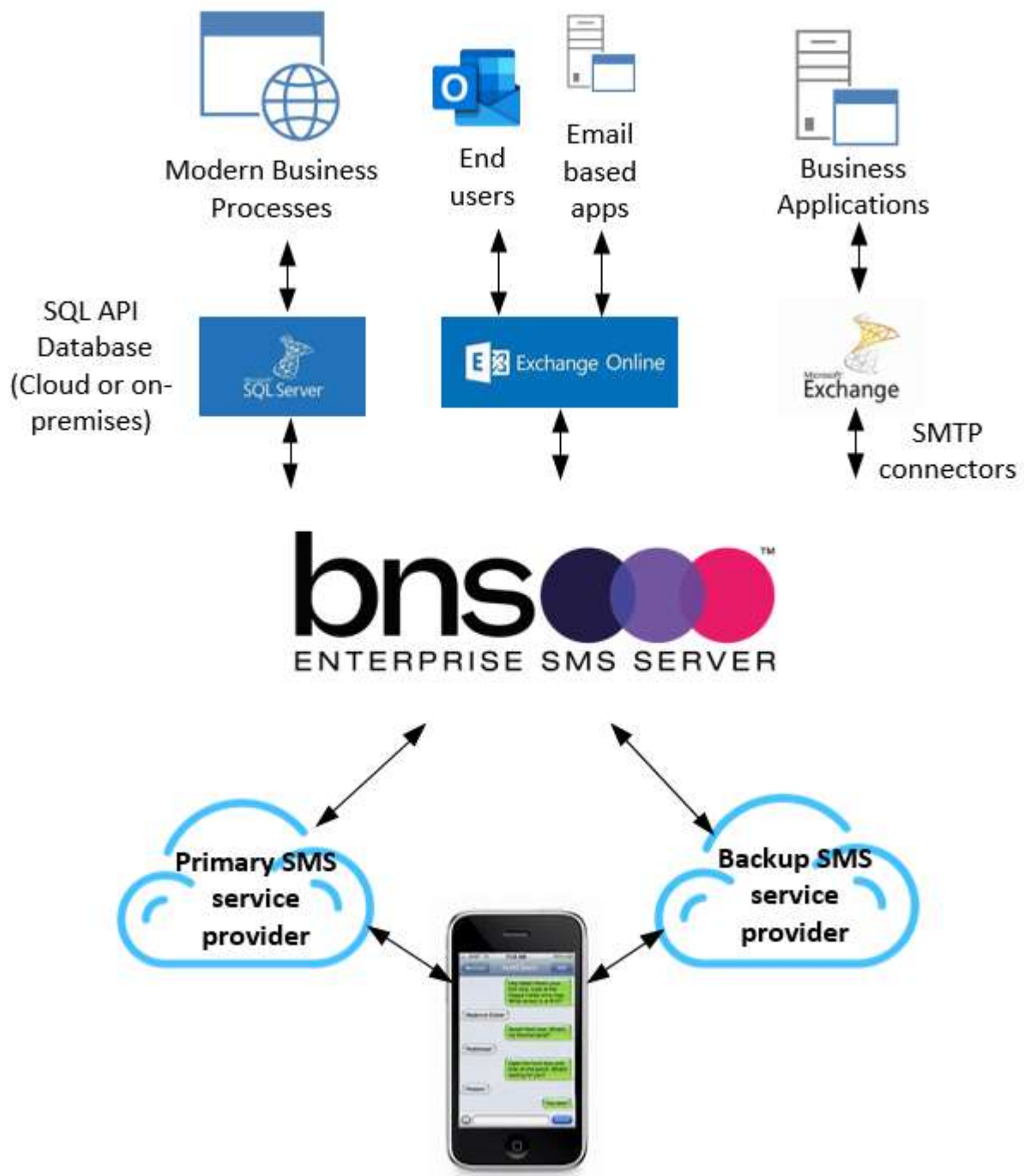
1.11 Checklist for New Installations

This checklist provides you with a list of tasks which must be completed by most customers installing the solution for the first time. Take a copy of this checklist and work your way through this deployment guide.

High level task list	Comments
Infrastructure requirements and firewall rules	
Obtain SMPP credentials from a certified SMS Service provider	
Preparing your SMS server	
Installation Folders	
Setup of SMS Databases in SQL Server	
Install SMS Console	
Installing the SMS Windows Services	
Starting Services	
Test Tool	
Health Service	
Establish your support internal and external support arrangements	
Review Knowledge base https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au	

SECTION 2 Overall architecture

2.1 Conceptual overview diagram



Refer to the public KB. <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/admin-guides>

Refer to the public KB. <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/sqlinterface>

2.2 SMTP Email based applications

BNS Enterprise SMS Server continues to support customers with on-premises Exchange based systems where applications and users send and receive via SMTP Connectors within the Exchange Email system.

As customers migrate their work loads to AWS, they are modernizing their approach to high availability and scalability in the cloud.

BNS recommends that customers using SMTP consider migrating to use the new SQL interface as the API rather than SMTP.

2.3 SQL API

BNS introduced an SQL based API in 2021 allowing customers to use SQL as a method to send and receive SMS messages.

Application developers probably use SQL already. SQL offers organisations a secure and high availability platform for fast processing of SMS content delivery.

SQL allows rich data analytics to be used leveraging meta data held in your database for every SMS transaction.

2.4 End users and Outlook

Microsoft Outlook coupled with Office 365 Exchange online is popular for enterprise customers.

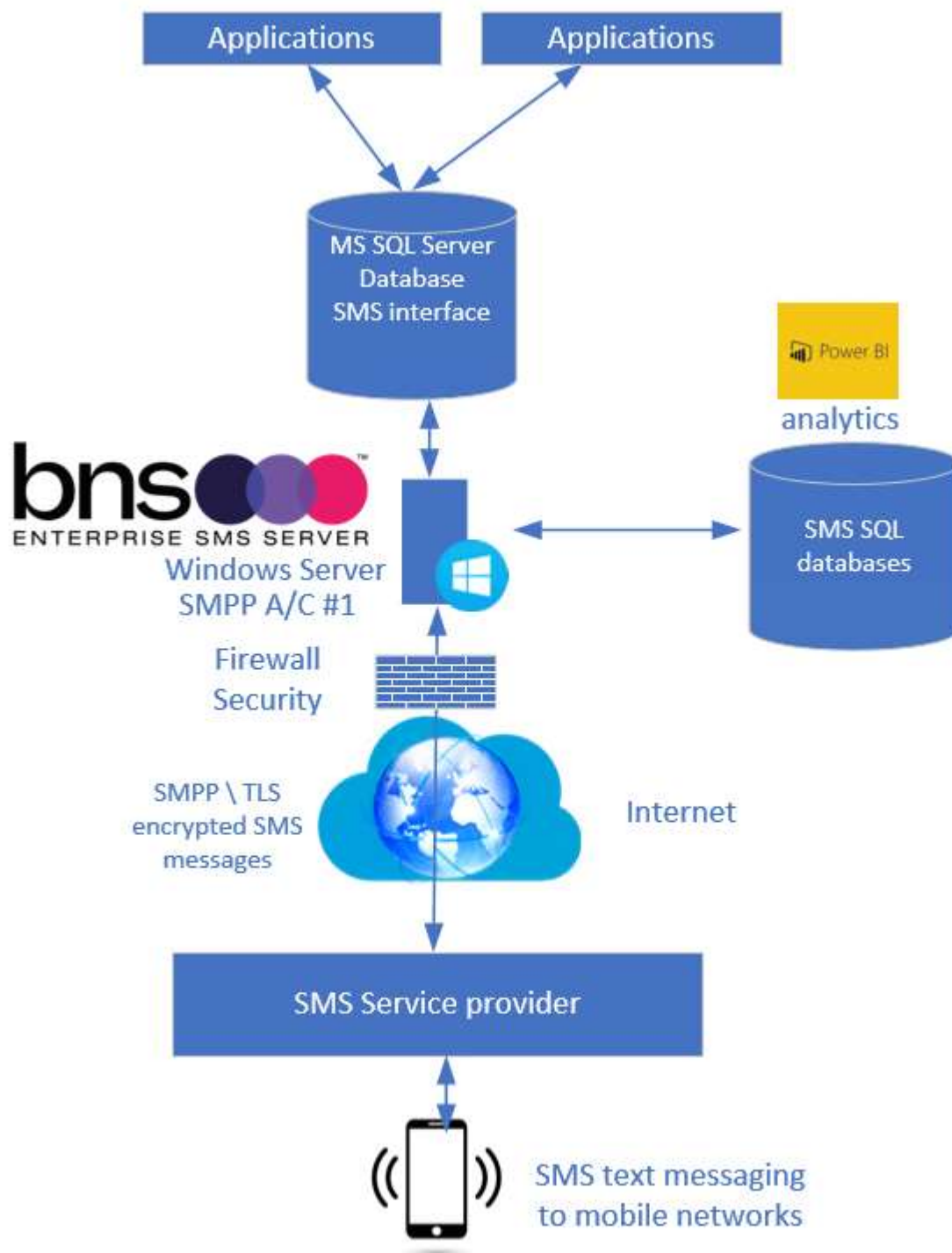
BNS Enterprise SMS Server supports Microsoft's recommendations to use the Microsoft Graph API when developing any application working with their cloud based solutions.

Selected end users or shared mailboxes can be offered one-way or two-way SMS

messaging from Office 365.

SECTION 3 SQL API Architecture

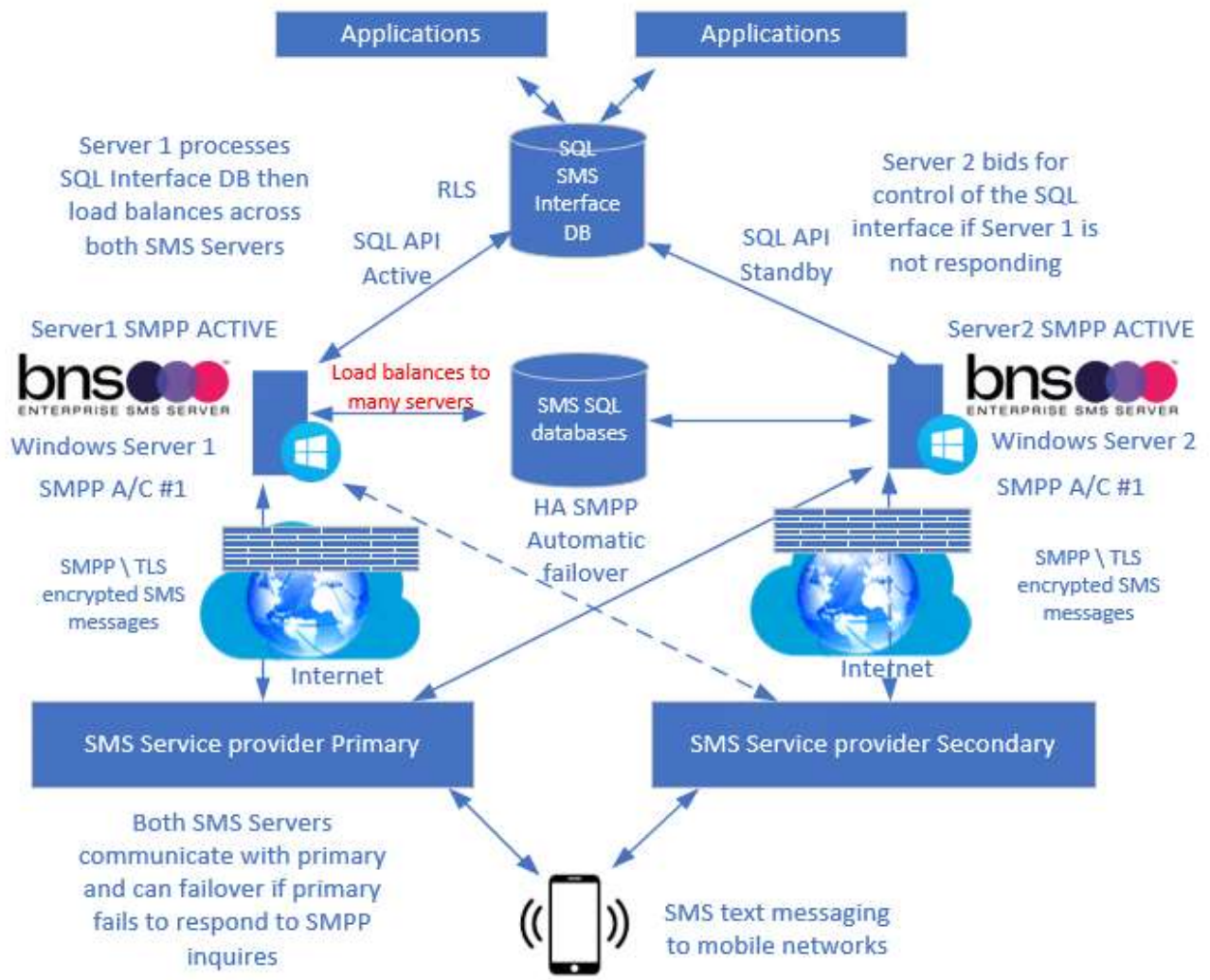
3.1 Simple design



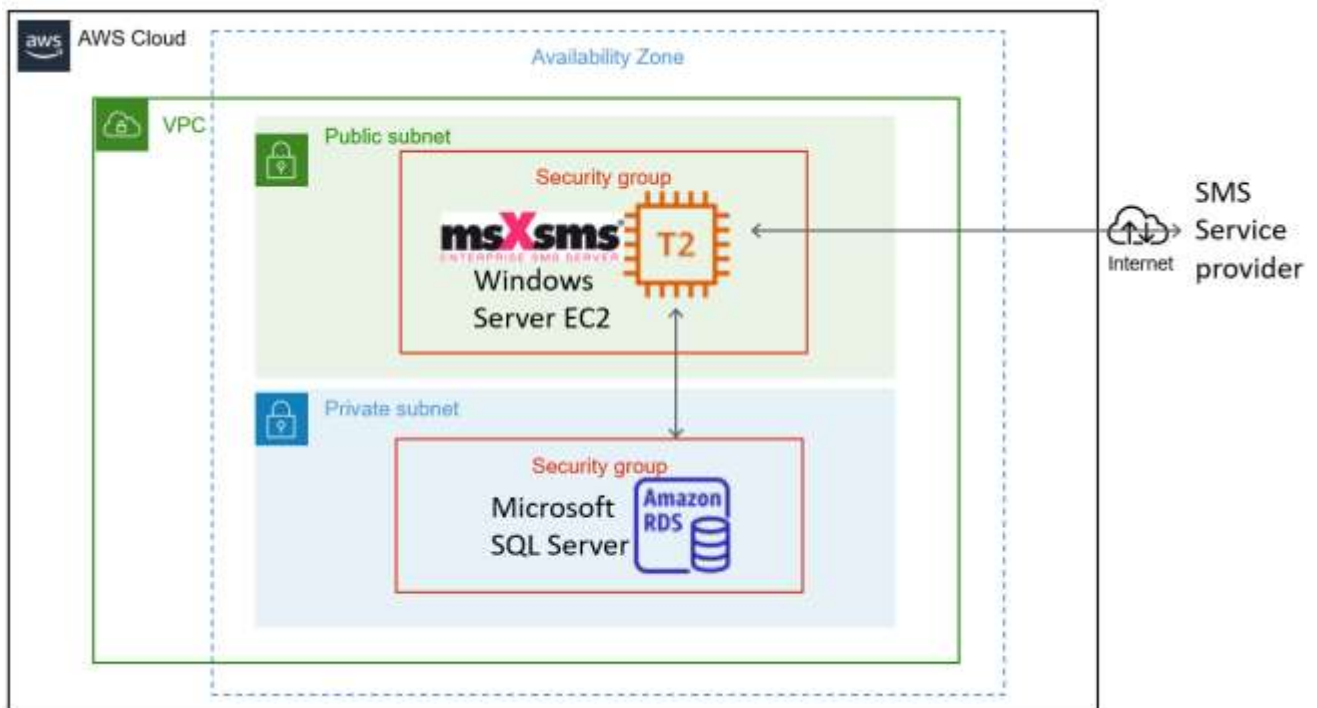
3.2 High availability design

Best Practice Design SQL API design

1 x SMPP account for HA inbound SMS and Delivery receipts
SQL API Server with 'ANY Server' load balance across both servers




3.3 AWS simple implementation architecture



A simple AWS implementation requires the following:

- 1 EC2 windows server instance in a public subnet. Windows server 2016, 2019, 2022 or better
- 1 x elastic fixed public IP is **optional** depending on SMS Service provider and your own security needs.
- 1 x SMPP Account with a SMS Service provider which BNS has tested with.
- 1 x Microsoft SQL Server or SQL Express AWS Relational Database Service
- License and service agreements with BNS Group and SMS Service provider

 Refer to section 1.5.1 for sizing of EC2 instance and RDS database

Windows Domain

The Windows server can be in an Active Directory domain or standalone server in a workgroup.

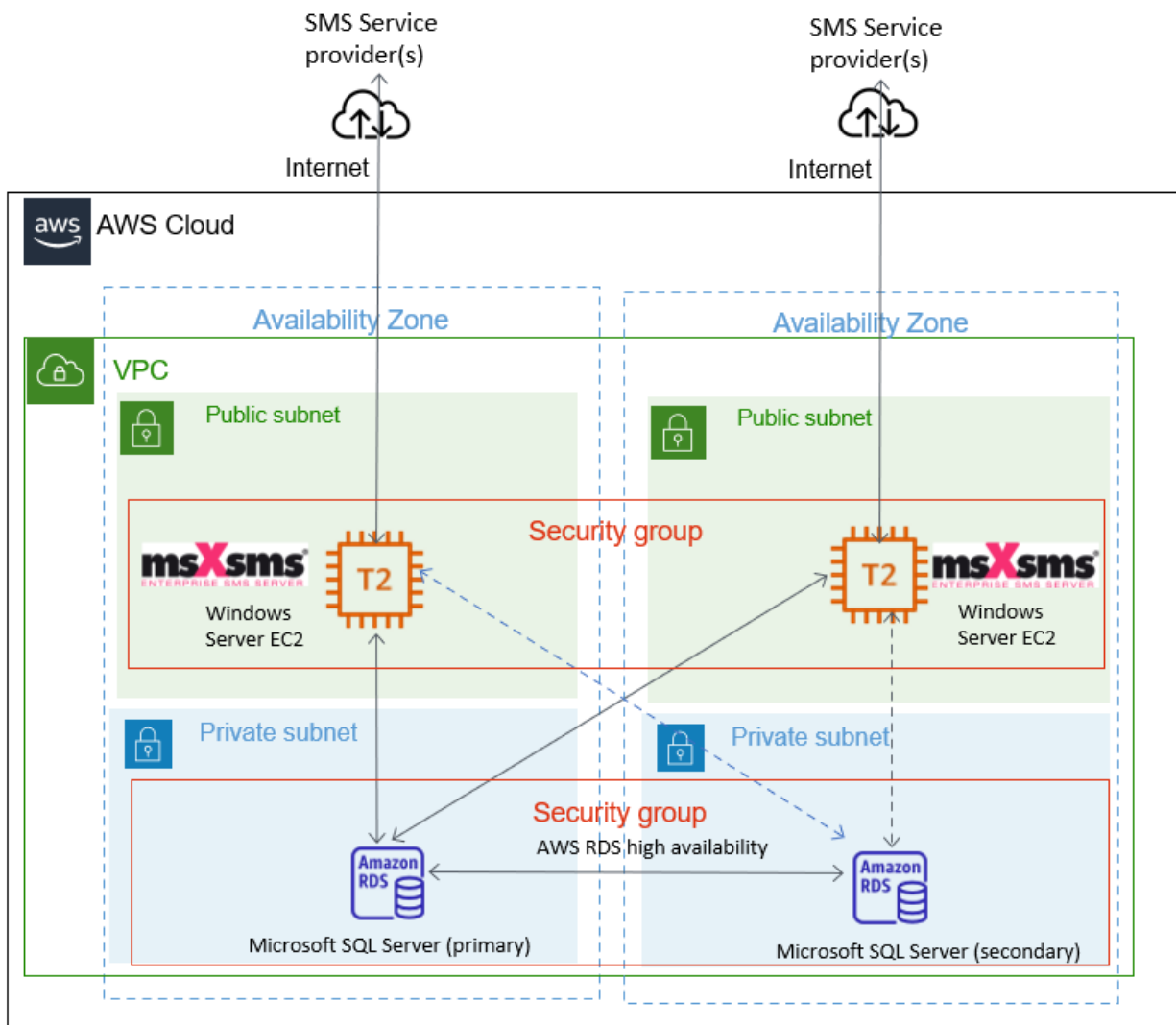
SQL permissions

The SMS Server software can use Windows authentication or SQL Local user authentication to access Microsoft SQL Server.

SMTP sending email

Office 365 secure SMTP\TLS is the default for sending error messages to system administrators. Other SMTP options exist for example sending to an internal SMTP Server.

3.4 AWS High Availability Architecture



High availability requires the following:

- 2 EC2 windows server instance in a public subnet(s). Windows server 2016, 2019, 2022 or better
- 2 x elastic fixed public IP is optional depending on SMS Service provider and your own security needs.
- Minimum of 1 x SMPP Account with 1 x SMS Service provider which BNS has tested with.
- High availability Microsoft SQL Server multi-AZ.
- Minimum of 1 x Microsoft SQL Server Database Service
- License and service agreements with BNS Group and at least 1 SMS Service provider.

The above diagram shows 2 SMS servers in different availability zones accessing Microsoft SQL Server in zone 1. Zone 2 has a secondary SQL server which can be

automatically activated by the AWS RDS service within a few minutes.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server software automatically attempts to reconnect to the AWS RDS SQL Server end point connection string allowing the use of a secondary AWS RDS SQL Server in another zone.

Windows Domain

The Windows server can be in an Active Directory domain or standalone.

AWS EC2 instance sizing

Refer to section 4.1.1 for sizing. 2 x EC2 instances T3.2XLarge is recommended for large enterprise.

SQL permissions

BNS Enterprise SMS Server software can use Windows authentication or SQL Local user authentication to access Microsoft SQL Server.

SMTP sending email

Office 365 secure SMTP\TLS is the default for sending error messages to system administrators. Other SMTP options exist for example sending to an internal SMTP Server.

3.4.1 Other options

- Multi-AZ recommended but you could use multiple SMS servers in a single AZ.
- 1 x AWS RDS Service – Microsoft SQL Server configured according to the level of availability required by the customer
- Agreements with BNS Group and at least 1 x SMS Service provider

Notes:

1. Customer can use a single SMS service provider in this design.
2. 2 or more EC2 windows servers provide high availability processing across 1 or more SMS service providers.
3. Business applications are responsible for processing their own SMS data from the SMS-SQL-API Database. Each business application has its own ID to identify which transactions belong to their application.

SECTION 4 Infrastructure

4.1 Infrastructure requirements

4.1.1 Minimum AWS pre-requisites and requirements (Single AZ)

AWS service	Size \ type	Comments
EC2 instance type startup business	T2.Large	8GB RAM with 2 x vcpu
EC2 instance type large enterprise business	T3.2xLarge	32GB RAM with 8 vcpu
AMI type	AWS AMI Windows Server 2016 standard or better	
RDS MS SQL	AWS RDS Microsoft SQL Server	SQL Express can be used for proof of concepts only
Subnets	Public subnet for EC2 instance Private subnet for MS SQL Server	

Description	Requirement	Comments
Operating system	Windows Server 2016, 2019, 2022	
SMPP SMS protocols	SMPP\TLS	TLS 1.2
Directory services	Active Directory (optional)	If not available then a local user service account can be used
SQL Server	Microsoft SQL Server in a single availability zone	AWS RDS SQL Express is supported for proof of concepts
Email & DNS	On-premises Exchange mailbox or Office 365 email account for use by the SMS software for alerting administrators	DNS is required to resolve smtp.office365.com if using Office 365.

Firewall rules	Allow outgoing SMPP protocol on specific ports for bi-directional SMS communications	If outgoing rules are required, the firewall team will be required to allow outgoing SMPP protocol on a port from internal IP addresses to external IP addresses. Contact BNS for further information.
----------------	--	--

4.2 SQL Server

SQL Server software specifications

Software	Mandatory or optional	AWS RDS Service
Microsoft SQL Server	Mandatory	The SMS Software supports all versions of Microsoft SQL Server. AWS RDS Multi-AZ is supported. For more information about Multi-AZ deployments for AWS RDS for Microsoft SQL Server refer to Multi-AZ deployments for Amazon RDS for Microsoft SQL Server - Amazon Relational Database Service

4.2.1 Minimum AWS RDS MS SQL Server requirement

RDS MS SQL Express is the minimum requirement for a single-AZ deployment ideal for proof of concepts only.

RDS MS SQL Server is required for production deployments in a single-AZ.

4.2.2 AWS RDS Sql Server best practices on how Multi AZ works

- RDS Multi-AZ deployments provide high availability and automatic failover support for DB instances
- Multi-AZ helps improve the durability and availability of a critical system, enhancing availability during planned system maintenance, DB instance failure, and Availability Zone disruption.
- RDS automatically creates a primary DB Instance and synchronously replicates the data to a standby instance in a different AZ.
- RDS performs an automatic failover to the standby, so that database operations can be resumed as soon as the failover is complete.
- RDS Multi-AZ deployment maintains the same endpoint for the DB Instance after a failover, so the application can resume database operation without the need for manual administrative intervention.
- **Multi-AZ is a High Availability feature and NOT a scaling solution for read-only scenarios; a standby replica can't be used to serve read traffic. To service read-only traffic, use a Read Replica.**
- For more information refer to https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/USER_SQLServerMultiAZ.html

4.2.3 AWS RDS SQL Server version support

The solution supports currently available versions (2016, 2017, 2019) of Amazon RDS Microsoft SQL Server

(https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_SQLServer.html)

BNS has tested Microsoft SQL Server 2022 on Windows Server 2022. As AWS release RDS SQL Server 2022, BNS will test that version of RDS.

Newer versions of RDS Microsoft SQL Server will be tested as soon as possible after released by AWS.

4.2.4 Deploying RDS SQL Server

To deploy RDS SQL Server, the high level steps are –

1. Navigate to RDS console in the AWS Management console and hit Create Database
2. Choose Microsoft SQL Server, Amazon RDS and appropriate SQL Server edition. The software works well with the Express edition.
3. Choose SQL Server version and provide a name in the DB instance identifier.
4. Provide credential information and choose a suitable instance class. Choose storage type and the allocated storage.
5. Software Server supports both single-AZ as well as Multi-AZ RDS instance. Choose the deployment type as per your preference.
6. Keep Public access as 'No' as per security best practice. The RDS instance do not need to be accessible from the Internet.
7. Choose the VPC and the Security groups.
8. Enable Performance Insights to monitor the database load
9. Validate rest of the options and hit Create Database to launch RDS instance.

For step by steps to launch RDS instance, refer to the AWS tutorial -

<https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/hands-on/create-microsoft-sql-db/>.

For additional details on RDS SQL server, please refer to the AWS public documentation -

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_SQLServer.html

4.2.5 RDS Connectivity from SMS Servers

BNS Enterprise SMS Server SQL drivers supports both - Single-AZ as well as Multi-AZ RDS SQL Server.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server uses the RDS SQL Server endpoint in the connection string.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server SQL driver doesn't support MultiSubnetFailover for

RDS Multi-AZ but retries the connection during the database failover and re-connects automatically post failover.

4.2.6 AWS RDS SQL Database monitoring

The RDS SQL Server can be monitored using AWS CloudWatch or any other 3rd party tool of your preference. As a best practice, you should monitor and create alarms for the following events –

- Availability – The availability of the RDS SQL server and any event of failover, reboot, deletion or maintenance.
- Configuration Change – Any change in the configuration like instance class change, security group or parameter group change should be monitored
- Low Storage – The storage should be monitored to avoid any disruption
- Performance – The performance must be monitored using Cloudwatch metrics like CPU utilization, Freeable memory, IOPS and latency.

For Database load monitoring, Performance insights should be enabled and monitored.

For details on the monitoring tools & the event notification provided by AWS, please refer to the AWS public documentation –

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/MonitoringOverview.html>

4.2.7 AWS RDS SQL Database troubleshooting

In an unlikely event of disruption to the service both the Database and Application should be checked and troubleshooted. High level steps to troubleshoot the RDS SQL Server instance are –

- Check for RDS events related to availability, reboot or failure
- Try connecting to the RDS instance manually
- Check performance metrics and performance insights to rule out heavy load issue
- Check the events related to security group to make sure that the security groups haven't changed.

Refer to the AWS troubleshooting guide to troubleshoot common scenarios –

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_Troubleshooting.html

4.2.8 To launch EC2 instance Windows Server

BNS Enterprise SMS Server software will be installed on the Virtual server. Launch 2 x EC2 servers to deploy the solution in high availability configuration. The high level steps to launch EC2 server are - as below -

- Open the Amazon EC2 console in AWS Management console
- In the navigation bar at the top of the screen, the current AWS Region is displayed . Make sure it is displaying the correct region.
- From the Amazon EC2 console dashboard, choose Launch instance.
- Under Name and tags, for Name, enter a descriptive name for your instance.
- Under Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image), choose Quick Start, and then choose the windows operating system (OS) for your instance.
- Under Key pair (login), for Key pair name, choose an existing key pair or create a new one.
- In the Summary panel, choose Launch instance.

For further details on launching EC2, please refer to AWS Public documentation - <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/ec2-launch-instance-wizard.html>

4.3 SQL Server Database creation

This is documented in section 8 of this guide. Section 7 installs the software on the SMS Windows server which makes available the SQL DDL scripts required by the SQL admin to create the databases.

4.4 Availability zones

BNS Enterprise SMS Servers can be deployed in a single availability zone or across multiple availability zones (Multi-AZ).

High performance access to SQL Server is required.

Deployment across multiple regions would best be implemented using an instance of the SMS servers and databases within a region. This provides optimal performance for high speed SMS messaging for an enterprise.

4.5 Connectivity to SMS Network Service providers

4.5.1 Encryption of SMS data over the Internet

The software uses SMPP\TLS to encrypt the data. TLS version 1.2 min is used.

4.6 SMS Service Account

A single SMS Service Account is required for use by ALL SMS Servers.

- Create a user account for the service using Active Directory users and computers or for a non-active directory implementation use a local user using computer management.
- Assign permissions to the service account to enable SMS Windows services to access: AD/DNS, SQL databases.
- This service account must be added to the local administrators group of the SMS server.

4.7 Deployment effort & resources

Depending on the complexity of your design and security determines the amount of time required to deploy a full solution.

A simple deployment with 1 SMS Server in 1 availability zone could be setup within 1 week if SQL admins, security teams, firewall teams etc all work together to implement the required components, firewall rules and other components required for a proof of concept.

AWS links for provisioning <https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/getting-started/>
https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_GettingStarted.CreatingConnecting.SQLServer.html

Enterprise designs for production typically take a long time for many reasons.

Skills and Resources required:

- General AWS cloud administration skills
- AWS networking skills

- Amazon EC2 skills
- Amazon RDS database skills
- Windows Server administrator skills
- Windows Active Directory knowledge (if AD is used)
- AWS network security skills

Summary:

- SQL Administrator to setup 3 databases on Microsoft SQL Server. Standard DDL scripts are provided for the SQL admin to execute when the databases have been created.
- Windows server deployment team to deploy 1 or more SMS Servers. For example EC2 instance in AWS using Windows Server 2022 Base AMI.
- Security team – to understand what if any outgoing port rules are required for internal SMS Windows servers to communicate with SMS Service providers.
- Legal – to contract with BNS or its partners for server licensing, support and maintenance.

4.8 Certified SMS Service providers

The SMS software has been fully tested with SINCH and MessageMedia.

www.sinch.com

www.messagemedia.com

Both companies provide global coverage for SMS delivery.

Primary AWS region supported is ap-southeast-2

4.8.1 Other SMPP service providers

SMPP version 3.4 is an industry standard. However, there are many considerations regarding inter-operability and optional implementations within the standard.

BNS has tested with many service providers. For more information contact our support team.

4.9 AWS Security

4.9.1 IAM roles

To deploy an EC2 Windows Server instance will require an IAM role with the least privilege permissions policy. The policy is documented in section 4.9.3 below.

You may already have an IAM role already configured for this purpose. If not create an IAM role called "Deploy EC2 Instance for SMS Server".

For more information on IAM Roles refer to this link

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/id_roles.html

To deploy the associated AWS RDS MS SQL Database will require an IAM role with the least privilege permissions policy. The policy is documented in section 4.9.5 below.

You may already have an IAM role already configured for this purpose. If not create an IAM role called "Deploy RDS MS SQL Server for SMS Server".

-
- ❗ EC2 Windows administration is performed using Windows local or Active Directory user logins to the Windows Server.
 - ❗ RDS MS SQL Database administration is managed using Microsoft SQL Management Studio. SQL Server authentication is required.
-

4.9.2 AWS Managed policies

AWS recommend using policies that [grant least privilege](#), or granting only the permissions required to perform a task. The most secure way to grant least privilege is to write a custom policy with only the permissions needed by your team. You must create a process to allow your team to request more permissions when necessary. It takes time and expertise to [create IAM customer managed policies](#) that provide your team with only the permissions they need.

There are two AWS managed policies AdministratorAccess and DatabaseAdministrator which are documented in this link

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/access_policies_job-functions.html

These two AWS managed policies can be used as a base to create new policies customising them for least privileges for managing EC2 instances and RDS MS SQL databases.

4.9.3 To launch EC2 instance Windows Server

To complete a launch successfully, users must be given permission to use the `ec2:RunInstances` API action, and at least the following API actions:

- `ec2:DescribeImages`: To view and select an AMI.
- `ec2:DescribeInstanceTypes`: To view and select an instance type.
- `ec2:DescribeVpcs`: To view the available network options.
- `ec2:DescribeSubnets`: To view all available subnets for the chosen VPC.
- `ec2:DescribeSecurityGroups` or `ec2:CreateSecurityGroup`: To view and select an existing security group, or to create a new one.
- `ec2:DescribeKeyPairs` or `ec2:CreateKeyPair`: To select an existing key pair, or to create a new one.
- `ec2:AuthorizeSecurityGroupIngress`: To add inbound rules.

For more information refer to

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/iam-policies-ec2-console.html#ex-launch-wizard>

4.9.4 JSON Policy to launch EC2

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "ec2:DescribeInstances",
        "ec2:DescribeImages",
        "ec2:DescribeInstanceTypes",
        "ec2:DescribeKeyPairs",
        "ec2:DescribeVpcs",
        "ec2:DescribeSubnets",
        "ec2:DescribeSecurityGroups",
        "ec2:CreateSecurityGroup",
```

```

        "ec2:AuthorizeSecurityGroupIngress",
        "ec2:CreateKeyPair"
    ],
    "Resource": "*"
},
{
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": "ec2:RunInstances",
    "Resource": "*"
}
]
}

```

For more information refer to [Example policies for working in the Amazon EC2 console - Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud](#)

4.9.5 Policy to grant permission to create a RDS DB instance and isn't Multi-az

```

{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Sid": "AllowMSSQLCreate",
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": "rds:CreateDBInstance",
            "Resource": "*",
            "Condition": {
                "StringEquals": {
                    "rds:DatabaseEngine": "mssql"
                }
            },
        },
    ],
}

```

```

    "Bool": {
        "rds:MultiAz": false
    }
}
}
]
}

```

4.9.6 Other security considerations

The only permissions required are those permissions required to create SQL Databases and EC2 instances.

- SMS Software does not require AWS root privileges for deployment or operation.
- SMS Software requires the permissions described in this document which include SQL Access and access by its windows services to access the Windows Server files and folders.
- No public resources such as S3 buckets
- No keys are required other than the initial EC2 instance for windows which the EC2 customer administrator has and secures.
- RDS SQL local user credentials are required during the installation. These are provided by the RDS SQL administrator to the installation team.
- No specific outgoing network security group rules are required if the default policy allowing ALL outgoing traffic from the public subnet NSG is allowed.
- No specific incoming network security group rules for the public subnet are required for the SMS software to operate.
- Sensitive data is secured within SQL Server databases
- SMS Software encrypts data in transit between AWS and SMS Service providers using SMPP\TLS. TLS version 1.2 and 1.3 is supported.

4.9.7 AWS Encryption EC2 – SMS Windows Server

Amazon EBS encryption is a straight-forward encryption solution for your EBS resources associated with your EC2 instances. With Amazon EBS encryption, you aren't required to build, maintain, and secure your own key management infrastructure. Amazon EBS encryption uses AWS KMS keys when creating encrypted volumes and snapshots.

For more information refer to AWS documentation at the link below:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/EBSEncryption.html>

4.9.8 AWS Encryption RDS – SMS Data stored in Microsoft SQL Server

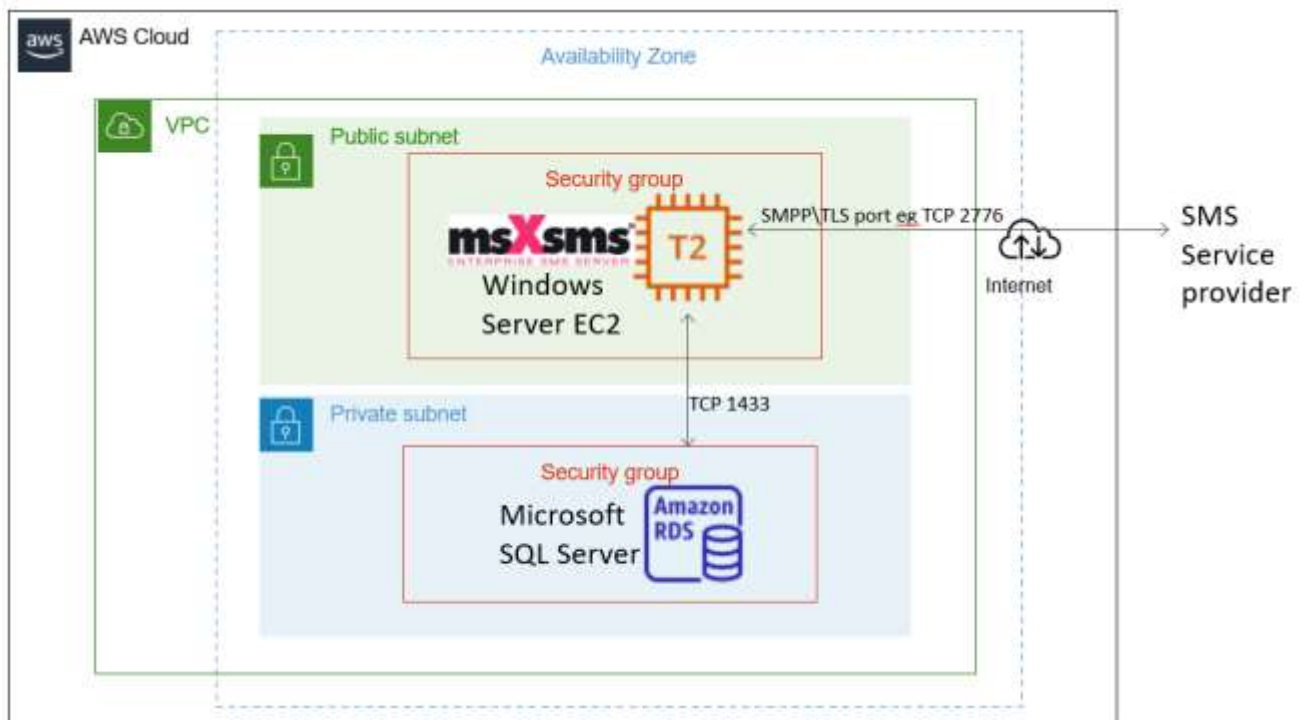
Amazon RDS can encrypt your Amazon RDS DB instances. Data that is encrypted at rest includes the underlying storage for DB instances, its automated backups, read replicas, and snapshots.

Amazon RDS encrypted DB instances use the industry standard AES-256 encryption algorithm to encrypt your data on the server that hosts your Amazon RDS DB instances. After your data is encrypted, Amazon RDS handles authentication of access and decryption of your data transparently with a minimal impact on performance.

For more information refer to AWS documentation at the link below:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/Overview.Encryption.html>

4.9.9 AWS architecture – Security Groups and Network ACLs



4.9.9.1 Network ACLs

Network ACLs in the public subnet must allow for traffic to flow between the Internet and the public subnet. A VPC public subnet with an Internet gateway is generally configured to allow all traffic to flow in and out of the public subnet. Customers use Security Groups to control access to the EC2 Windows Server hosting the SMS software and the Internet

4.9.9.2 Security Groups

Public Subnet Security Group

A security group is required for the public subnet to control access to\from the Internet.

Below shows an example of an outbound security group for the EC2 Windows SMS server allowing all traffic outbound to the Internet.



SMPP\TLS security

The SMS Server establishes an outbound connection to a SMS Service provider using a port they support for SMPP with TLS encryption.

-
- ⓘ SMS Service providers do not make any inbound connections to the SMS Server. BNS Enterprise SMS Server uses separate SMPP Transmitter and SMPP Receiver binds. Connection is established from the SMS software to the SMS service provider for both SMPP Transmitter and SMPP Receiver binds.
-

Inbound security group rules (public subnet)

As mentioned above, no inbound custom rules are required between the SMS Service provider on the Internet and the SMS Server on the VPC public subnet.

RDS DB instance security group rules

The DB instance running on RDS MS SQL Server only needs to be available to the SMS Server, and not to the public Internet, a customer will create a VPC with both public and private subnets. The SMS server is hosted in the public subnet, so that it can reach the public Internet.

The DB instance is hosted in a private subnet. The SMS Server is able to connect to the DB instance because it is hosted within the same VPC, but the DB instance is not available to the public Internet, providing greater security.

Security group rules need to be set to allow inbound custom rules from the public subnet to the private subnet.

Create the rules between security groups is well documented at https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_Tutorials.WebServerDB.CreateVPC.html

Inbound security group rules to RDS MS SQL Server

An inbound rule must be created to allow access from your EC2 Windows SMS Server.

Details

Security group name RDS Network Security Group Example	Security group ID sg-05de54c...	Description RDS Network Security Group Example MS SQL and SMS Server permission	VPC ID vpc-0a7f1c72
Owner aws-account-123456789012	Inbound rules count 1 Permission entry	Outbound rules count 1 Permission entry	

Inbound rules

Outbound rules

Tags

You can now check network connectivity with Reachability Analyzer

Run Reachability Analyzer

Inbound rules (1/1)

Filter security group rules

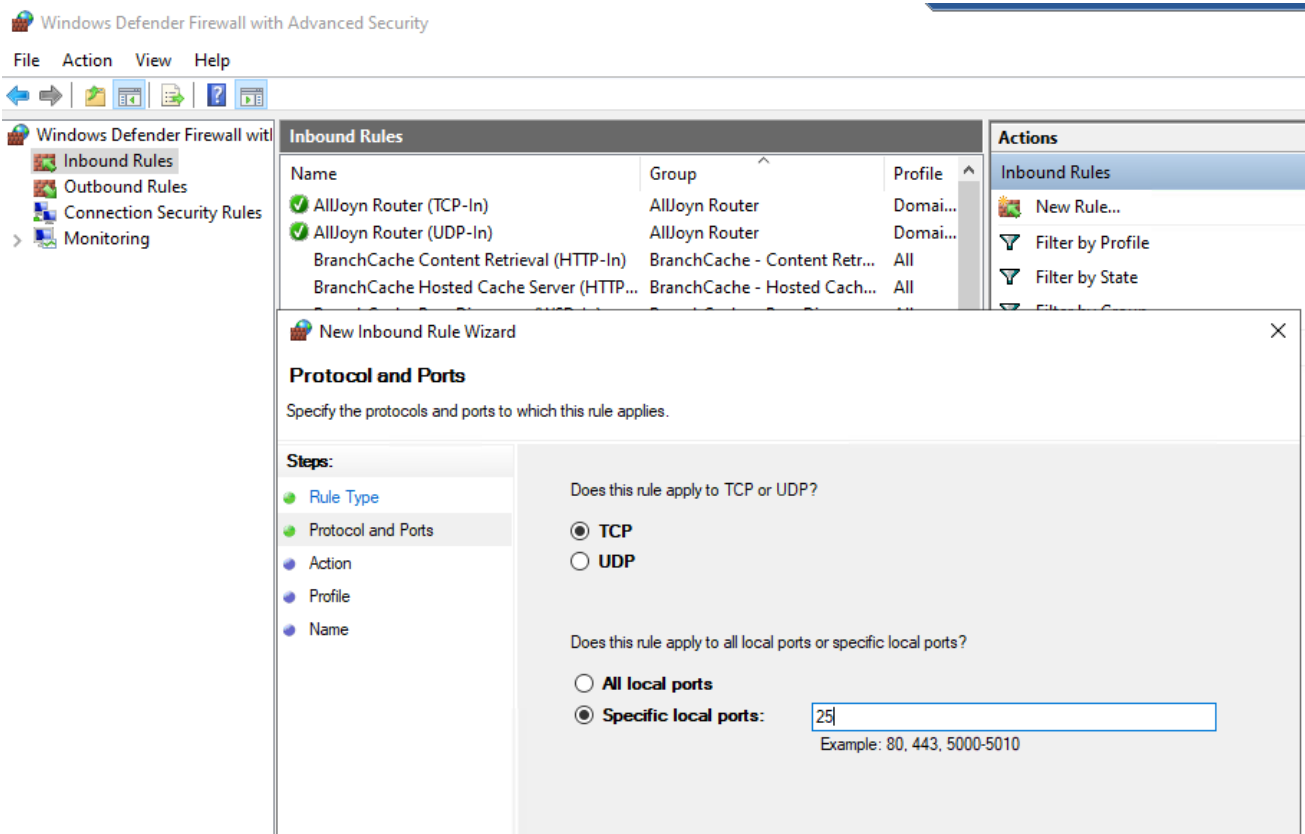
Manage tags

	Name	Security group rule	IP version	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		sg-0ea71c72		MSSQL	TCP	1433	sg-0ff854ae4eb78662...	Inbound SQL access to RDS MS SQL

SECTION 5 Preparing your SMS server

5.1 Windows Server Operating System

- Perform a typical installation of Windows Server in a domain if you have an Active Directory domain. The software can work without a domain such as in a DMZ.
- If your design has on-premises Exchange then allow port 25 inbound on the SMS Server. There is a whitelist option to allow only connections from specific IP addresses in the smsboot.ini file.



- Example above is Windows Defender firewall allow inbound rule port 25

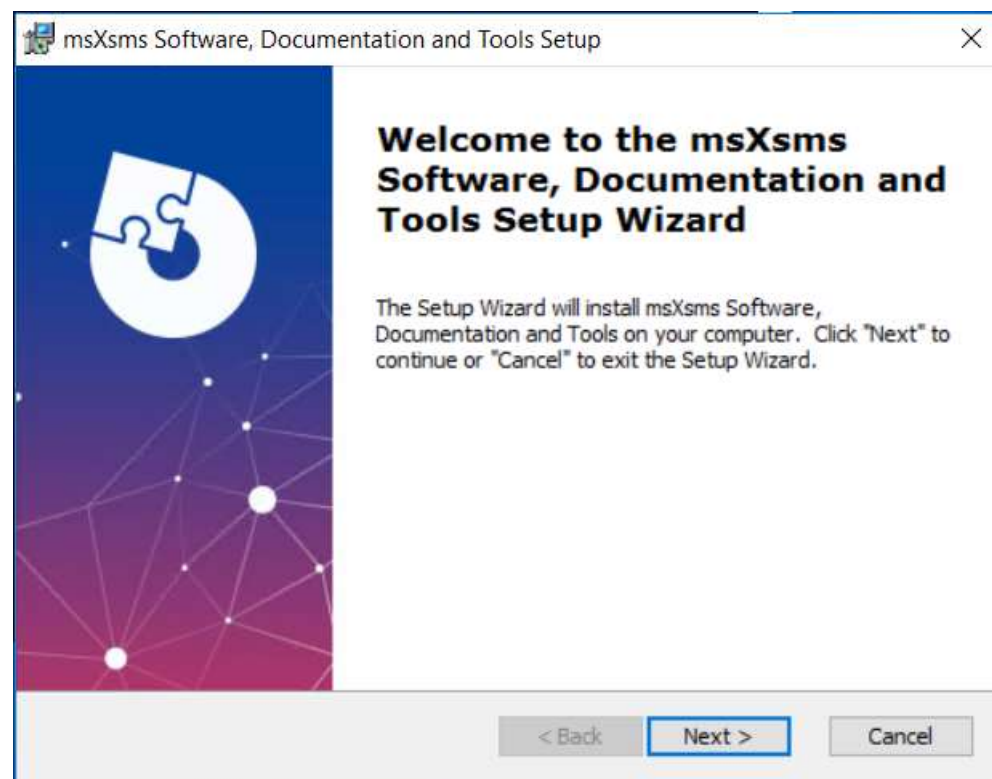
SECTION 6 Installation folders

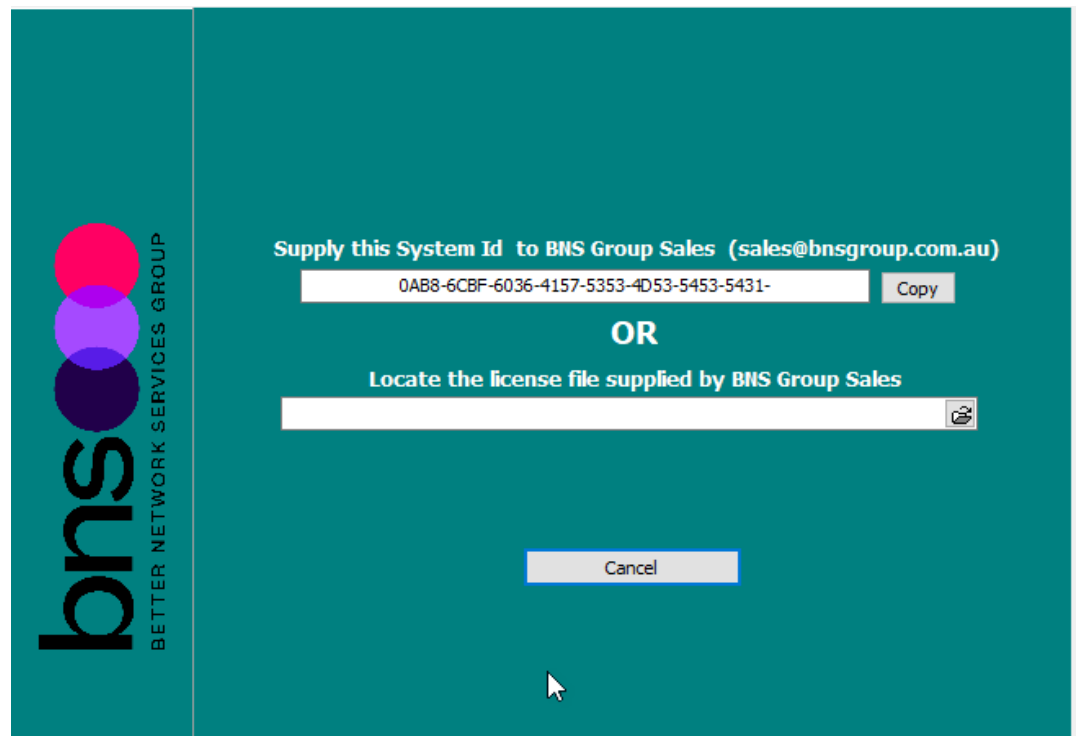
6.1 Installing the installation files

Note:

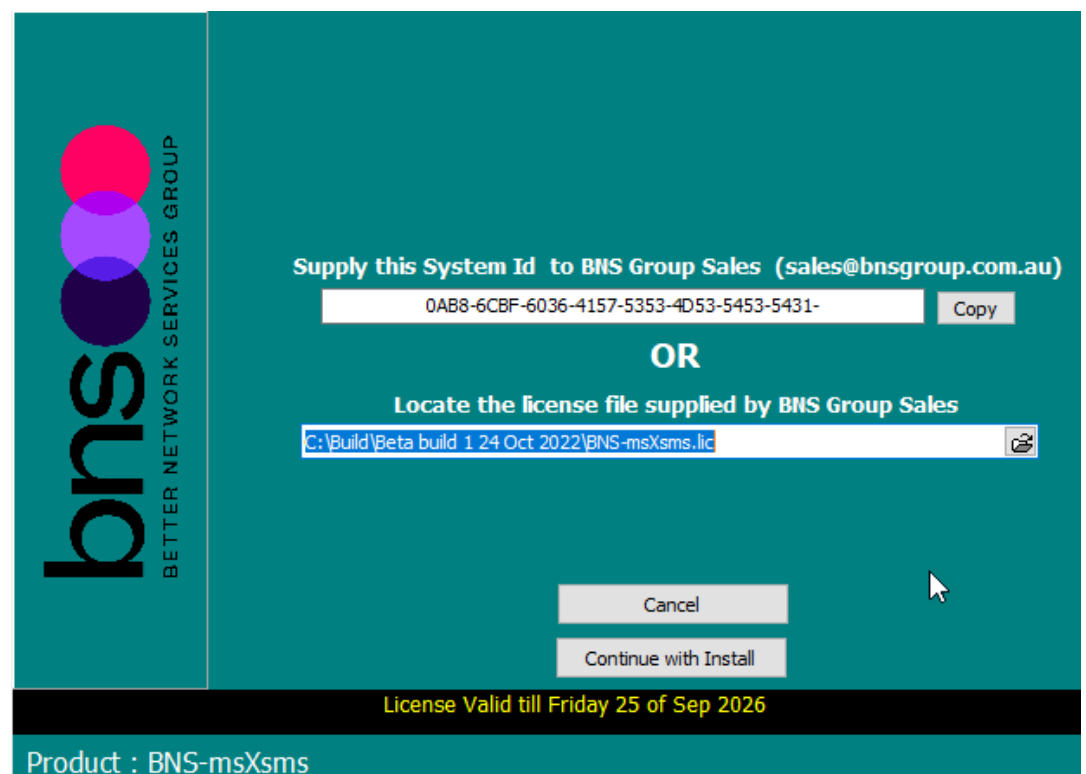
This step is required first because it extracts the SQL scripts available along with other files.

- Download the SMS Software from <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/downloadV2>
- Extract the files to a location on the Windows Server where you will install the software.
- Run the command prompt elevated (Right click the Start icon and select Command Prompt (Admin))
- From within the command prompt run the MSI Installer install_sms.msi
- Follow the wizard.

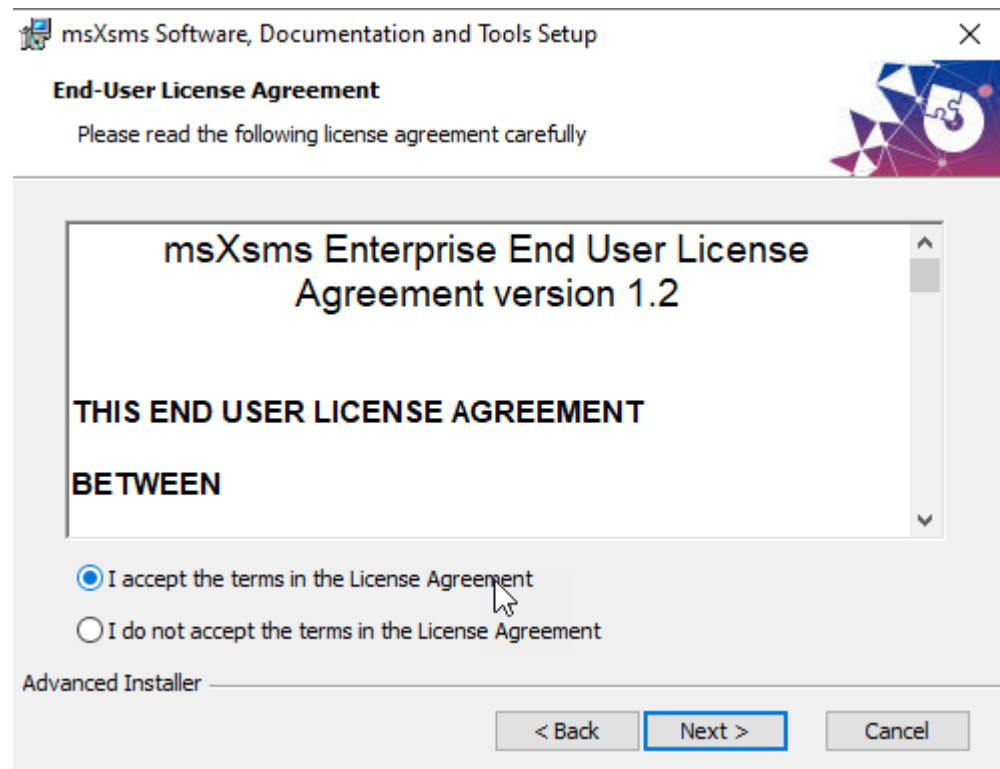




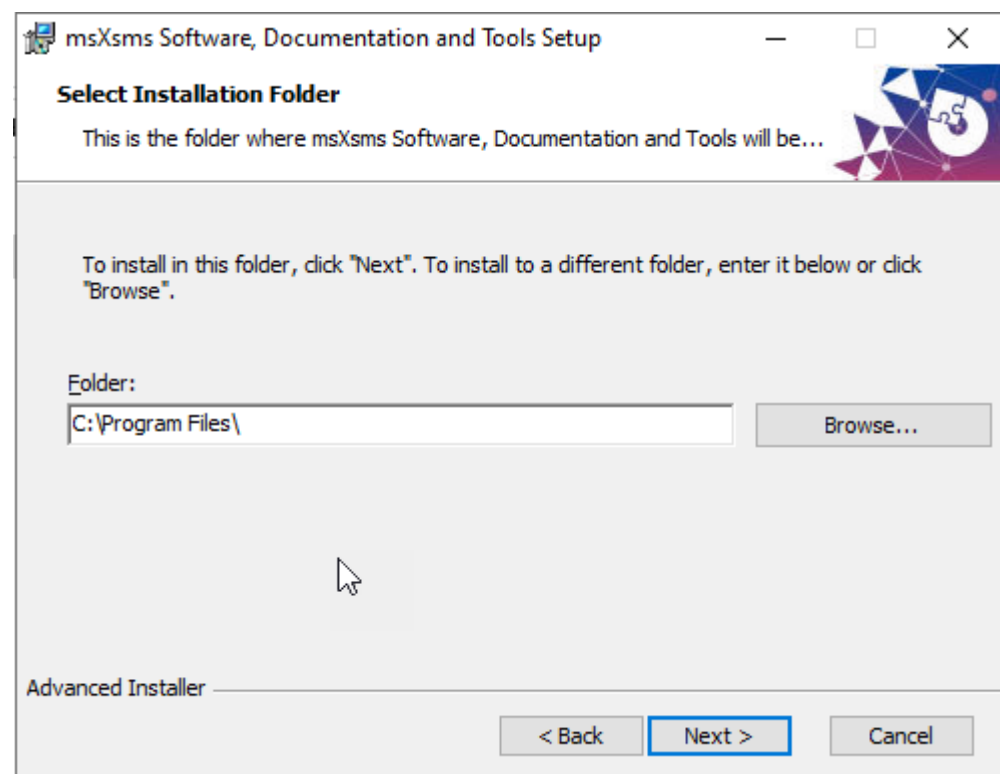
- A license file is required at installation time. Contact your integration partner for a limited trial license or a production license key. The System ID is displayed on the wizard and will be required for a license key to be generated.
- Example shown below.

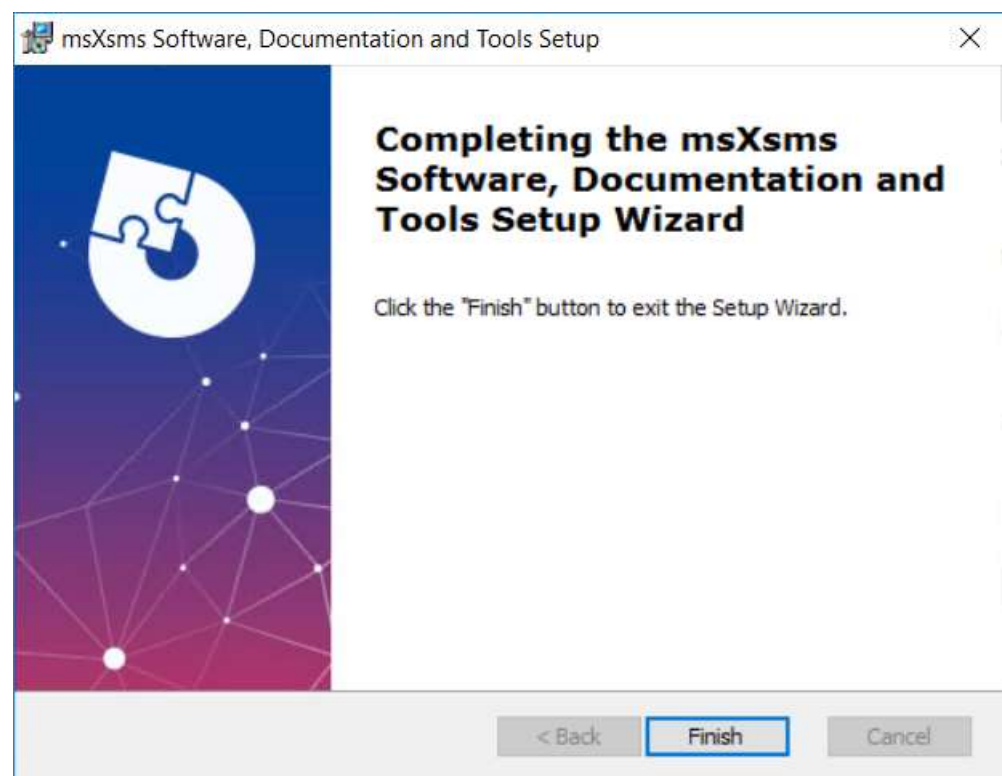
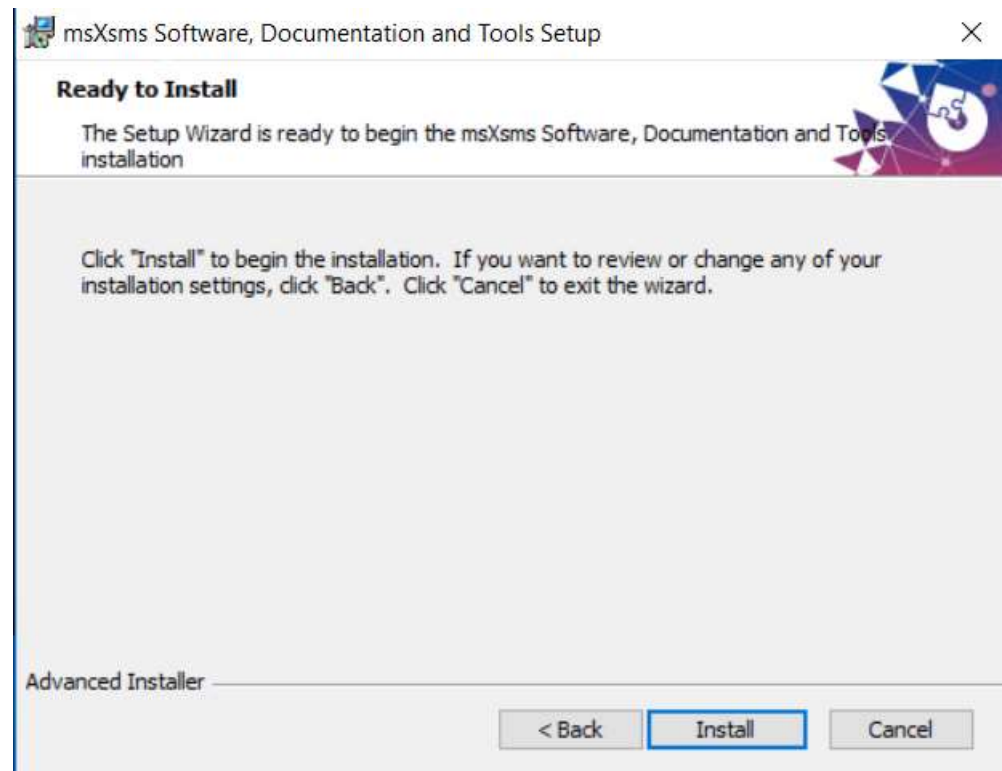


- Press continue



- Change the driver letter only if you have an application volume.

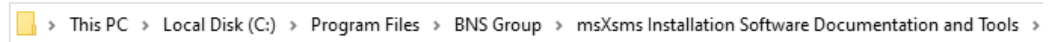




- A license key is required at installation time. Contact your integration partner for a limited trial license or a production license key. The System ID is displayed on the wizard and will be required for a license key to be generated.

msXsms Installation Software Documentation and Tools

Share View



	Name	Date modified	Type	Size
ss	EULA	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
its	msXsms Reporting	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
ds	msXsms Software	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
	msXsms TestFrame	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
	NT Events	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
	SQL DDL Scripts	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	
	WebConsole IIS Components	24/10/2022 11:50 AM	File folder	

Note: msXsms reporting to be called msXsms Analytics

Web console to be called Cloud Console IIS Components

SECTION 7 Setup databases in AWS RDS Microsoft SQL Server

-
- ❗ Most enterprise customers already have a central SQL Server platform which should be used. Microsoft SQL Server and SQL Express are supported in AWS. SQL Express is only to be used for proof of concepts
-

AWS RDS MS SQL Server endpoint and port information is available in the AWS Console under RDS, Databases.

-
- ❗ AWS RDS endpoint connection string must be used. Do not use the Listener endpoint.
-

If you wish to deploy a new Amazon RDS for SQL Server instance then please follow the AWS guide at -

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_GettingStarted.CreatingConnecting.SQLServer.html

For high availability, deploy Multi-AZ RDS

(https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/USER_SQLServerMultiAZ.html)


-
- ❗ Security best practice is to not allow public access to your AWS RDS SQL Server.
-

The high availability configuration is discussed in section 4.4 in detail.

7.1 SQL Server Database creation and sizing

Table 4: SQL Server database capacity planning

Database	Est transaction storage	Size of database	Comments
sms-archive	1 million records	1.3GB Initial sizing depends on expected total number of transactions.	This includes index space.
sms-current	Cleared daily	200MB for small installations 600MB for large installations	This database contains transient data only. Information is moved to the archive early hours the following day.
SMS-SQL-API	Transient, cleared as transactions are processed	400MB initial size	This database contains transient data only. It is cleared by applications and the SMS software. Row level security (RLS) is required when there is more than 1 application accessing this database.

 SQL Admins are responsible for creating 3 databases.

The Database names can be named in accordance with your standards.

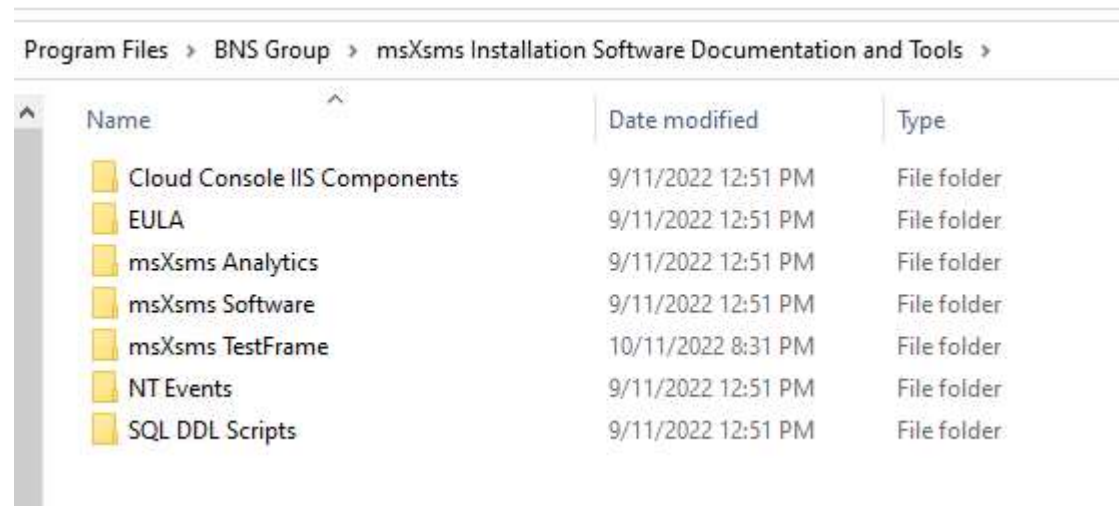
The default database names are:

- sms-current
- sms-archive
- sms-sql-api

■ Create all 3 databases manually in accordance with your standards.

3 DDL scripts are provided to create tables and indexes.

The scripts are located in the SQL DDL scripts folder where the software was initially installed on the SMS Windows Server.



SQL DBA's can modify and execute the scripts according to their standards and tools they use.

Execute the scripts to create tables in the databases in this order:

- sms-current-virgin-build.sql against the CURRENT DB.
(note this also creates the SMS-SQL-API DB tables)
- sms-archive virgin-build.sql against the ARCHIVE DB.
- sms-archive-create-indexes.sql against the ARCHIVE DB.

SQL DDL command file	Description
sms-current-virgin-build.sql	Creates the tables in the SQL Database called sms-current. Used for initial creation of tables in the first deployment at your site. You may change the name of the Database to your standards. Note this script also creates the SMS-SQL-API DB.
sms-archive-virgin-build.sql	Creates the tables in the SQL Database called sms-archive. Used for initial creation of tables in the first deployment at your site. You may change the name of the Database to your standards.
sms-archive-create-indexes	Provides a series of recommended indexes to create for reporting and inquiry purposes. Modify this to suit your specific needs.

- SQL DBA will execute the SQL statements using SQL Management Studio or other tools against the respective Databases to create the tables.

7.2 Login Permissions sms server service account

- SQL DBA must provide full permissions to all databases to the sms service account.

Service Account functions	Permissions required	Comments
Full access to databases: sms-current sms-archive SMS-SQL-API	Full permissions DataReader and DataWriter	If Active Directory domain is used the service account will be a Windows Authenticated account otherwise the service account will use be a SQL Local user account added to the SQL database.

7.3 Row level security (RLS) for SMS-SQL-API database tables

Row-Level Security (RLS) as the name suggests is a security mechanism that restricts the records from a SQL Server table based on the authorization context of the current user that is logged in.

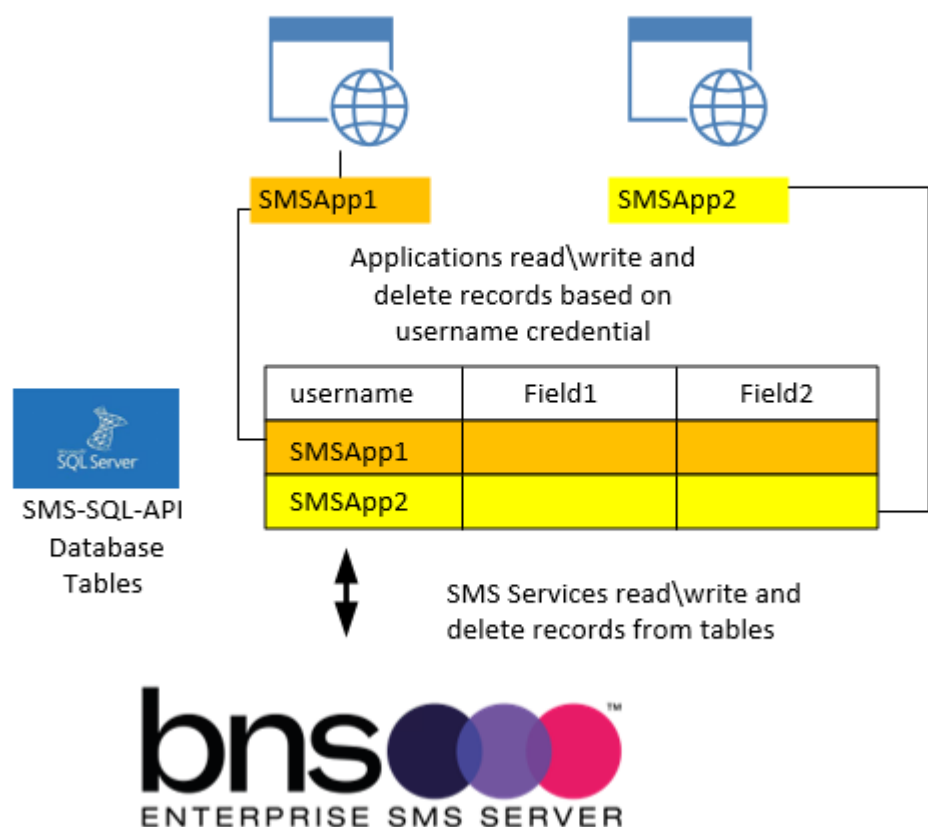
- Implementing RLS is mandatory if you have more than 1 application using the SMS-SQL-API database.

Articles on RLS can be found at:

<https://www.sqlshack.com/introduction-to-row-level-security-in-sql-server/> and

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/security/row-level-security?view=sql-server-ver16>

SQL Server row level security allows Applications to access only their records



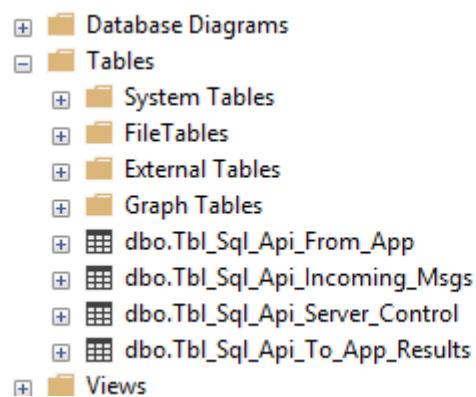
The DDLs provided in the software provides SQL admins the ability to assign RLS based on the application's SQL user login.

7.4 Implementing user login row level security using the scripts provided

Assumptions:

1. You have created a database called SMS-API-SQL database with 4 tables using the DDLs provided.
2. msXsms_sa service account has datareader and datawriter permissions to the SMS-SQL-API database

The tables in the SMS-SQL-API should be as follows:



Locate the SQL Query files in the SQL DDL scripts folder.

PC > Local Disk (C:) > Program Files (x86) > BNS Group > msXsms Installation Software Documentation and Tools >			
Name	Date modified	Type	Size
Documentation	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
msXsms Broadcast Utility	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
msXsms Reporting	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
msXsms Software	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
msXsms TestFrame	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
NT Events	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
SCOM Tools	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
SQL DDL Scripts	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	
WebConsole IIS Components	4/10/2018 4:01 PM	File folder	

Locate the RLS Scripts.

Follow these steps to implement RLS on the SMS-SQL-API database tables.

7.4.1 Step 1 - GRANT Select for all user logins

The SQL query file is called “RLS - STEP1 Grant_select_on_SQL_API for ALL SQL_API tables”.

- Edit this SQL query to include the service account login (Windows Authenticated domain login or a SQL local user).
- Run the SQL Query on the database tables

The SQL query will look similar to this example

```

RLS - STEP1 Grant_select_on_SQL_API for ALL SQL_API tables - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
USE [msXsms-SQL-API]
GO

/* assign select permission for the msXsms Service account to all tables in the SQL-API database.

Change the msXsms service account as required.

Domain user example
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App TO [Domain\msxsms_sa]
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results TO [Domain\msxsms_sa]
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_incoming_msgs TO [Domain\msxsms_sa]

SQL local user example
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App TO msxsms_sa
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results TO msxsms_sa
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_incoming_msgs TO msxsms_sa
*/

GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App TO msxsms_sa
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results TO msxsms_sa
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_incoming_msgs TO msxsms_sa

```

7.4.2 Step 2 – Create Inline Table-valued Function for all tables

The SQL query file is called “RLS – STEP2 Create_inline_tablevalued_Functions for ALL tables”.

Microsoft recommend using a Security schema specifically for RLS objects hence we have a schema called SMS_RLS_Security

Refer to <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/security/row-level-security?view=sql-server-ver16>

```
USE [msXsms-SQL-API]
GO

CREATE SCHEMA SMS_RLS_Security;
GO

CREATE FUNCTION SMS_RLS_Security.fn_SQL_API_FROM_APP_Security(@UserName AS sysname)
    RETURNS TABLE
WITH SCHEMABINDING
AS
    RETURN SELECT 1 AS fn_SQL_API_FROM_APP_Security_Result
    -- Logic for filter predicate
    WHERE @UserName = USER_NAME()
    OR USER_NAME() = 'msxsms_sa';

GO
```

7.4.3 Step 3 – Apply RLS Security policy for all tables

The SQL query file is called “RLS – STEP3 Apply_Security_Policy_SQL_API for ALL SQL_API tables”.

```
RLS - STEP3 Apply_Security_Policy_SQL_API for ALL SQL_API tables - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
USE [msXsms-SQL-API]
GO

/* assign security policies for all 3 tables in the SQL-API database */

CREATE SECURITY POLICY UserFilter_SQL_API_From_App
ADD FILTER PREDICATE SMS_RLS_Security.fn_SQL_API_FROM_APP_Security(Main_App_UserName)
ON dbo.Tbl_SQL_API_FROM_APP

WITH (STATE = ON);
GO

CREATE SECURITY POLICY UserFilter_SQL_API_To_App_Results
ADD FILTER PREDICATE SMS_RLS_Security.fn_SQL_API_To_APP_Results_Security(Main_App_UserName)
ON dbo.Tbl_SQL_API_TO_APP_RESULTS

WITH (STATE = ON);
GO

CREATE SECURITY POLICY UserFilter_SQL_API_Incoming_Msgs
ADD FILTER PREDICATE SMS_RLS_Security.fn_SQL_API_Incoming_Msgs_Security(Main_App_UserName)
ON dbo.Tbl_SQL_API_Incoming_Msgs

WITH (STATE = ON);
GO
|
```

7.4.4 Confirming that RLS has been setup correctly

Using SQL-API DB Table Tbl_SQL_API_FROM_APP

Right click "Select TOP 1000 records"

Edit the SQL query as follows:

Insert at the top of the query

EXECUTE AS USER = 'msxsms_sa' (or Domain\msxsms_sa if you are using a domain Windows authenticated login)

At the end of the query insert

REVERT;

You should see 1 record.

If you do the same query without setting the EXECUTE AS USER you should not see any data.

7.5 Onboarding applications to use the SQL-API database

Advise developers to read the BNS knowledge base

<https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/sqlinterface>

After you have setup credentials for the developer's application advise the developers of those credentials.

Developers will provide their user login username eg: Domain\SMSApp1 in a field called Main_App_Username when they write requests to the SQL-API Table Tbl_SQL_API_FROM_APP.

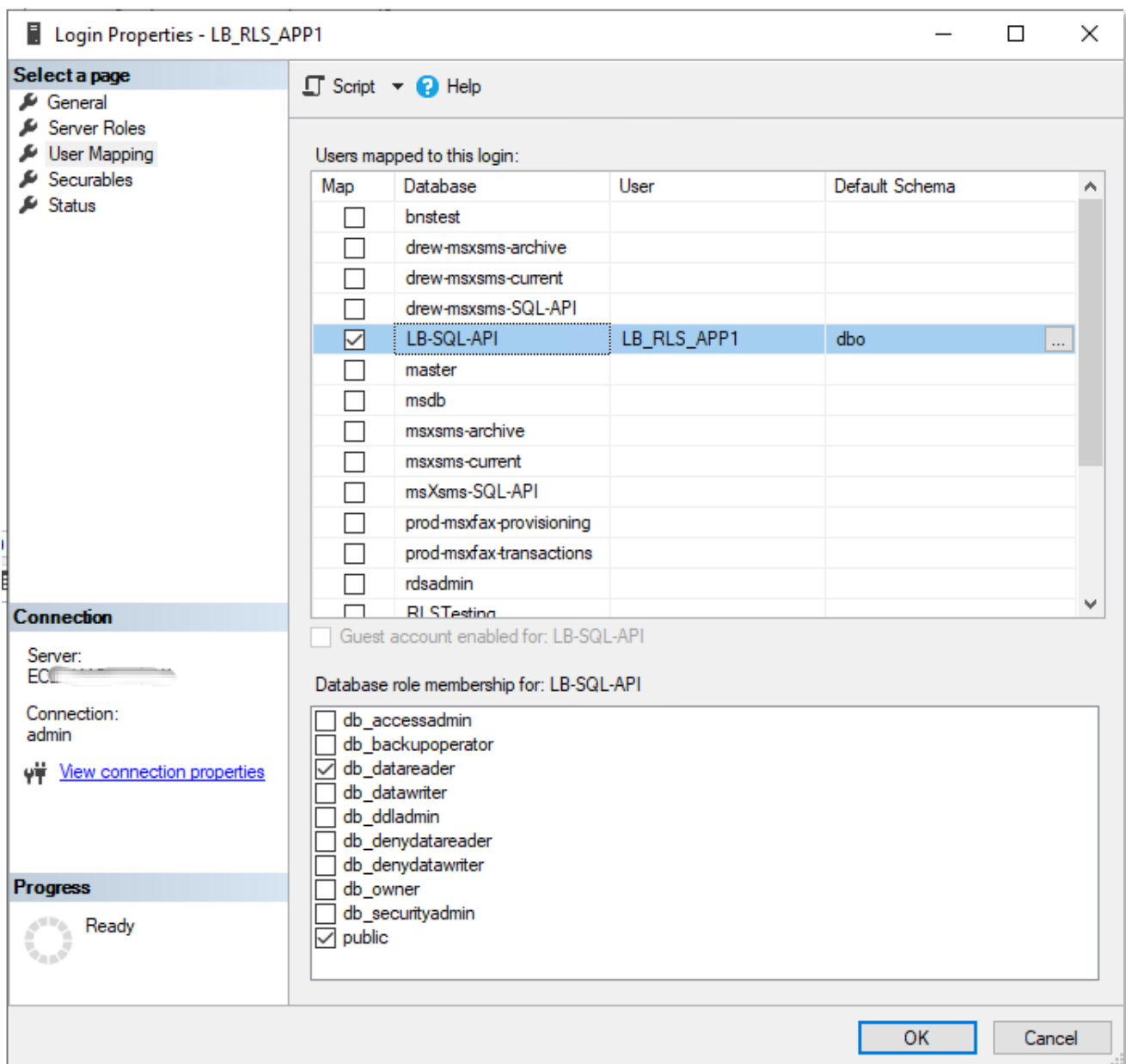
RLS has been applied using the username credential as the mechanism to control access to application's data. This control is a security control introduced by Microsoft in SQL Server 2016 and is supported in AWS RDS.

msXsms services provide the application's login username for transactions it writes back to the application in Tbl_SQL_API_TO_APP and the Tbl_SQL_API_INCOMING_MSGS tables.

Applications are responsible to process their results and any incoming SMS messages, deleting those records after they have processed them.

7.5.1 SQL Administrator actions to onboard new applications

- From SQL Server management studio navigate to SECURITY\LOGINS
- Create a new user login for the application you are on-boarding
eg: Domain\SMSApp1 or a SQL Local user depending on your security requirements.
- Right click the user login, select properties
- Select User Mapping
- Select the database SMS-SQL-API
- Assign Datareader to the SMS-SQL-API DB.



- Open a new query window

The following SQL query is also included in the SQL DDLs folder.

```
USE [SMS-SQL-API]
```

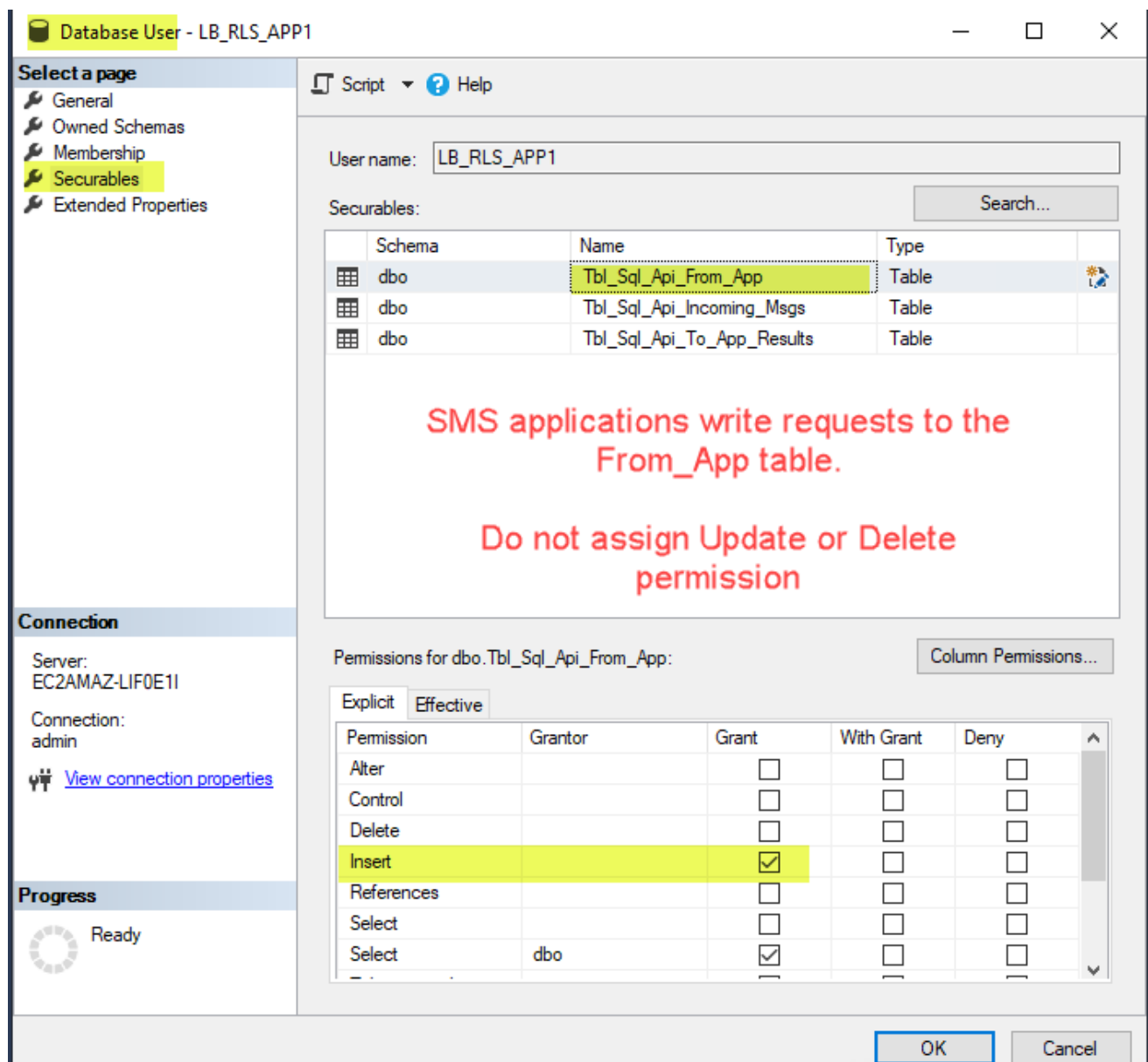
```
GO
```

```
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App TO [Domain\xxx]
```

```
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results TO [Domain\ xxx]
```

```
GRANT SELECT ON dbo.Tbl_Sql_Api_incoming_msgs TO [Domain\ xxx]
```

- Execute the query
- **Navigate to Security under the Database itself.**
- Right click the user login
- Select Securables

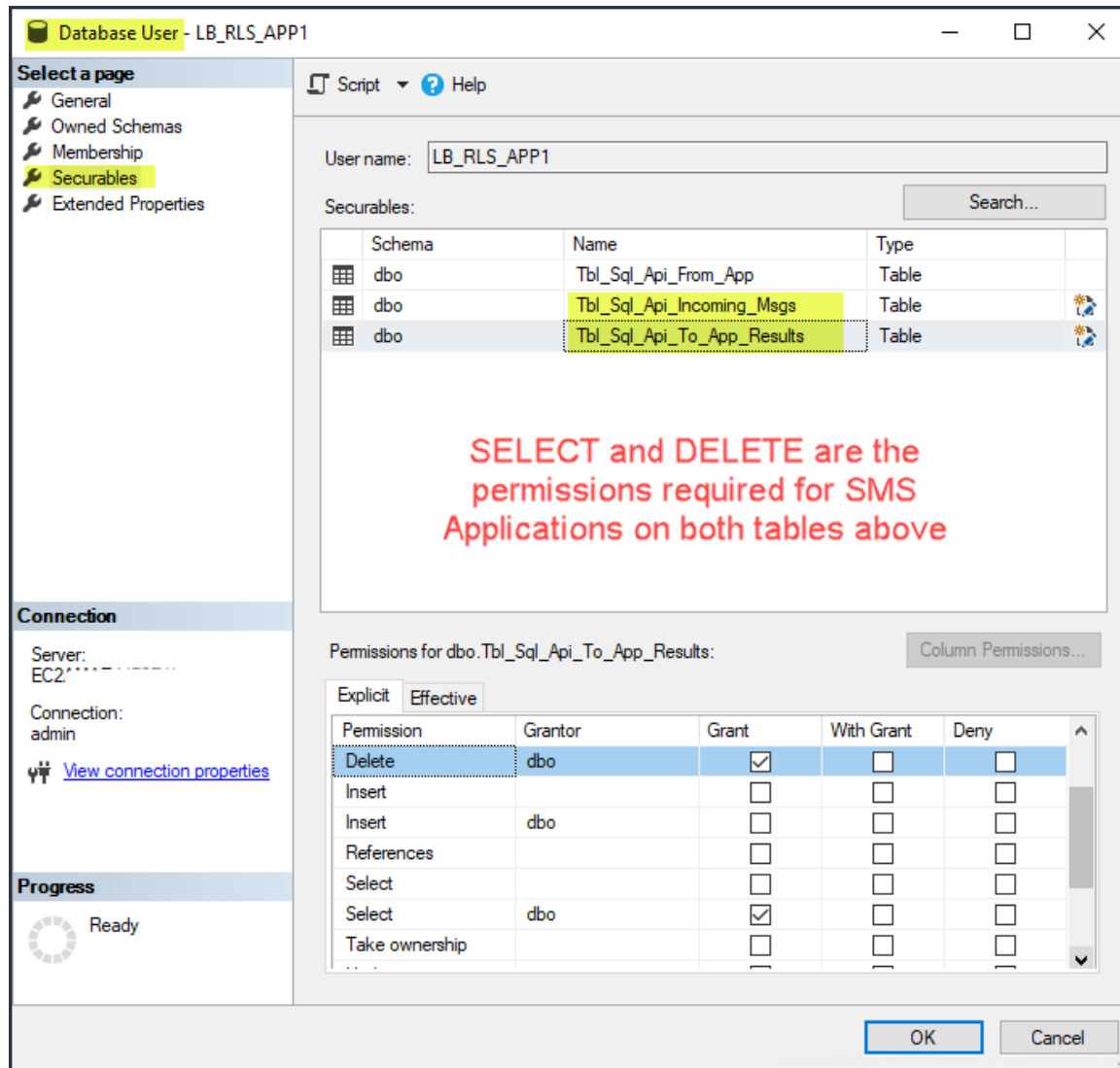


- Assign the Insert permission to the Table Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App.

SMS Applications write their SMS transmission requests into the above table.

msXsms Services then process those requests and provide results back in another table called Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results.

msXsms Services are responsible for deleting processed records in the Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App table.



SMS Applications read the results for their SMS transmission requests and can process any incoming SMS messages.

SMS Applications are responsible for deleting their records from both tables Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results and Tbl_Sql_Api_Incoming_Msgs.

- Assign Delete permissions for the SMS Application user login to both tables Tbl_Sql_Api_To_App_Results and Tbl_Sql_Api_Incoming_Msgs.

SECTION 8 Install SMS Console

8.1 General

SMS Console is an IIS browser based console which can be installed on the Windows Server where the SMS software is installed. The SMS console should be installed on all servers.

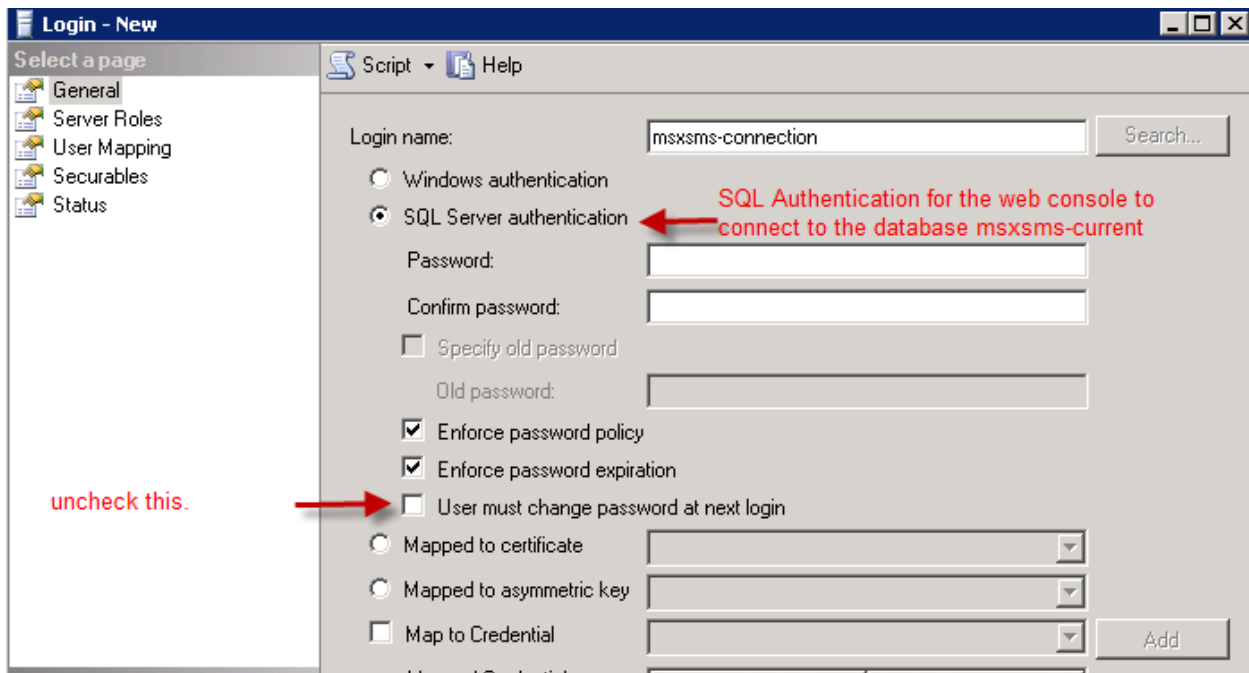
It is compatible with most browsers including: Microsoft Edge.

Console Software Requirements

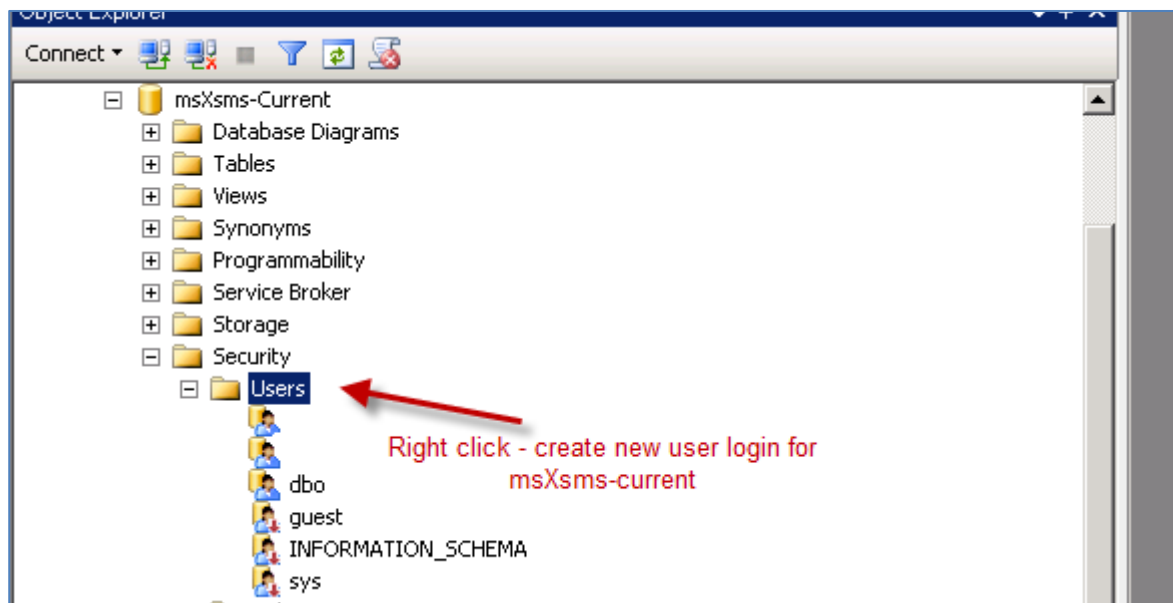
Software	Version/service packs	Mandatory or optional	Vendor/Manufacturer
.net Framework	Version which comes with the OS	Mandatory	Microsoft Corporation
Internet Information Server	IIS which comes with the OS	Mandatory	Microsoft Corporation

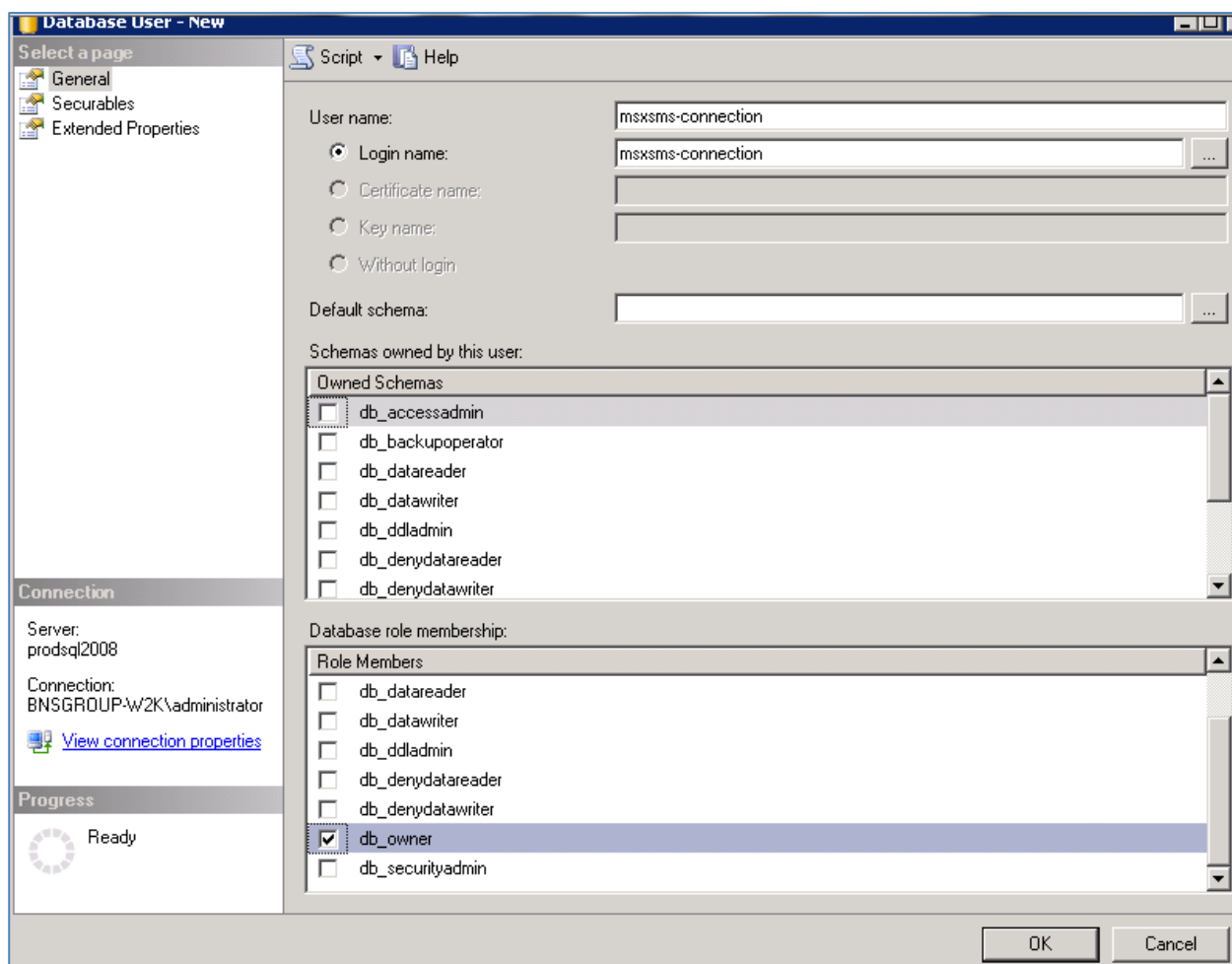
8.1.1 SQL Database Administrator (DBA)

- Your SQL DBA will need create a SQL User account for the Console to connect to the database.
- **sms-console** is the SQL user name used throughout this documentation.



- Under the sms-current database, create a new user login permission to the database.





- sms-console will require full permissions to all 3 databases: Datareader\datawriter roles.

8.1.2 SQL API Database permissions for SQL user SMS-Console

- Assign datareader and datawriter for this user to the SMS-SQL-API database.

8.1.3 Active Directory Security Groups

-
- ① Customers who deploy msXsms in a workgroup can follow the same principles using local server groups and users.
-

In this section you will create an AD Security Group for your Configuration/ Admin Team to use. We have used the AD Security Group name 'SMS-Admin-Group'.

The SMS console will be expanded to perform other functions such as Operational functions as distinct from Configuration.

Setup another security group such as 'SMS-Operations-Group'. For now it will have no members it is for future use.

- Create an Active Directory Security Group for the infrastructure administrators eg: 'sms-admin-group'.

NOTE: Add your AD domain user account to that group and also the domain account you are currently using to perform the installation of this software.

- Create an Active Directory Security Group for the operations team eg: 'sms-operations-group'. No users required for this group as this is reserved for future use.

8.2 Installation of IIS for the Console

8.2.1 Install Internet Information Server

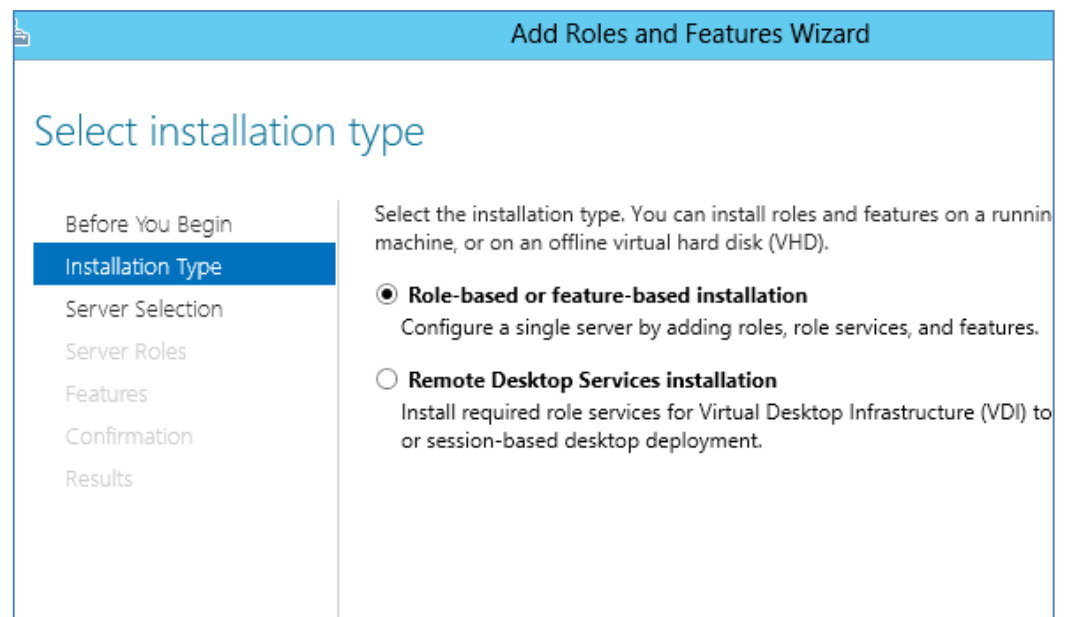
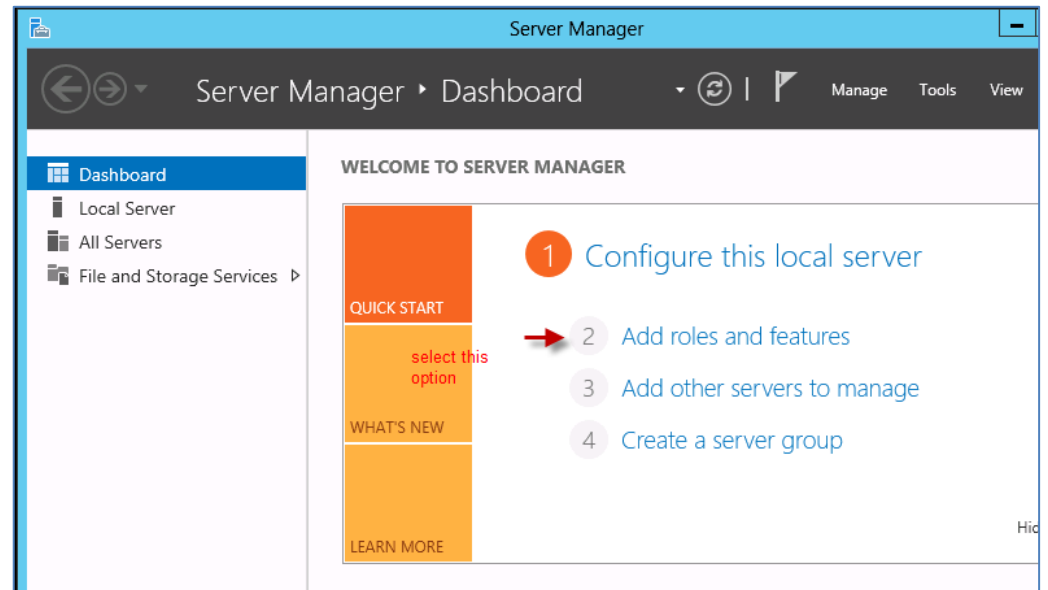
Microsoft's Internet Information Server is required to support SMS console.

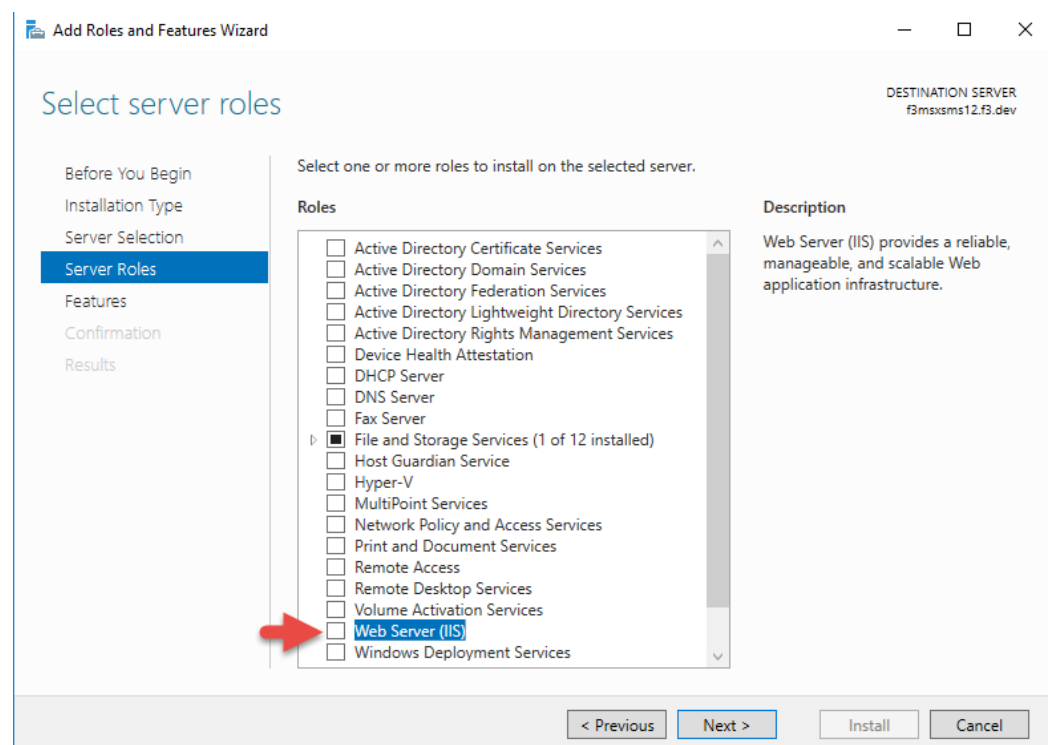
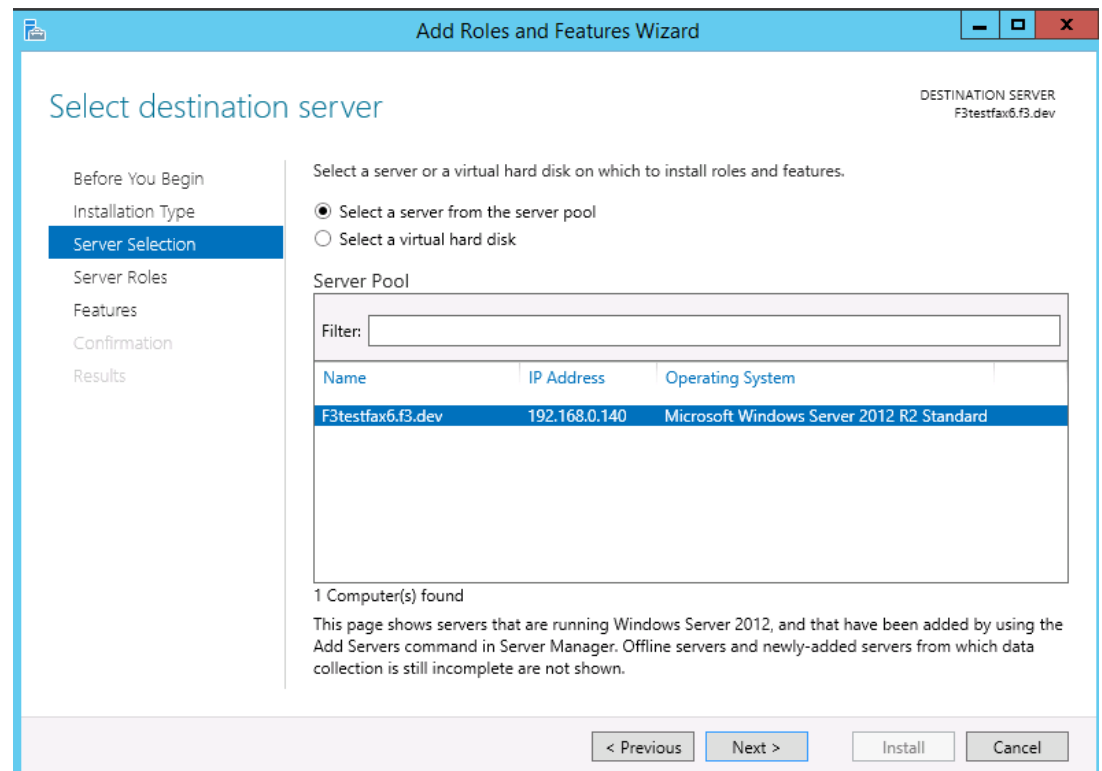
This documentation describes the steps required to install IIS.

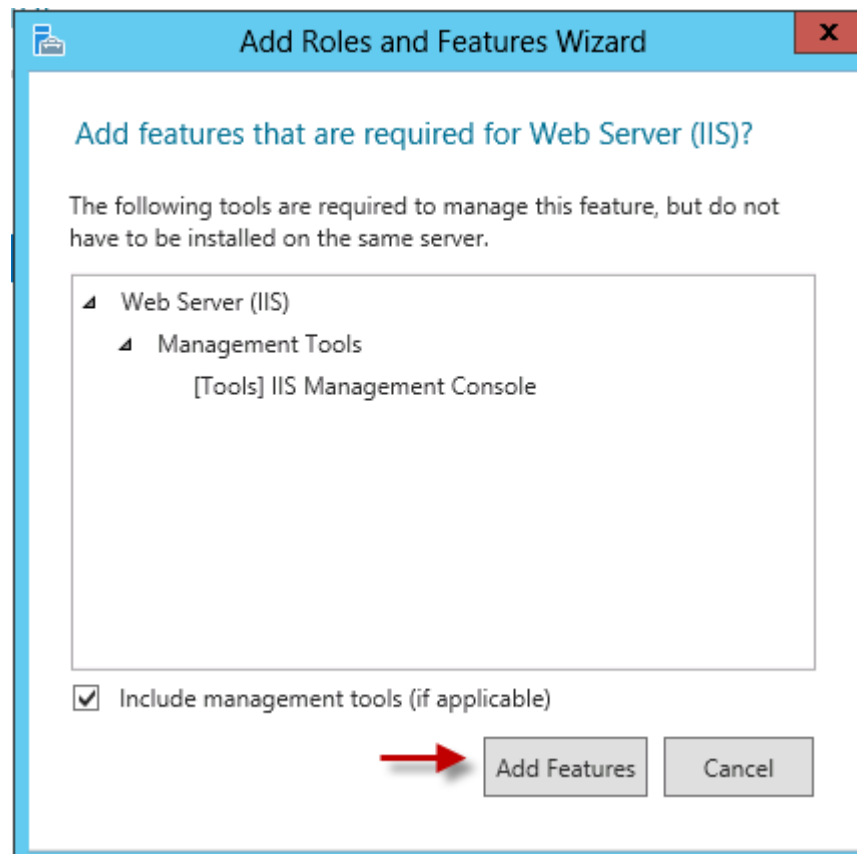
📌 Windows Server 2022 installs ASP.NET version 4.8 which is supported.

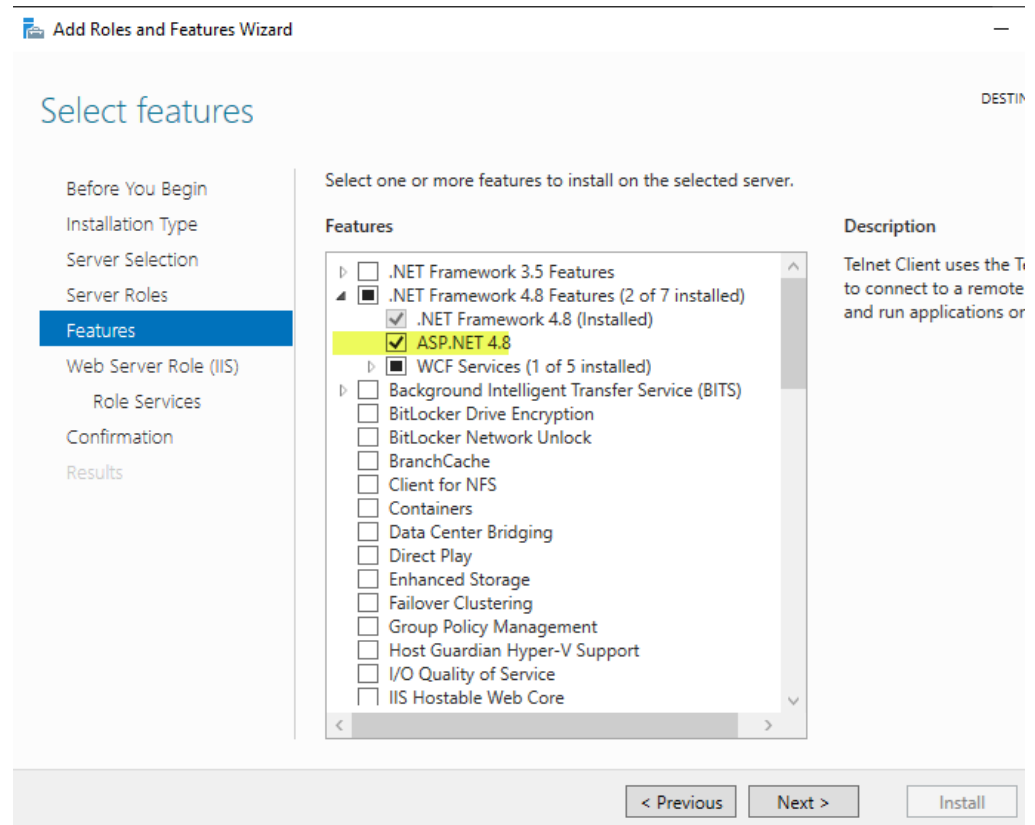
8.2.2 Installing IIS on the SMS Server

■ Installing IIS

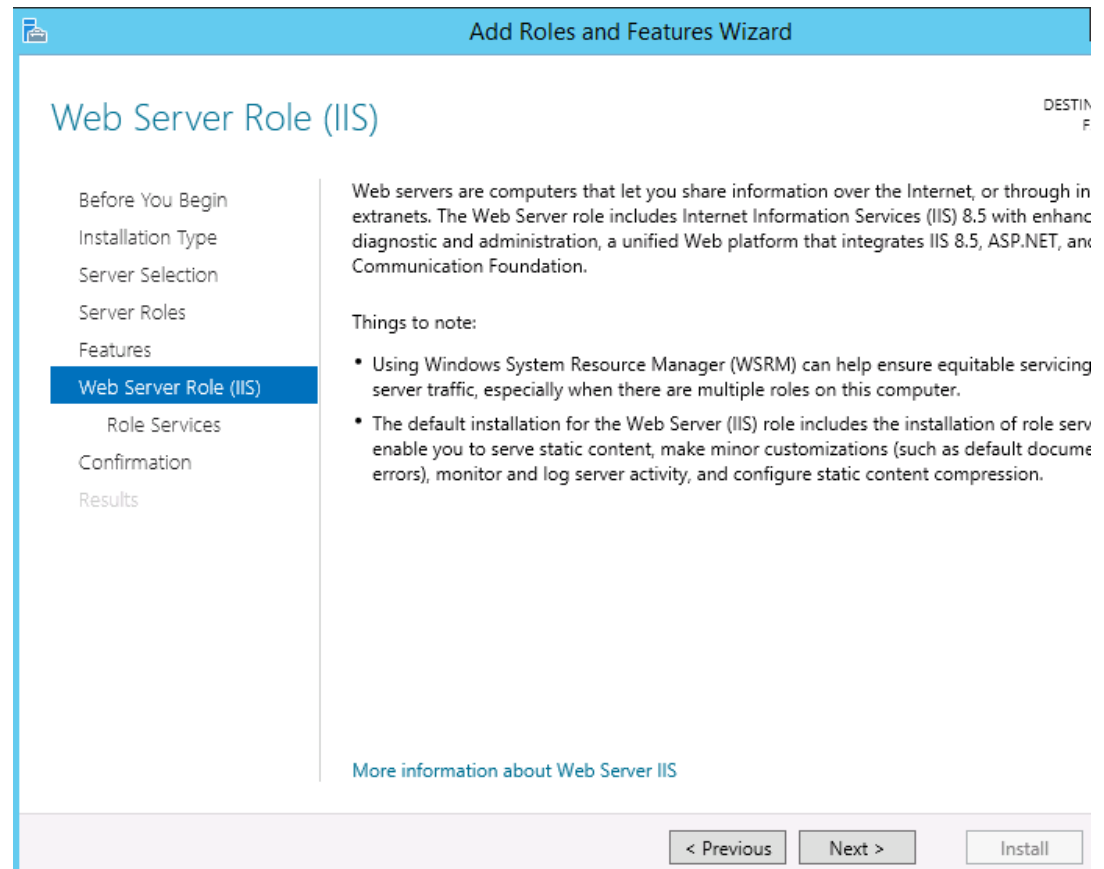


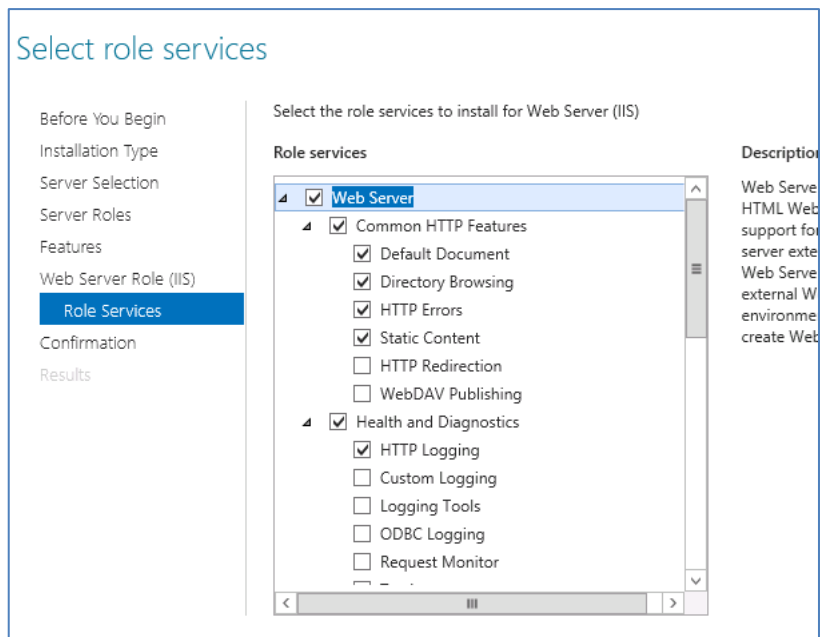




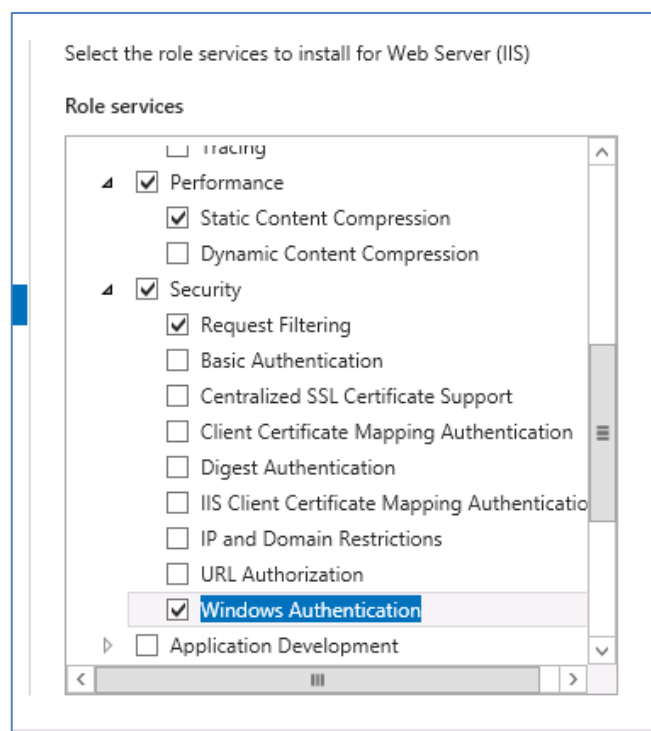


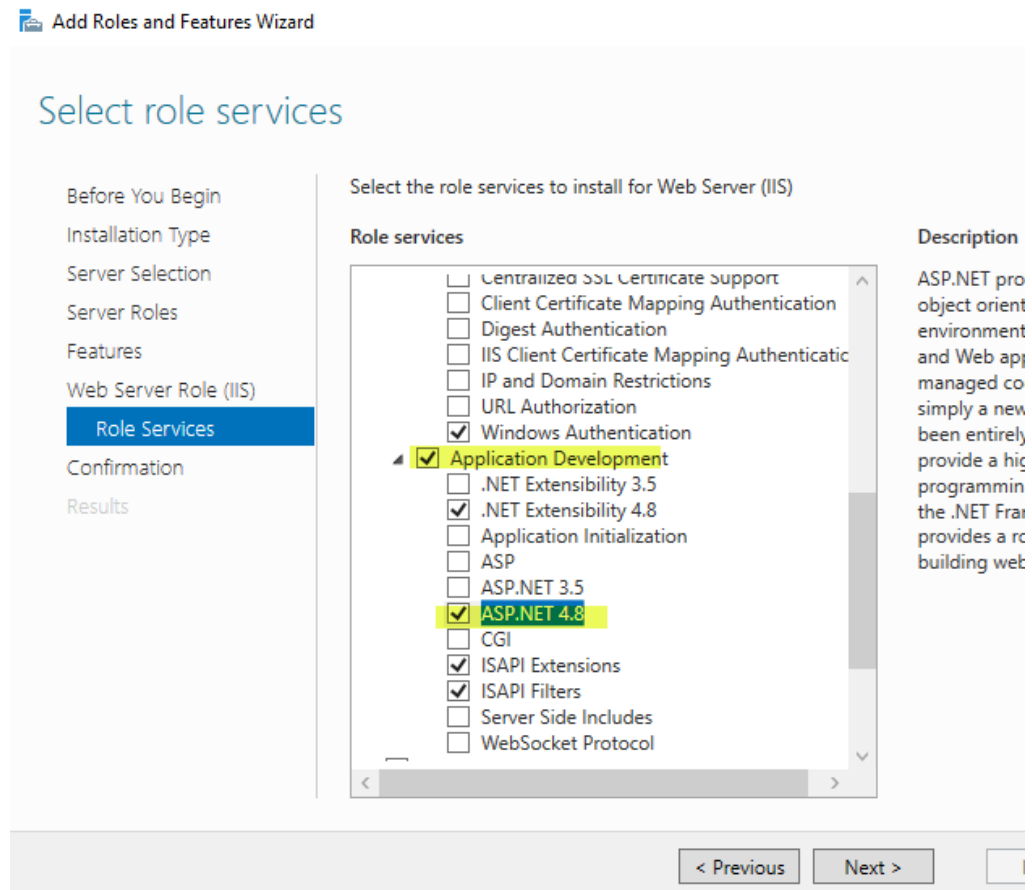
- Select ASP.NET 4.8 (Windows Server 2022) then press next. This option could be lower depending on the version of Windows server being used.





■ Scroll down the list of options





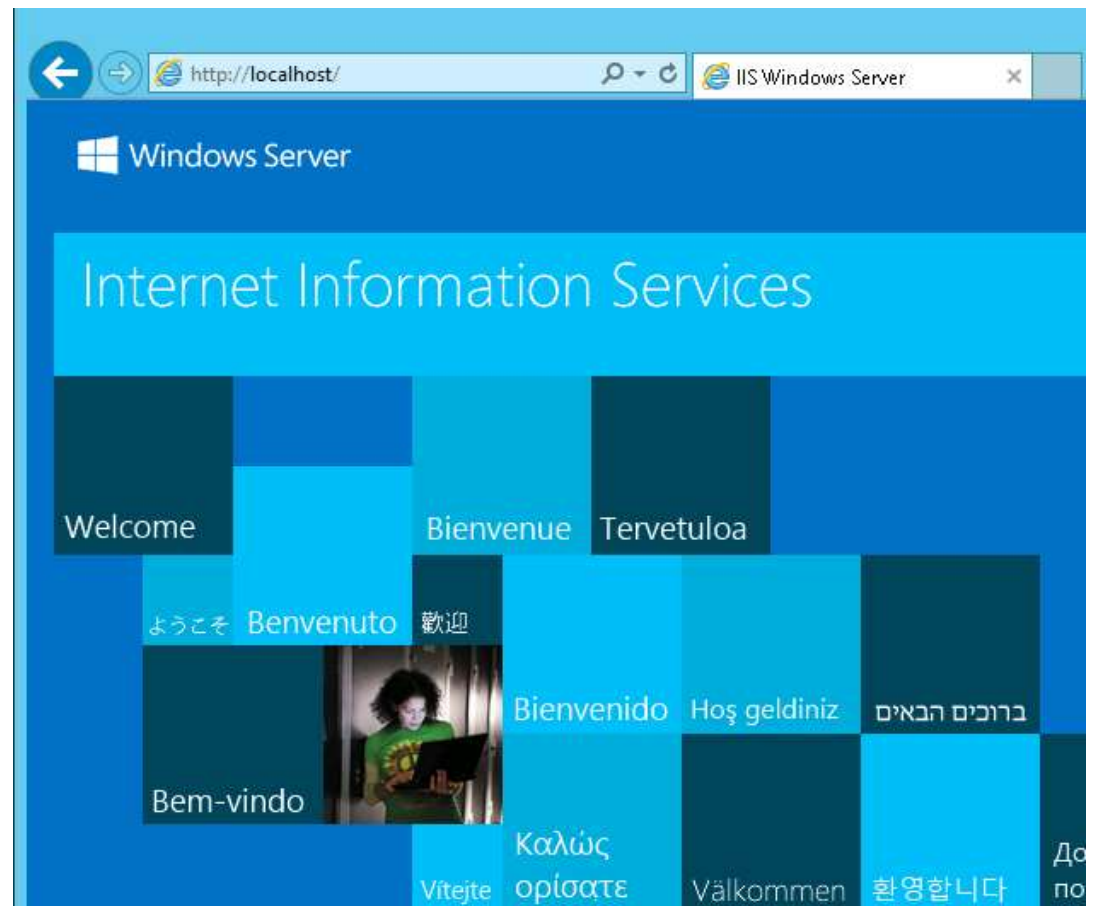
- Select NEXT when you have checked all of the above options

- Select Install

To check that IIS installed correctly open a web browser from your SMS server and proceed to the following address:

- <http://localhost>

You should see the default IIS webpage for example:



8.3 Install the Console

8.3.1 Internet Explorer Enhanced Security

🟡 Microsoft Edge is supported but we recommend you turn off IE enhanced settings.

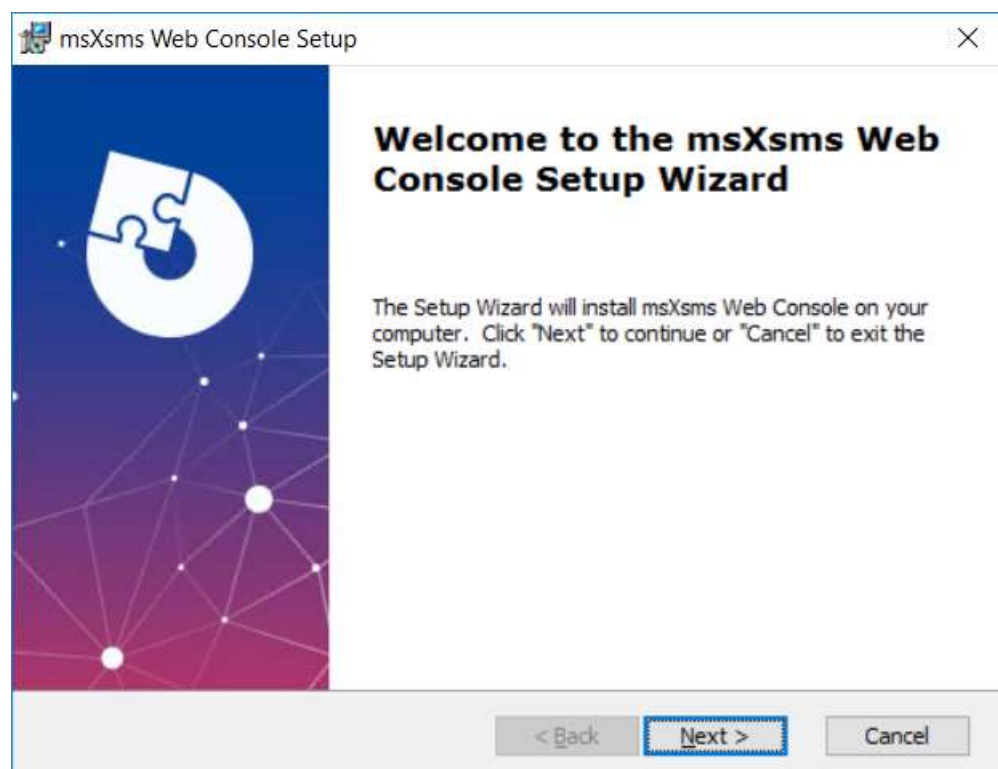
- Run Server Manager
- Turn OFF IE Enhanced Security because this can affect the operation of ASP.NET based applications.

8.3.2 Console installation

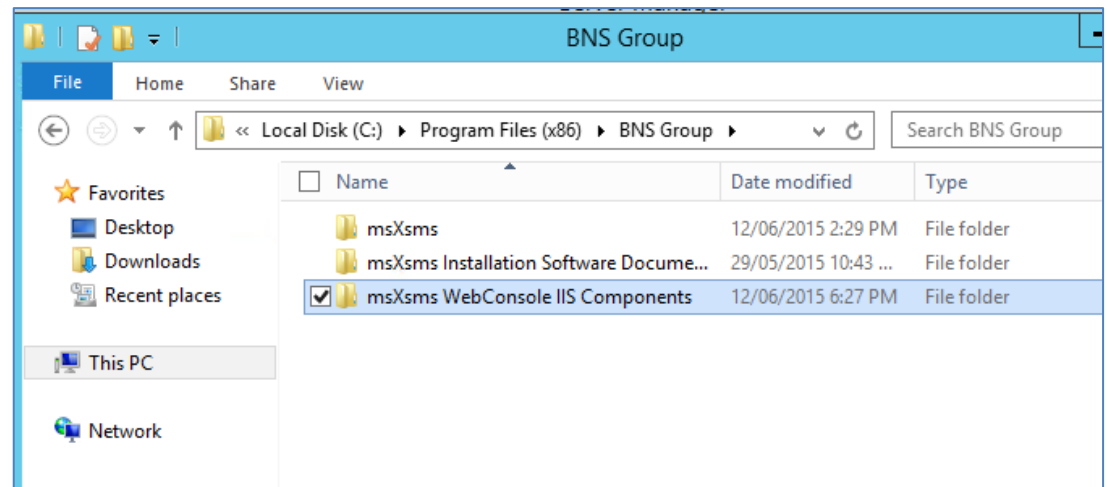
The console can be installed on one or more SMS servers.

Navigate to program files\BNS Group\sms Installation Software and Tools.

- Open a CMD (Run as Administrator)
- CD to : \Program Files\BNS Group\sms Installation Software Documentation and Tools\Cloud Console IIS Components
- Run Setup_sms_Console.MSI



- Install to the volume where all of the software is being installed eg: D: drive.
- Install/Finish

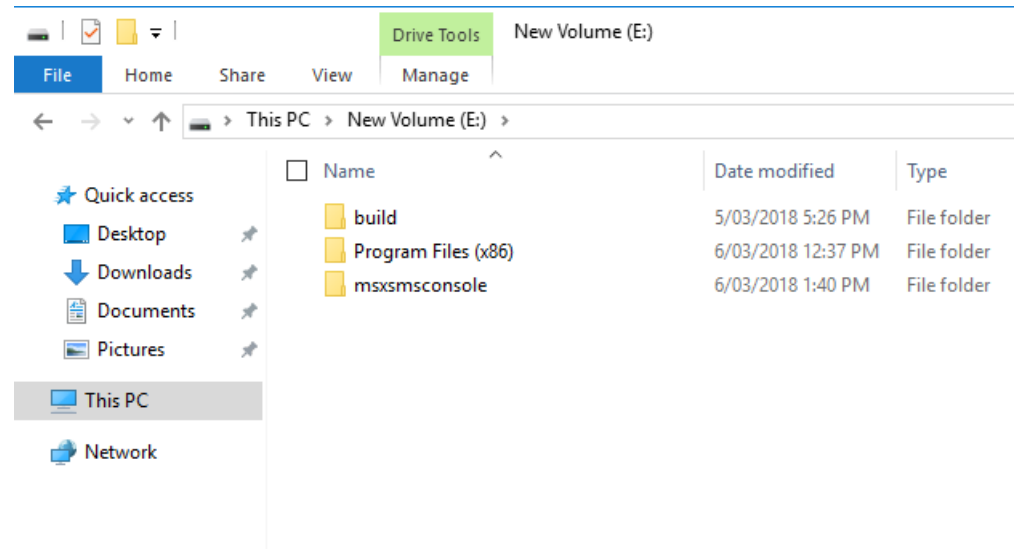


The folder msXsms Console IIS Components contains the files for the web site.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
bin	11/9/2022 1:17 PM	File folder	
images	11/9/2022 1:17 PM	File folder	
styles	11/9/2022 1:17 PM	File folder	
alertgroups.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	54 KB
businessapplications.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	35 KB
cloudresources.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	2 KB
Default.aspx	3/12/2022 3:55 PM	ASPX File	15 KB
DestinationRouting.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	9 KB
Footer.ascx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASCX File	1 KB
interfaces.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	6 KB
menu	4/13/2022 12:14 PM	XML Document	2 KB
menu_API	4/13/2022 12:14 PM	XML Document	3 KB
menu_BOTH	4/13/2022 12:13 PM	XML Document	3 KB
menu_DR	4/13/2022 12:14 PM	XML Document	3 KB
sender_domains.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	16 KB
senderID.aspx	12/9/2021 12:45 PM	ASPX File	27 KB
Site1.Master	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	MASTER File	3 KB
smssc.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	8 KB
SMSServers.aspx	12/6/2021 2:38 PM	ASPX File	18 KB
SQLAPIQueries.aspx	4/13/2022 10:47 AM	ASPX File	7 KB
SQLAPIQueriesDetail.aspx	3/19/2022 12:58 PM	ASPX File	9 KB
SQLAPISend.aspx	4/13/2022 12:10 PM	ASPX File	16 KB
SQLAPIStatus.aspx	3/19/2022 5:01 PM	ASPX File	9 KB

8.4 Configure IIS

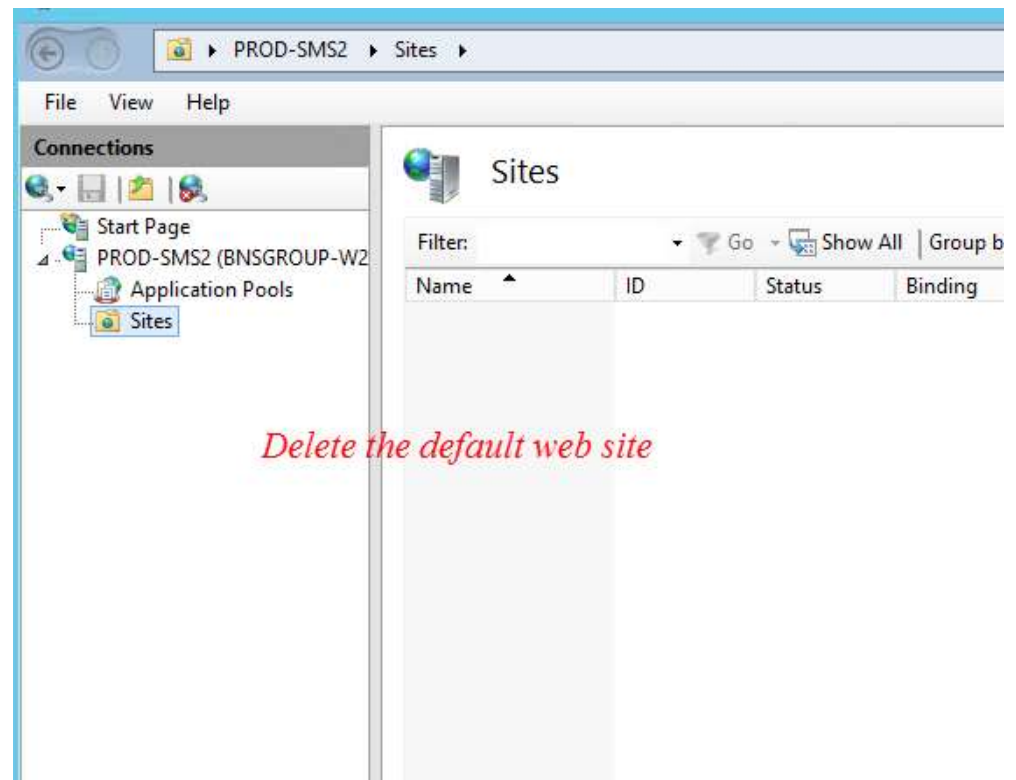
8.4.1 Create folder for SMS console web site



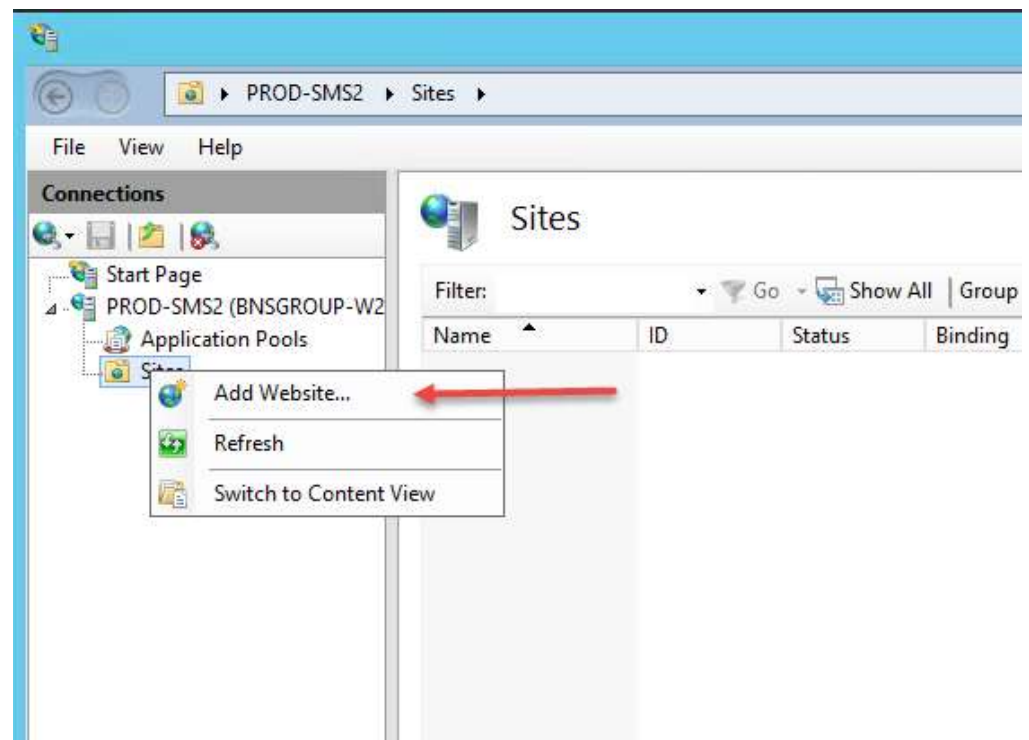
- Create a folder called smsconsole on any drive letter
- Copy all of the web site files and sub folders from sms Console IIS Components folder into the smsconsole folder.

8.4.2 Configure IIS

- From the Start screen select Windows Administrative tools
- Run Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- From IIS remove the default web site

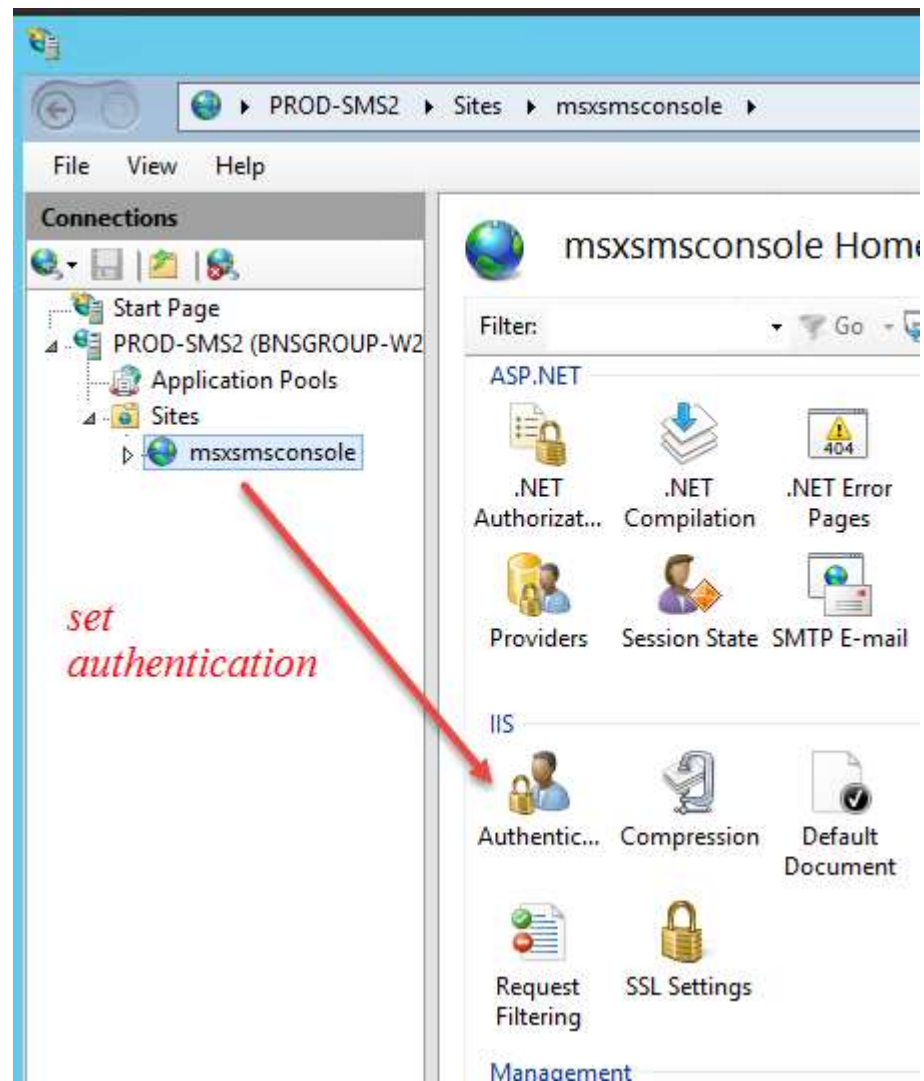


- From IIS create a web site



The screenshot shows the 'Add Website' dialog box in IIS Manager. The dialog has a blue title bar with the text 'Add Website' and standard window controls. It is divided into several sections:

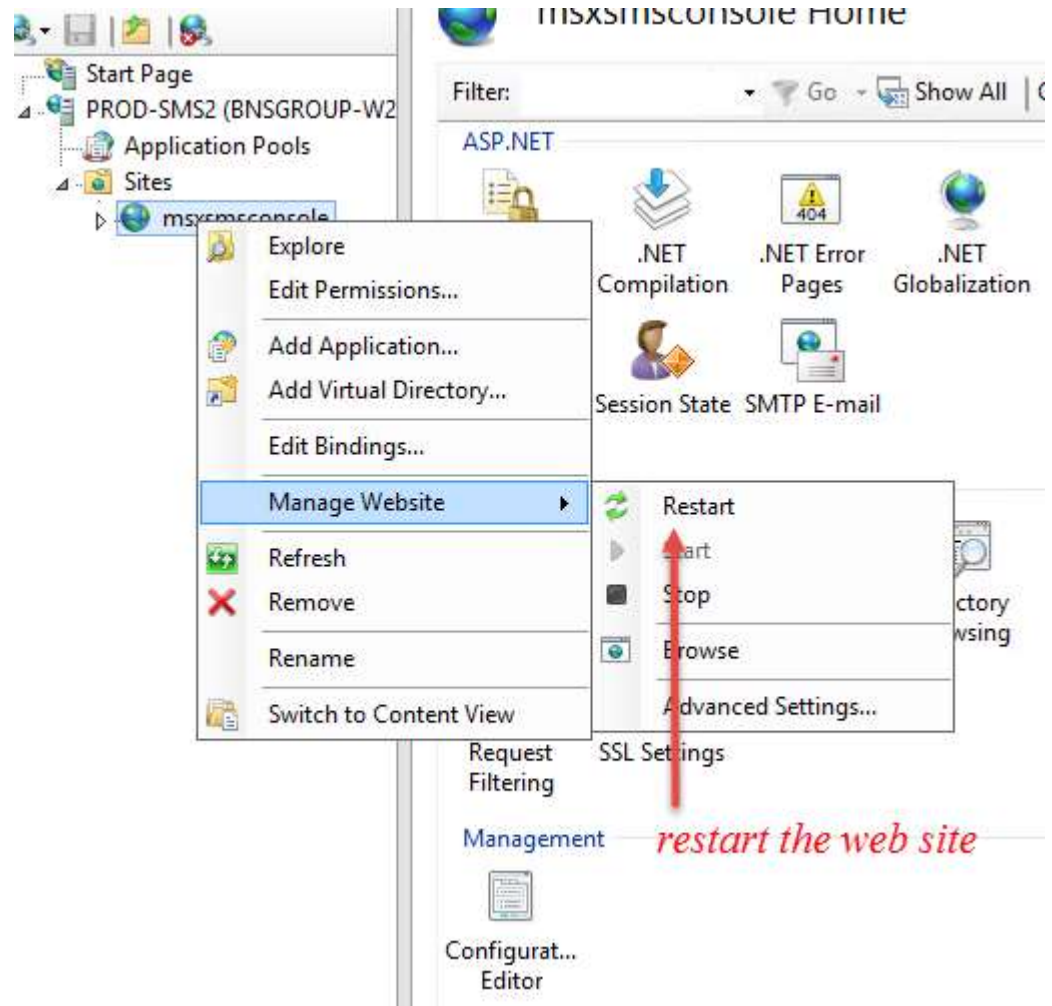
- Site name:** A text box containing 'msxsmsconsole'.
- Application pool:** A text box containing 'msxsmsconsole' and a 'Select...' button.
- Content Directory:** A section containing:
 - Physical path:** A text box containing 'C:\msxsmsconsole' and a browse button (three dots in a box).
 - Pass-through authentication:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
 - Buttons:** 'Connect as...' and 'Test Settings...'.
- Binding:** A section containing:
 - Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'http'.
 - IP address:** A dropdown menu set to 'All Unassigned'.
 - Port:** A text box containing '80'.
 - Host name:** An empty text box.
 - Example:** The text 'Example: www.contoso.com or marketing.contoso.com'.
- Start Website immediately:** A checkbox that is checked.
- Buttons:** 'OK' and 'Cancel' at the bottom right.



Authentication		
Group by: No Grouping		
Name	Status	Response Type
Anonymous Authentication	Disabled	
ASP.NET Impersonation	Enabled	
Forms Authentication	Disabled	HTTP 302 Login/Redirect
Windows Authentication	Enabled	HTTP 401 Challenge

- Set the above options

- From IIS, restart the web site



8.5 Configure settings and test console connection

- Run Edge or Internet Explorer from the SMS Server and enter `http://localhost`
The following web page should be displayed.

[Admin](#)[Tenants & Servers](#)[Resources & Help](#)[Inquiry](#)[Setup](#)

You have not setup your configuration yet, [Click here](#) to setup the console



© 2021 Better Network Services Group PTY LTD Logged in as: F3/installer
DB Version: NO CONNECTION Cloud Console Version: 2.1.6.6 Network Flow: Allowed

msXsms
ENTERPRISE SMS SERVER

Admin Tenants & Servers Resources & Help Inquiry Setup

Setup msXsms Console

After pressing save config, make sure that it says "configuration saved" here then press "Test Connection"

Setup Console

SQL Connection Mode [?](#):
SQL Auth ▼

SQL Server Host Name [?](#):
I

Enter your SQL Server Hostname

SQL Server Current Database Name [?](#):
msxsms-current

SQL Server API Database Name [?](#):
msxsms-sql-api

SQL Server msXsms Admin Username [?](#):
msxsms-connection

SQL Server msXsms Operators Username [?](#):
msxsms-connection

Admin Group Name [?](#):
msxsms-admin-group

Dept/Cost Center Mandatory:
Yes ▼

Cloud Resources URL:

Persist Security Info [?](#):
Off ▼

Integrated Security [?](#):
Off ▼

SQL Server Port [?](#):
1433

SQL Server Archive Database Name [?](#):
msxsms-archive

SQL Server msXsms Admin Password [?](#):
.....

SQL Server msXsms Operators Password [?](#):
.....

Operations Group Name [?](#):
msxsms-operations-group

Company Mandatory:
Yes ▼


Save Config Test Connection

📌 AWS RDS SQL Server Host Name = RDS MS SQL endpoint connection, 1433

📌 PORT field = blank

- Supply the name of your SQL Server and the names of the current and archive databases.
- If you have SQL Express or an instance then the SQL Server string is Server\Instance
- Supply the SQL Server connection user account. Note this is the same for both Admin and Operations.
- Save the configuration.

8.5.1 Test the connection to the current database



AdminTenants & ServersResources & HelpInquirySetup

Setup msXsms Console

Setup Console

SQL Connection Mode ?:

SQL Auth ▼

SQL Server Host Name ?:

sql.ctwqh2wgt4mm.ap-southeast-2

SQL Server Current Database Name ?:

msxsms-current

SQL Server API Database Name ?:

msxsms-sql-api

SQL Server msXsms Admin Username ?:

msxsms-connection

SQL Server msXsms Operators Username ?:

msxsms_connection

Admin Group Name ?:

msxsms-admin-group

Dept/Cost Center Mandatory:

Yes ▼

Cloud Resources URL:

http://www.bnsgroup.com.au

Persist Security Info ?:

Off ▼

Integrated Security ?:

Off ▼

SQL Server Port ?:

SQL Server Archive Database Name ?:

msxsms-archive

SQL Server msXsms Admin Password ?:

.....

SQL Server msXsms Operators Password ?:

.....

Operations Group Name ?:

msxsms-operations-group

Company Mandatory:

Yes ▼

Save then test

Save ConfigTest Connection

© 2022 Better Network Services Group PTY LTD Logged in as: AWSSMSTST1/installer
DB Version: 2.0.0 Cloud Console Version: 2.1.7.2 (Admin) Network Flow: Allowed

- Select test connection

```

SecurityMode: Off
GroupAdmin: msxsms-admin-group
GroupOps: msxsms-operations-group
Domain: Domain

Local Ops Group to Check: msxsms-operations-group
No Local Operators Members found in msxsms-operations-group..
AD Operator Member Check Problem:
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalServerDownException: The server could not be contacted.
---> System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapException: The LDAP server is unavailable. at
System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.Connect() at
System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.SendRequestHelper(DirectoryRequest request, Int32&
messageID) at System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.SendRequest(DirectoryRequest request,
TimeSpan requestTimeout) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.ReadServerConfig(String serverName,
ServerProperties& properties) --- End of inner exception stack trace --- at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.ReadServerConfig(String serverName,
ServerProperties& properties) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.DoServerVerifyAndPropRetrieval() at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext..ctor(ContextType contextType, String name,
String container, ContextOptions options, String userName, String password) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext..ctor(ContextType contextType) at
msXsms_Cloud_Console._test.Page_Load(Object sender, EventArgs e) in C:\webs\msXsms Cloud Console\msXsms
Cloud Console\msXsms Cloud Console\test.aspx.cs:line 165

```

```

Local Admin Group to Check: msxsms-admin-group
Local Admin Member Check Group: System.__ComObject
Admin Member To Compare against Logged on User Account: AWSSMSTST1/installer
Admin Member Check: AWSSMSTST1/installer is a member of msxsms-admin-group (Operator)/
AD Admin Member Check Problem:
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalServerDownException: The server could not be
contacted. ---> System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapException: The LDAP server is unavailable. at
System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.Connect() at
System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.SendRequestHelper(DirectoryRequest request,
Int32& messageID) at
System.DirectoryServices.Protocols.LdapConnection.SendRequest(DirectoryRequest request, TimeSpan
requestTimeout) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.ReadServerConfig(String serverName,
ServerProperties& properties) --- End of inner exception stack trace --- at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.ReadServerConfig(String serverName,
ServerProperties& properties) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext.DoServerVerifyAndPropRetrieval() at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext..ctor(ContextType contextType, String
name, String container, ContextOptions options, String userName, String password) at
System.DirectoryServices.AccountManagement.PrincipalContext..ctor(ContextType contextType) at
msXsms_Cloud_Console._test.Page_Load(Object sender, EventArgs e) in C:\webs\msXsms Cloud
Console\msXsms Cloud Console\msXsms Cloud Console\test.aspx.cs:line 232

```

```

Session userisadmin: True
Session cstr: Data Source=sql.ctwqh2wgt4mm.ap-southeast-
2.rds.amazonaws.com,1433;database=tst-msxsms-current;user id=msxsms-
connection;password=EAAAAOmACDoJGHg/jQgUu0V/ah34pBya/LhnZaK49g5izbPp;Trusted_Connection=F
Security Info=False;
DB Version: 2.0.0

```

- A successful connection to the database is confirmed if the DB Version: is shown at the bottom of the screen above.

msXsms ENTERPRISE SMS SERVER

Admin Tenants & Servers Resources & Help Inquiry Setup

SMS Servers

SMS Servers

Find SMS Server: Find Reset Grid New SMS Server

SMS Server	Status	Partner Server	Partner Status	Edit
ANY	Active			Edit
BNSSYDSVR15	Active			Edit

Select SMS Servers from the drop down menu

- Then click on Servers once you have a successful connection.
- Add your new SMS server

msXsms ENTERPRISE SMS SERVER

Admin Tenants & Servers Resources & Help Inquiry Setup

SMS Servers

F3MSXSMS16 updated.

SMS Server

PRODUCTION msXsms Server Name:

Server Status:

Partner Server in DR msXsms Server Name:

Server Status:

Save Delete Return to List

add your server name and set the server status to Active

© 2021 Better Network Services Group PTY LTD Logged in as: F3/installer
DB Version: 1.7.33 Cloud Console Version: 2.1.6.6 (Admin) Network Flow: Allowed

8.5.2 Display of full message in the inquiry menu option

By default the full message of a SMS will not be displayed in the console. To allow the full message to be displayed to administrators, rename the file NOSHOW.MSG to another value eg: NOSHOWxxxx.MSG

8.5.3 Console administration

Refer to <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/console>

SECTION 9 Exchange Online Mailbox and Graph API settings

9.1 Exchange online

Note: Exchange online has many limits. Large customers with Exchange Server in their network should consider using SMTP Connectors from\ to their Exchange server for SMS traffic which has to be SMTP based.

Customers with Exchange online and knowing the limitations, can use Office 365 mailboxes and transport rules.

Exchange online limits can be found at this URL <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/servicedescriptions/exchange-online-service-description/exchange-online-limits#sending-limits-1>

Create an Office 365 mailbox together with Exchange Online transport rules to allow email based users and applications the ability to send to [number@domain.SMS](#)

- Create a mailbox and follow all of the steps to register an application in the Azure portal. This is fully documented with examples at [Exchange Online Mailbox SMS \(bnsgroup.com.au\)](#)
- Record all of the details created in Exchange online and the Azure portal in a password database. The details will be required in the next section as part of the main windows services installation.

SECTION 10 Installing SMS Windows Services

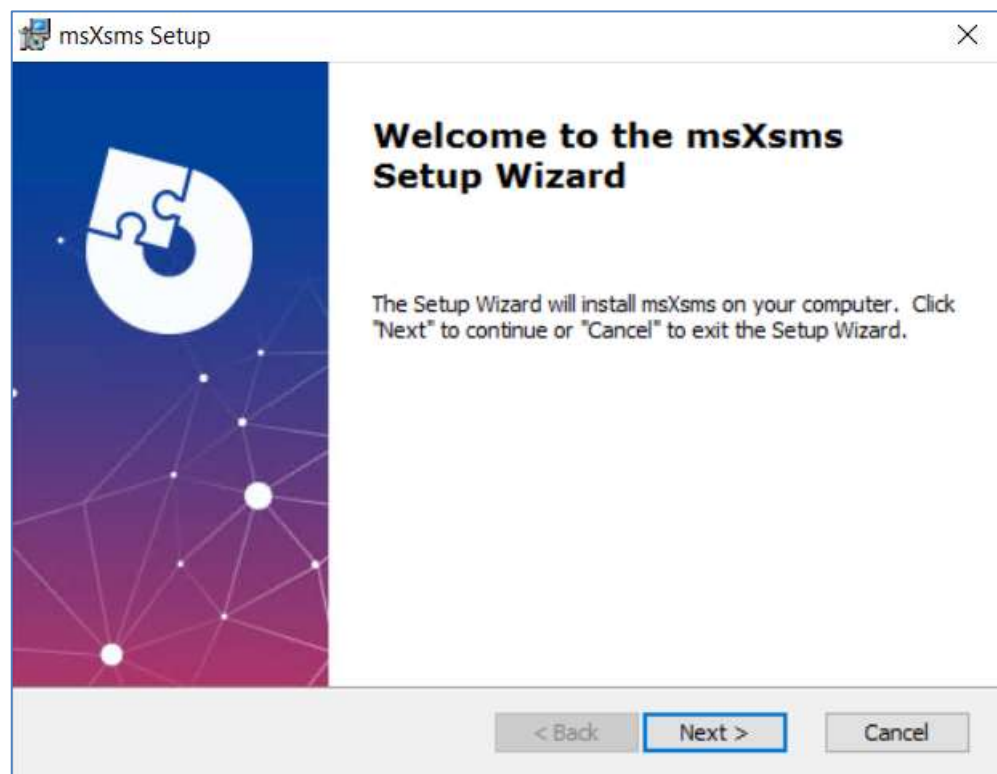
10.1 Before you install the software

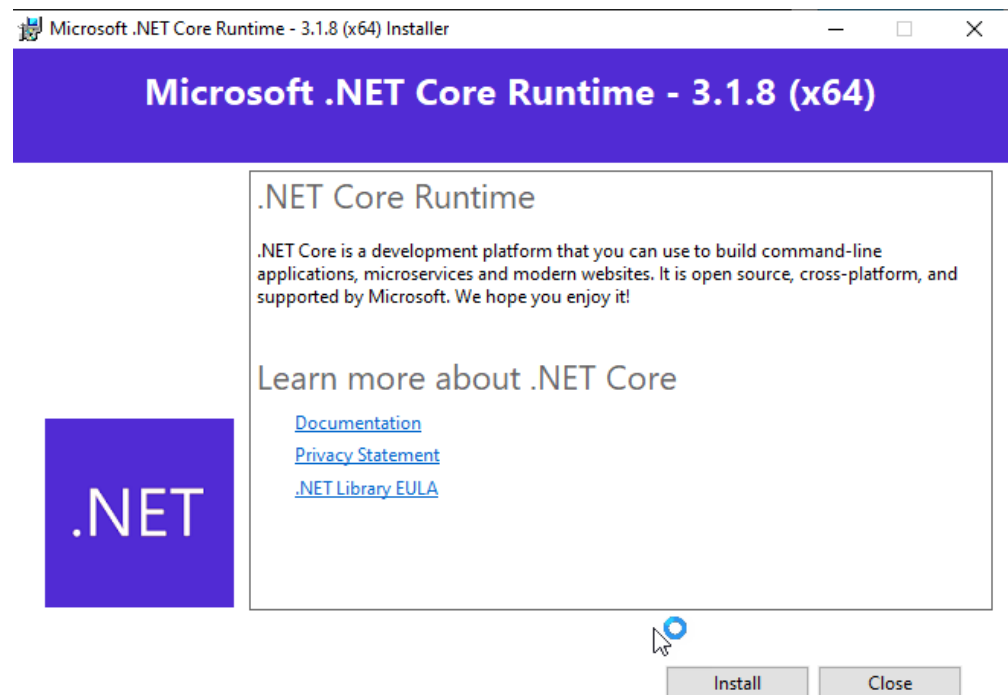
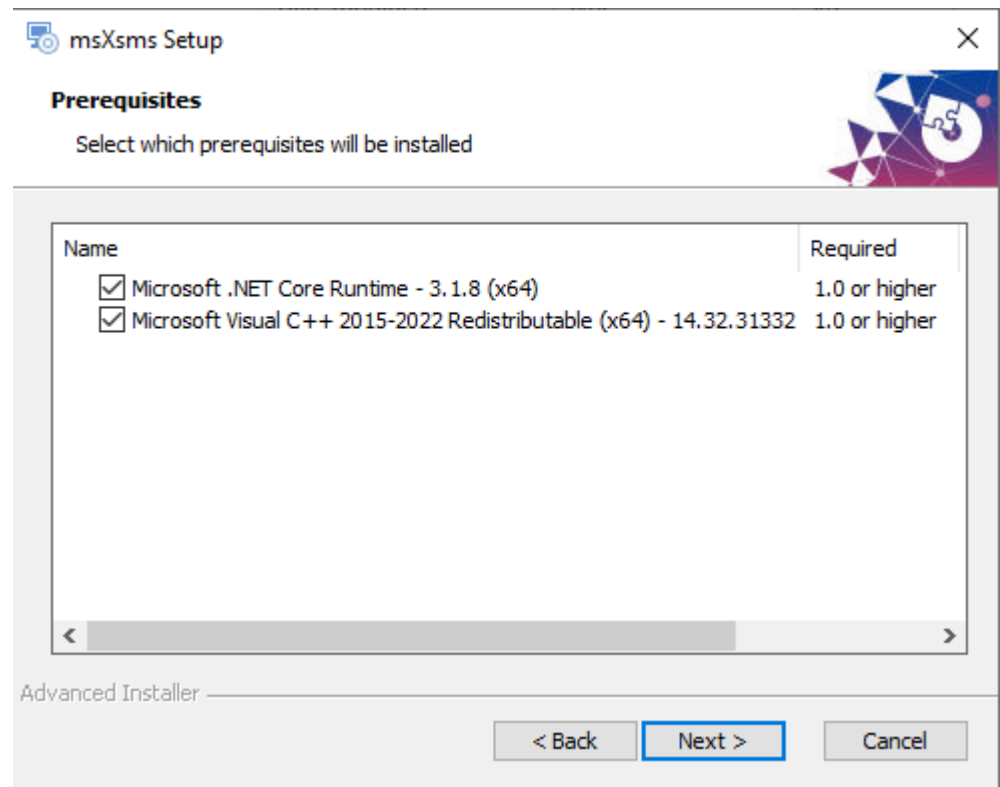
- Ensure that you are logged in with full permissions to the server.
- Add the sms service account you set up to the local administrators group.

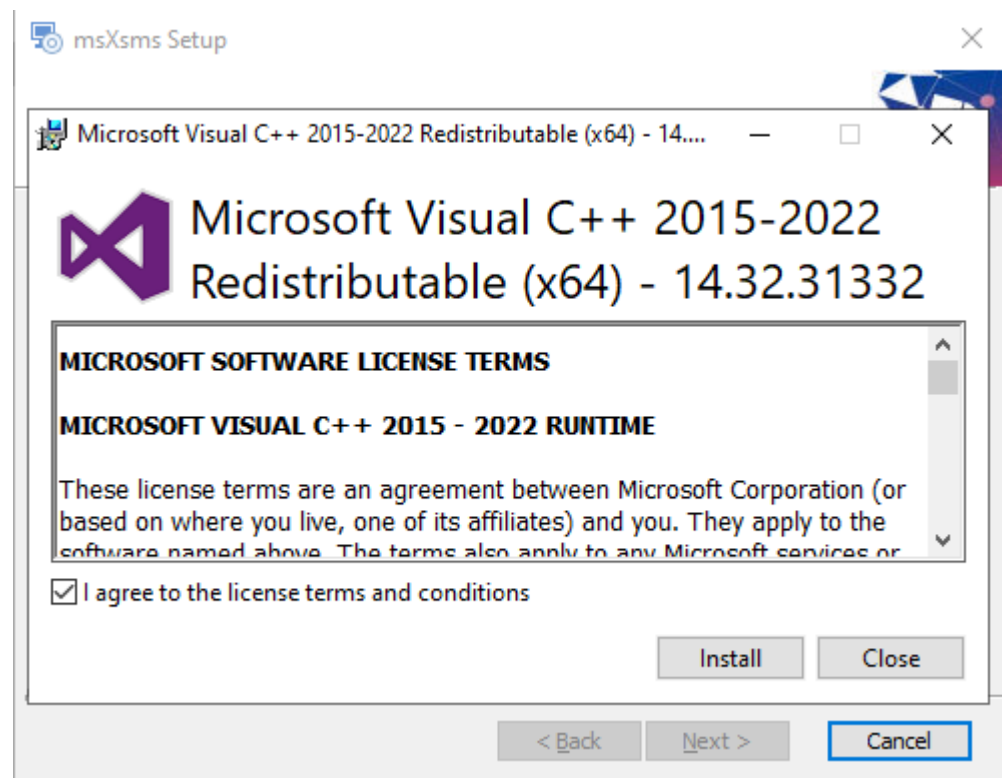
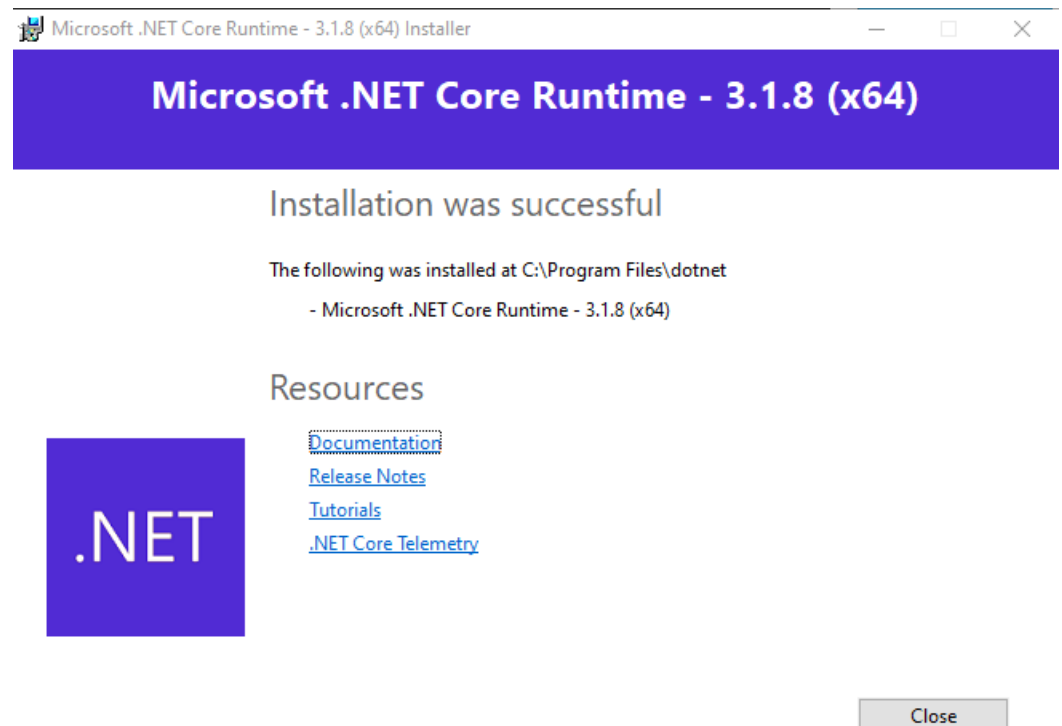
10.2 Run the Setup program

The set up program is located in the directory SMS Software as shown below.

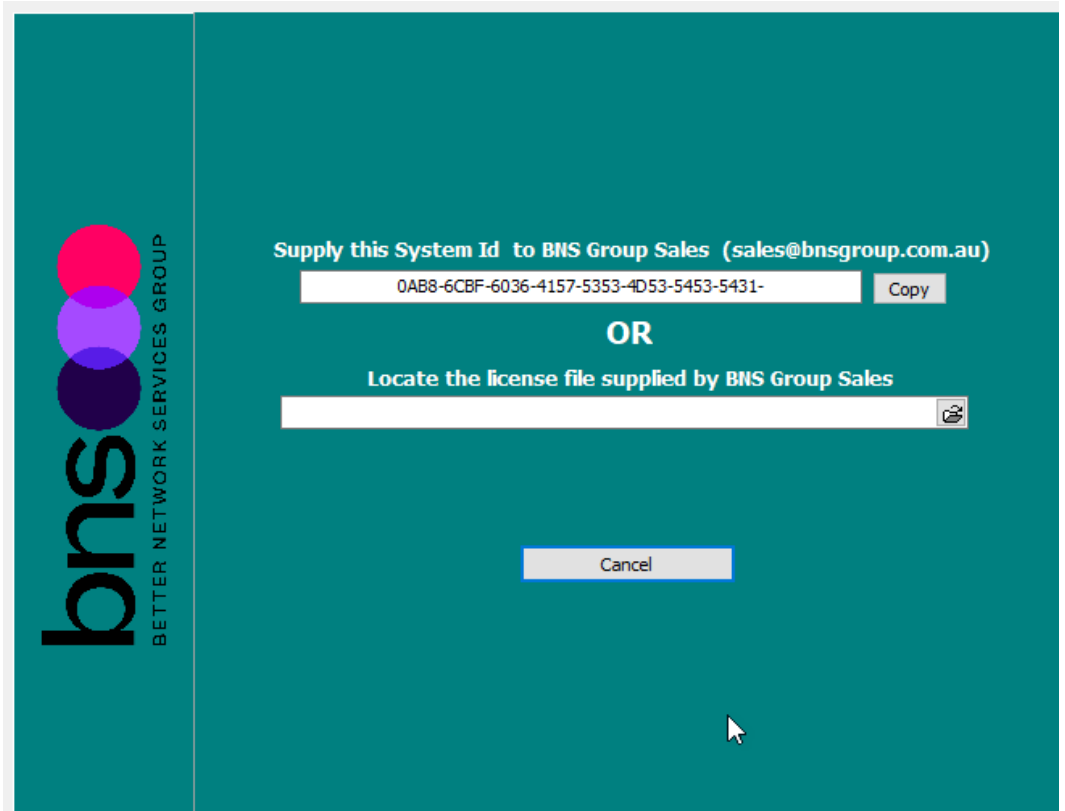
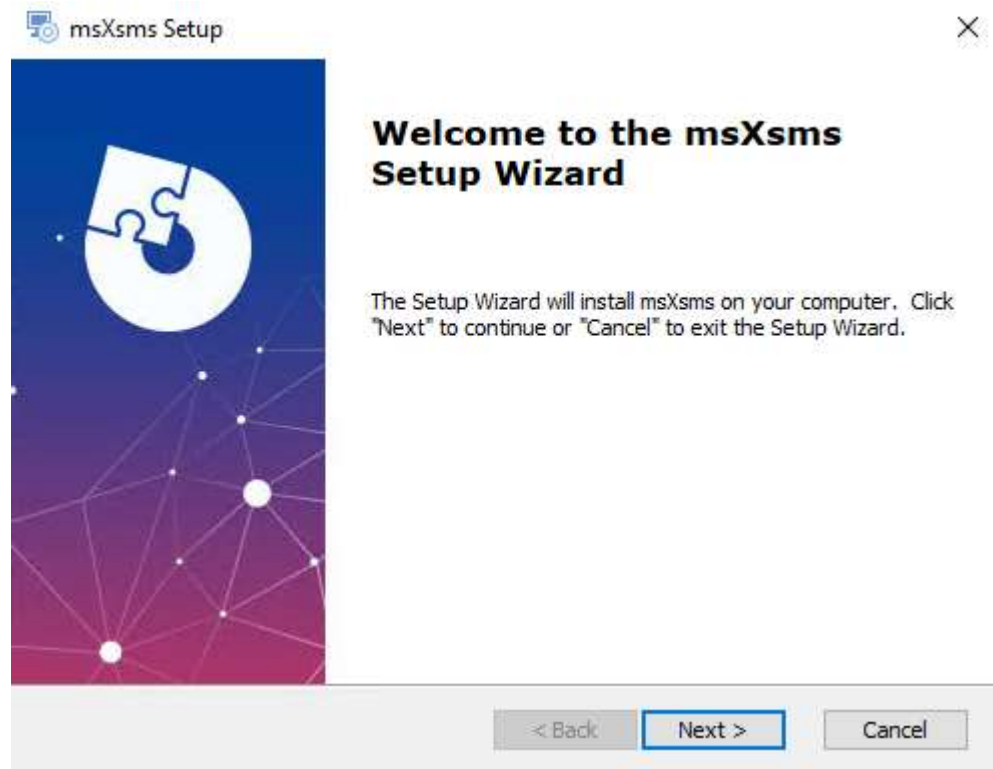
- Run the command prompt elevated.
 - Select Start, All Programs, Accessories then Right click the Command prompt then select 'Run As Administrator'.
- From within the command prompt run the SETUP_SMS.MSI
- Follow the setup wizard.



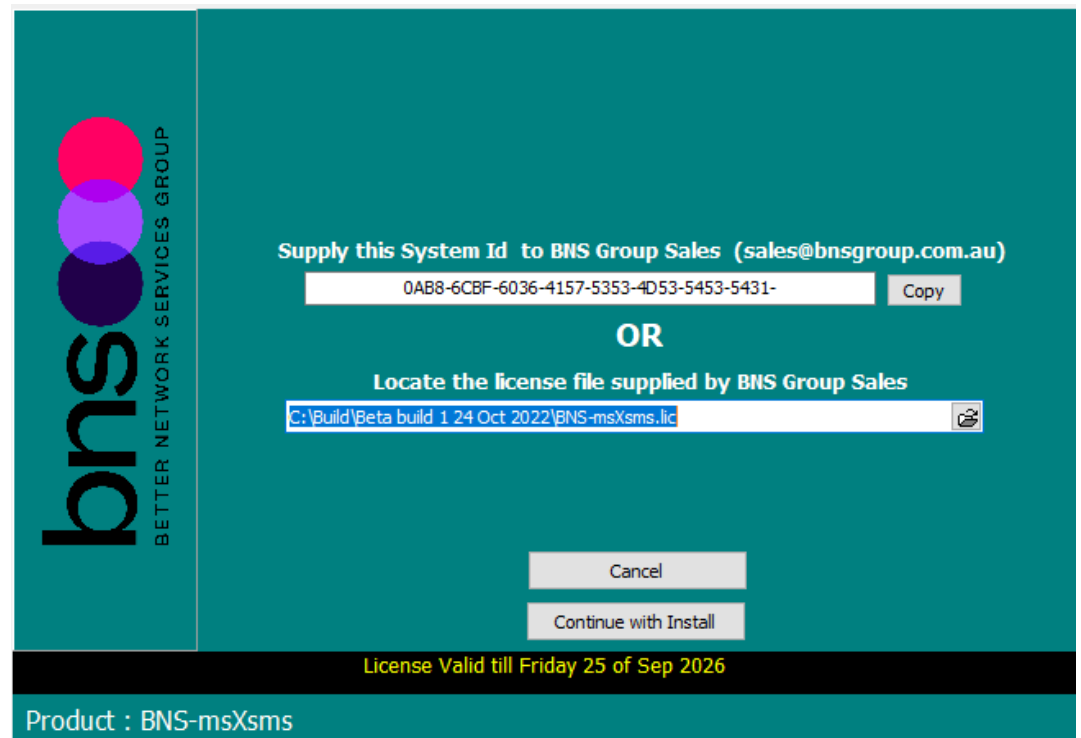




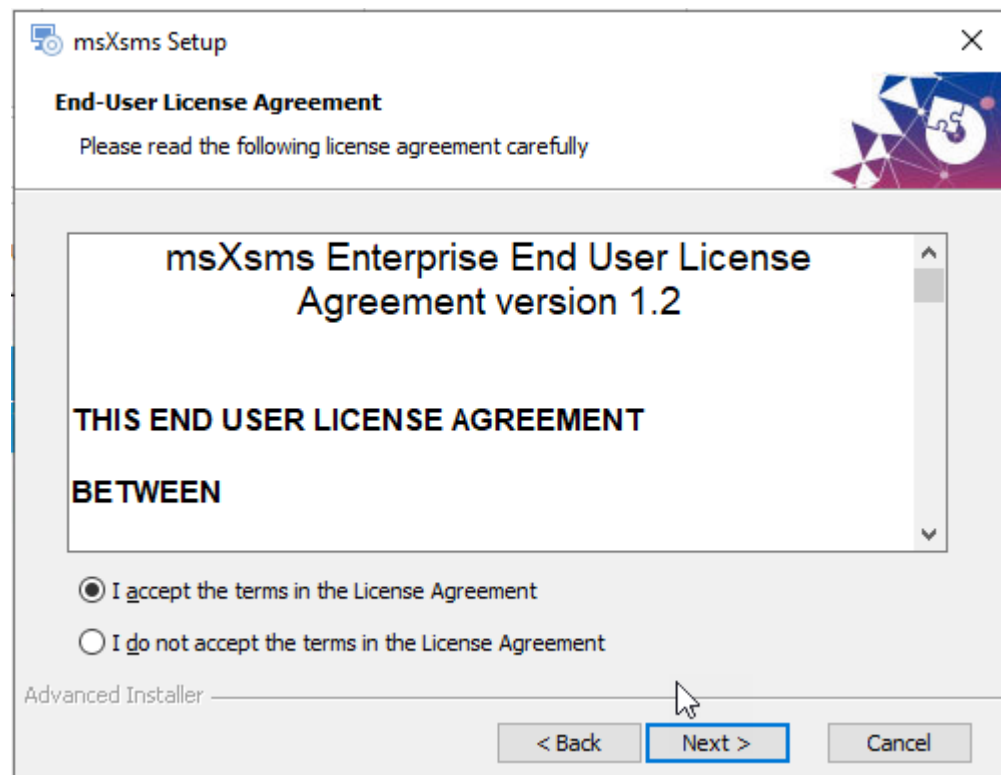
If you see a screen from the installation showing something similar to the following, it is because there is a later version already installed on this server.

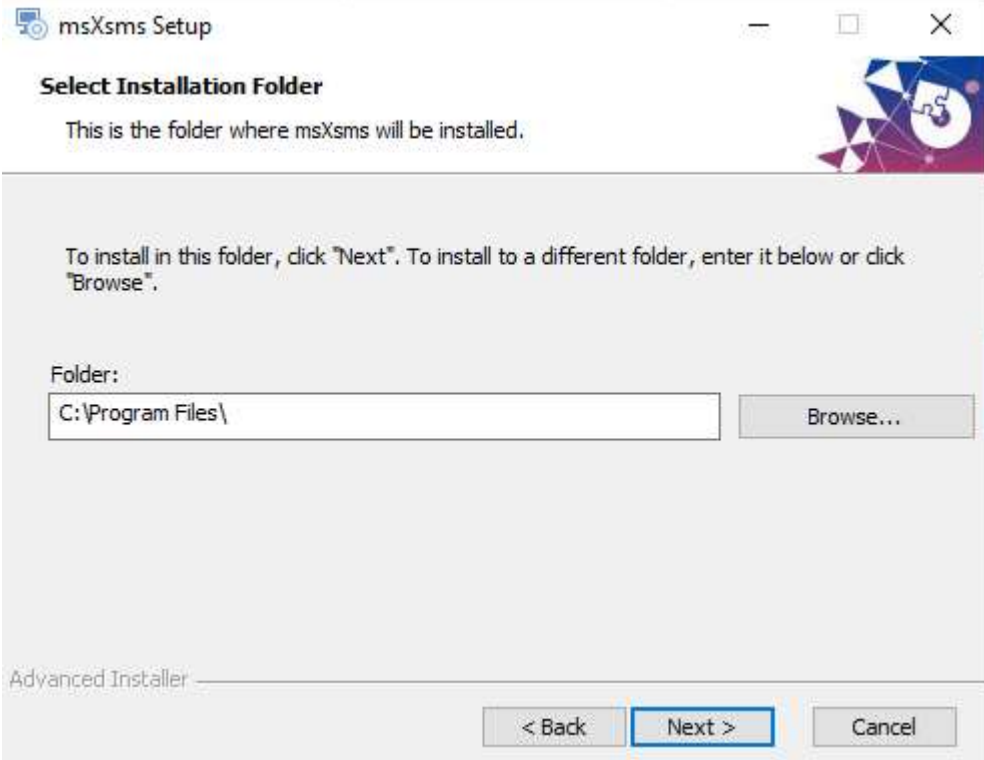


- Locate the license file used earlier.



- Press continue with install once you supply a valid license file.





msXsms Setup

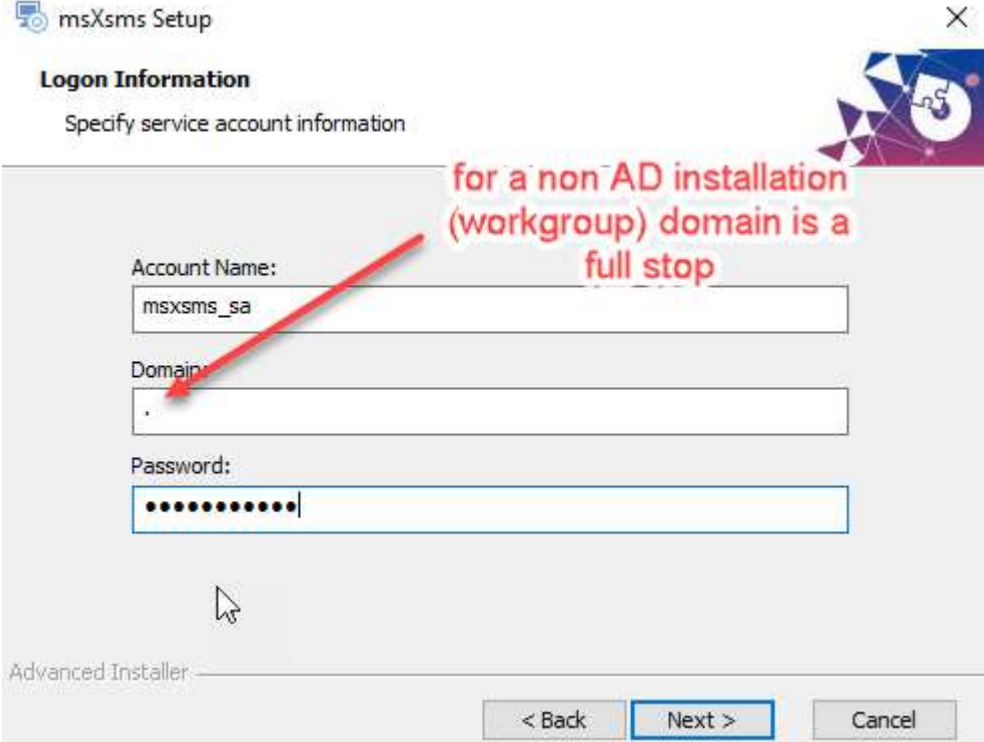
Select Installation Folder

This is the folder where msXsms will be installed.

To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse".

Folder:

Advanced Installer



msXsms Setup

Logon Information

Specify service account information

Account Name:

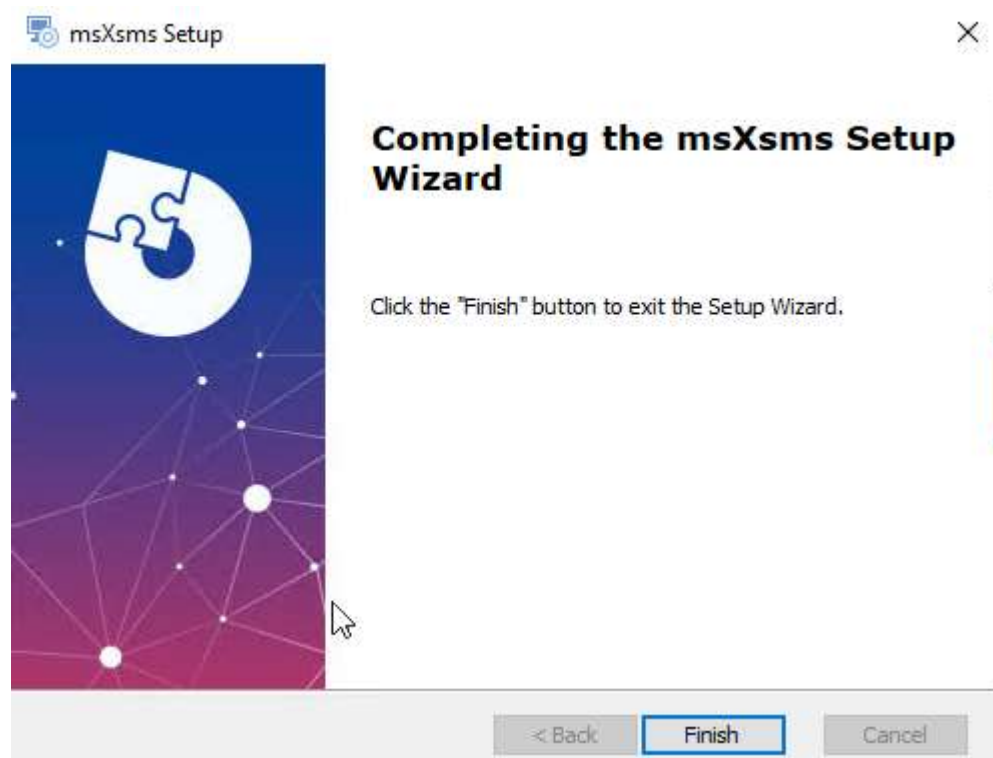
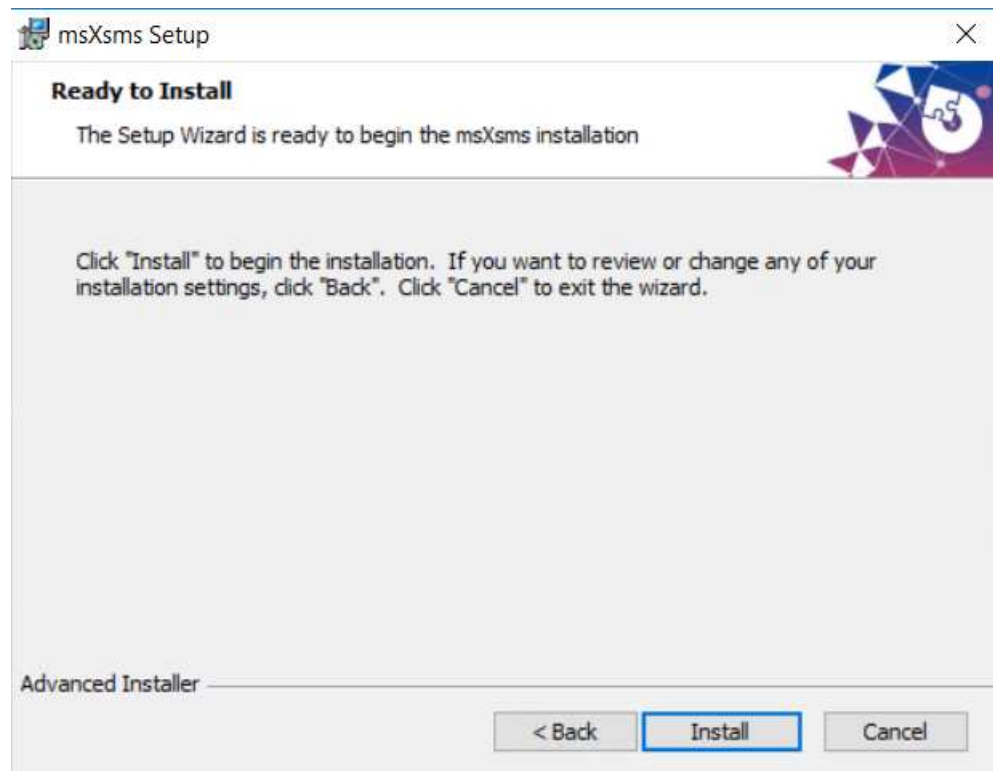
Domain:

Password:

















for a non AD installation (workgroup) domain is a full stop

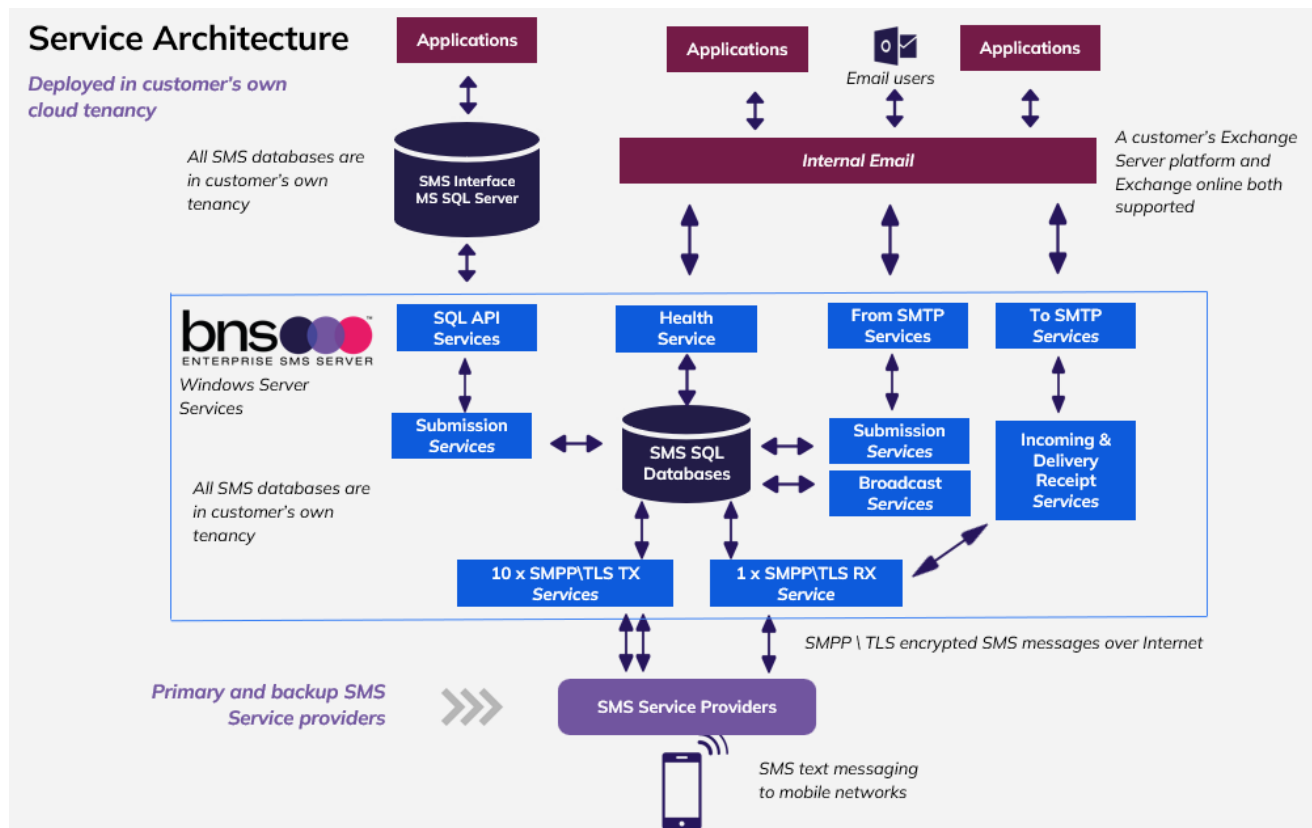
Advanced Installer

All SMS Servers can use the same service account.



10.3 Check the services are installed

 msXsms Connector From SMTP High Priority	Handles High Priority SMS Messages	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Connector From SQL	Accepts application sms requests via Table Tbl_Sql_Api_From_A...	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Connector To SMTP Acknowledgements	Sends Acknowledgements back to Sender	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Connector To SMTP Incoming	Sends Incoming SMS Messages to Exchange Recipients	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Connector To SMTP Queued and Delivered	Sends Queued & Delivered Confirmations back to Sender	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Connector To SQL	Returns sms responses to applications via Table Tbl_Sql_Api_To_...	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms From Exchange Online	Manages reading sms requests from Exchange Online	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Health Service	Monitors SMS Platform by sending periodic SMS messages and...	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Incoming	Handles Incoming and Delivery Confirmation SMS Messages	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms SMSC Connector RX	Handles all Inbound Connectivity to SMSC	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms SMSC Connector TX	Handles all Outbound Connectivity to SMSC	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms SQL TestFrame Service	Works with msXsmsTestframeV2 Client to enable testing of the ...	Disabled	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Submission Alert Priority	Submits Alert Priority SMS Messages into SQL Database	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Submission High Priority	Submits High Priority SMS Messages into SQL Database	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms Submission Simple Broadcast	Submits Low Priority Broadcast SMS Messages into SQL Databa...	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
 msXsms System Attendant	Performs Archiving and System Statistics	Automatic	.\msxsms_sa



10.4 Add the service account to local administrators group

- Check that this has been completed.

10.5 SMS Configuration smsboot.ini

Edit the settings in the smsboot.ini file as required to connect to:

- SQL server Databases
- SMPP Service provider(s)
- SMTP servers or Office 365 SMTP
- Active Directory if applicable
- The relevant ini file values need to be edited. See below.

```
[From-SMTP-Connector]
From-SMTP-Connector-High-IP-str= nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn
From-SMTP-Connector-High-Port-str=25
From-SMTP-Connector-MaxRecipientsInMsg-int=1000
From-SMTP-Connector-EnableWhiteList-bool=0
From-SMTP-Connector-WhiteList-str=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx;yyy.yyy.yyy.yyy
From-SMTP-Connector-SystemAlertDomain-str=alert.sms
From-SMTP-Connector-SupportedSmsDomains-str=all.domains
From-SMTP-Connector-SimpleBroadcastDomains-
str=@broadcast(.*)\.sms;@(.)broadcast\.sms

SMSC-Connector-SMPP-Carriers-
str=SINCH;MessageMedia;Soprano;TIM;OptusProd;OptusDR;Simulator1;Simulator2;Generi
c3.4
SMSC-Connector-SMPP-Production-str=Simulator1 (Enter the SMPP Carrier you are
using from the above certified list)
SMSC-Connector-SMPP-FailOver-str=XXXXXX (enter your backup SMPP carrier if you
have a separate contract with another carrier)

SMSC-Connector-XXXXXXX-SMSC-SystemId-str=enter your SMPP account here

SMSC-Connector-XXXXXXX-SMSC-Password-str=enter your password here

SMSC-Connector-XXXXXXX-SMSC-PasswordEncrypted-int=1 (Set this to 1 after you have
supplied the password. After the services start, the password you entered in
this ini file will be encrypted. Make sure you close the INI file before
starting services.

To-SMTP-Connector-SenderName-str=SMS Gateway
To-SMTP-Connector-SenderEmail-str= Office 365 SMS Service login email address
To-SMTP-Connector-AdministratorEmail-str=Administrator@domain.com
To-SMTP-Connector-SmtpServerDNSorIP-str=smtp.office365.com
To-SMTP-Connector-SmtpServerPort-int=587
To-SMTP-Connector-SmtpUserName-str=Office 365 SMS Service login email address
To-SMTP-Connector-SmtpPassword-PasswordEncrypted-int=1 (change to 1)
```

```

To-SMTP-Connector-SmtPassword-str=your password
To-SMTP-Connector-SmtUseTLSEncryption-int=1
To-SMTP-Connector-MaxAcksToProcess-int=1000
To-SMTP-Connector-MaxConfToProcess-int=1000
To-SMTP-Connector-MaxInboundToProcess-int=1000
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-Ack-str=SMS Conf for:
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-Failed-str=SMS Failed message to:
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-Sent-str=SMS Queued to:
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-Delivered-str=SMS Delivered to:
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-BCast-str=SMS Broadcast request Ref# :
To-SMTP-Connector-SenderName-Inbound-str=[Main_AppCustom1] SMS
To-SMTP-Connector-SenderEmail-Inbound-str=[Main_SMSC_Sender_SMSNo]@outlook.sms
To-SMTP-Connector-SubjectPrefix-Inbound-str=SMS from:

```

```

Incoming-Service-DefaultInboundRouteEmail-str=administrator@domain.com

```

The screenshot shows the Amazon RDS console interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options like Dashboard, Databases, Query Editor, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, and Events. The main content area shows the configuration for a database instance named 'sql'. The 'Summary' section displays the DB identifier 'sql', Role, and Instance. Below this are tabs for 'Connectivity & security', 'Monitoring', and 'Logs'. The 'Connectivity & security' tab is active, showing the 'Endpoint & port' section with the 'Endpoint' highlighted in yellow.

[Database]

```

Database-Prod-SqlServer-str=AWS RDS end point string with ,1433 at the end
Database-Prod-ArchiveSqlServer-str=xxxxxxxxxxx
Database-Prod-SqlDB-str=sms-current
Database-Prod-ArchiveDB-str=sms-archive
Database-Prod-AuthType-str=auServer

```

```
Database-Prod-SqlLogin-str=SQL local user for this SMS Server
Database-Prod-PasswordEncrypted-int=1
Database-Prod-SqlPass-str=password for this SQL local user password will be
encrypted when the services start.
Database-Prod-Port-str=1433
```

Email protective marking (refer to BNS technical support).

```
[SQL-API-Database]
SQL-API-Database-SqlServer-str= AWS RDS end point string with ,1433 at the end

SQL-API-Database-SqlDB-str=SMS-SQL-API
SQL-API-Database-AuthType-str=auServer
SQL-API-Database-SqlLogin-str=your service login
SQL-API-Database-PasswordEncrypted-int=1
SQL-API-Database-SqlPass-str=password of the service password will be encrypted
when the services start.
SQL-API-Database-Port-str=1433
```

```
[From-SQL-LoadBalancer]
SQLI-AnyServer-List-str=SMSServer1:1,SMSServer2:1,SMSServer3:2 (See notes)
SQLI-MyServer-List-str=SMSServer4:1,SMSServer5:1,SMSServer6:1
```

Notes for SQL Load Balancer

1. Keyword ANY Server in the cloud console configuration uses the SQLI-AnyServer-List-str list.
2. Enter your initial server to replace SMSServer1:1 and remove the others in the ANYServer list.
3. Add additional as you deploy them.
4. The :1 in the example above means a weighting for the load balancer. Ie: 1 will be sent to that server, 2 meaning 2 messages will be sent to a server etc in a round robin.
5. This must be set correctly otherwise the server on startup will check the existence of the server

SQLI-MyServer-List-str

1. Administrators can create their own custom server lists to load balance messages to.
2. This applies to SMTP and SQL API.
3. Example: MYServer is like a custom server tag. The tag must be in the format SQLI-TAG-List-str
4. In this example the tag is MYServer.

[System-Health]

[System-Health-External-AlertTheseEmailAdrsEachCycle-str=address1@domain.com,address2@domain.com](#)

- The above email addresses are notified if there is a detected health issue.

System-Health-External-SendEmailsOnExceptionOnly-int=1

System-Health-External-AlertTheseMobilesEachCycle-str=611234567890,611234567098

- The above mobile numbers will receive an SMS at a scheduled time.

System-Health-MessageMask-str=Health Check from Local Server [Server] at Local Time of [DateTime]

System-Health-ShowLastNCharsInServerName-int=4

System-Health-SendTimes24hr-str=0900,1500,2000

- The above times are the defaults for sending a health check SMS

System-Health-MaxCycleTimeInMins-int=30

System-Health-Business-Application-SenderEmailAdr-

str=HealthCheckerServer1@system.internal

System-Health-SmtpServerDNSorIP-str=smtp.office365.com

System-Health-SmtpServerPort-int=587

System-Health-SmtpUseTLSEncryption-int=1

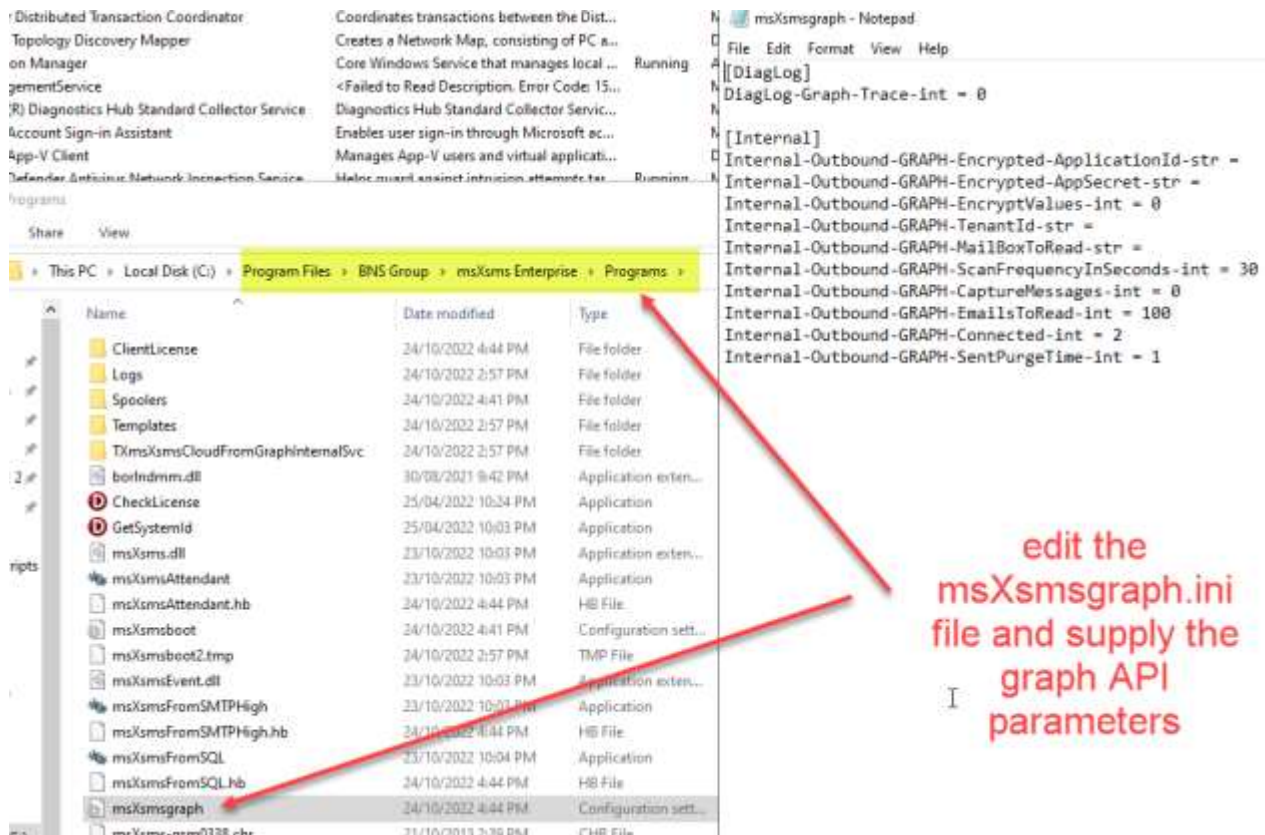
System-Health-SmtpFromDisplayName-str=msXsms Health Check Service

System-Health-SmtpUserName-str= Office 365 SMS Service login email address

System-Health-SmtpPassword-EncryptPassword-int=1 (Set this to 1)

System-Health-SmtpPassword-str= Office 365 SMS Service password

10.6 Graph API Settings

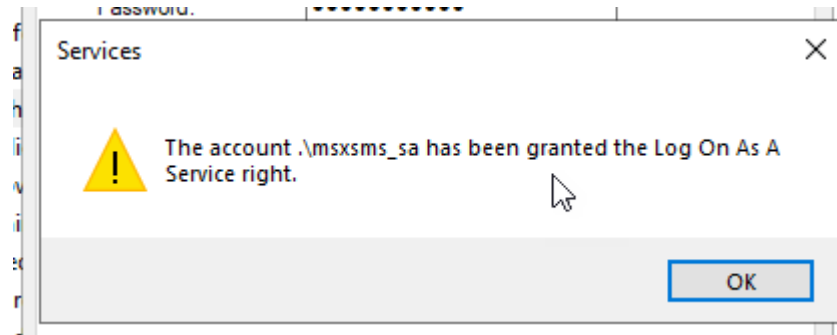


edit the
msXsmsgraph.ini
file and supply the
graph API
parameters

- These parameters were created in the previous chapter Exchange Online mailbox.

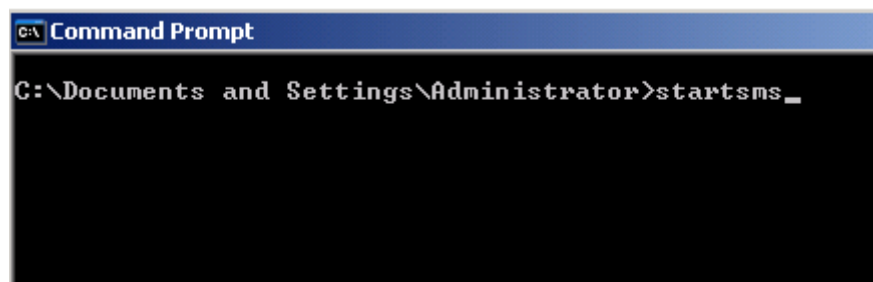
10.7 Check services

- In service control manager, set the password again to assign logon as service permission for the windows service account



ALL services are set to run 'manual' except for the SMS System Attendant Service.

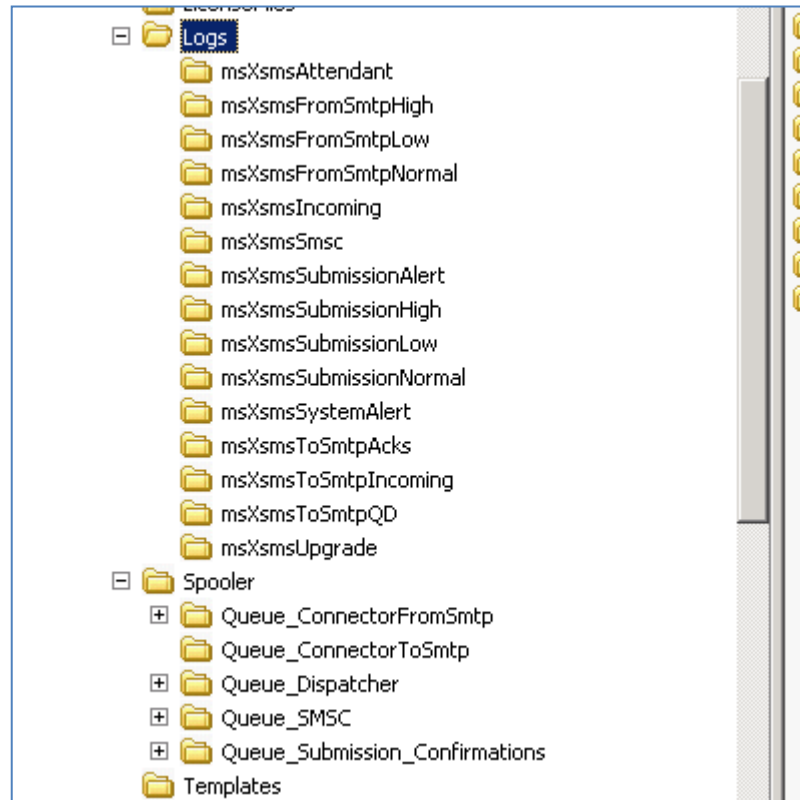
- Some services must be disabled by design, for example:
 - SQL API Services will be disabled on servers which are not eligible in the design to take control over the API databases. Refer to API Control table implementation.
- Other services must be set to MANUAL on production and DR servers except for the msXsms Attendant which is always to be set to Automatic on both production and DR SMS Servers.
- You can start all services by starting just the SMS System Attendant.
- Another method is to Run STARTSMS. This method starts the services quicker.
- STARTSMS can be run from the Windows search option next to the Windows Start button or by launching a CMD window.



Stopsms stops all services but for now please make sure all services are running.

10.8 Check log files for all services

SMS services produces detailed log files which can be found in the following folders.



Open each log file to see if the services started without any errors and were able to connect to SQL.

```

180309.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
18Mar2009 11:24:49:580 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Service Started
18Mar2009 11:24:49:751 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Error - Boot Configuration file missing, please configure system.
18Mar2009 11:24:49:876 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Service Stopped
18Mar2009 11:51:27:479 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Service Started
18Mar2009 11:51:27:604 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Connecting to SQL Database using windows Credentials.
18Mar2009 11:51:27:870 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Conncted to Production SQL Database - msXsms-Current
18Mar2009 11:51:27:995 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Software Version : 1.7.30 Database version : 1.7.29
18Mar2009 11:51:28:120 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Error - The Database and Software versions are incompatible, if a so
18Mar2009 12:18:43:287 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Service Started
18Mar2009 12:18:43:459 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Connecting to SQL Database using windows Credentials.
18Mar2009 12:18:43:959 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Conncted to Production SQL Database - msXsms-Current
18Mar2009 12:18:44:100 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Software Version : 1.7.30 Database version : 1.7.30
18Mar2009 12:18:44:209 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Server f2psms1 is set to status of Active
18Mar2009 12:18:44:365 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_UserCache into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:44:475 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 0 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:44:584 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_SMPP_Providers into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:44:693 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 5 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:44:803 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_SMSC_SMSNumbers into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:44:912 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 2 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:45:021 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_Business_Apps into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:45:131 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 1 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:45:240 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_Sender_Domain_Defaults into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:45:350 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 1 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:45:459 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loading Tbl_Network_Alert into memory
18Mar2009 12:18:45:584 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Loaded 0 record(s) into memory.
18Mar2009 12:18:45:693 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Server F2PSMS1 is running in Active mode and will process outbound a
18Mar2009 12:18:46:115 : < msXsmsSmsc > : Connected and Authenticated with smsglobal.com.au on port 1775

```

Log file smsSmsc shows the initial startup of the service which created the ini file then stopped.

When the ini file was edited with correct configuration values and the services were subsequently started, connection to SQL failed because version checking of the software versus the database version did not match.

Connection and binding to the SMS Service provider is the final stage of a successful startup in this example log file.

10.8.1 Licensing

To fully license your product, you are required to supply a value called "System ID" to your reseller who in turn obtains a license key for the subscription period eg: 12 months.

The System ID is nothing more than a value generated which is tied to the configuration of your hardware. It does not identify anything about your organization or credentials or any other elements which would breach security. It is only a means of generating a key pair based on your server configuration.

10.9 Anti-virus software

After the software has been installed the following directories must be excluded from being scanned:

Exclude these directories from Real time scanning and scheduled scans

Program files\BNS Group and all sub directories

Program files(x86)\BNS Group and all sub directories

10.9.1 Windows Server Windows Defender

For performance reasons it is recommended to exclude the BNS Group folder from being scanned for threat protection.

- Settings
- Update and Security
- Windows Security
- Virus & threat protection

The screenshot displays the Windows Security application window. On the left is a navigation pane with icons and labels for Home, Virus & threat protection (which is selected), Firewall & network protection, App & browser control, and Device security. The main area shows the 'Virus & threat protection' section. It includes a summary of the last scan (30/04/2020 2:37 AM, quick scan) with 0 threats found and a scan duration of 1 minute 59 seconds. Below this is a 'Quick scan' button and links for 'Scan options' and 'Threat history'. The 'Virus & threat protection settings' section shows 'No action needed.' and a 'Manage settings' link. A red arrow points to this link with the text 'select this'. The 'Virus & threat protection updates' section shows 'Protection definitions are up to date.' On the right side of the window, there are links for 'Who's protecting me' (Manage providers), 'Change your privacy' (View and change privacy for your Windows 10), and links for 'Privacy settings', 'Privacy dashboard', and 'Privacy Statement'.

←

☰

🏠 Home

🛡️ Virus & threat protection

🔒 Firewall & network protection

📁 App & browser control

📱 Device security

Last scan: 30/04/2020 2:37 AM (quick scan)
0 threats found.
Scan lasted 1 minutes 59 seconds
16523 files scanned.

Quick scan

[Scan options](#)

[Threat history](#)

[Virus & threat protection settings](#)

No action needed.

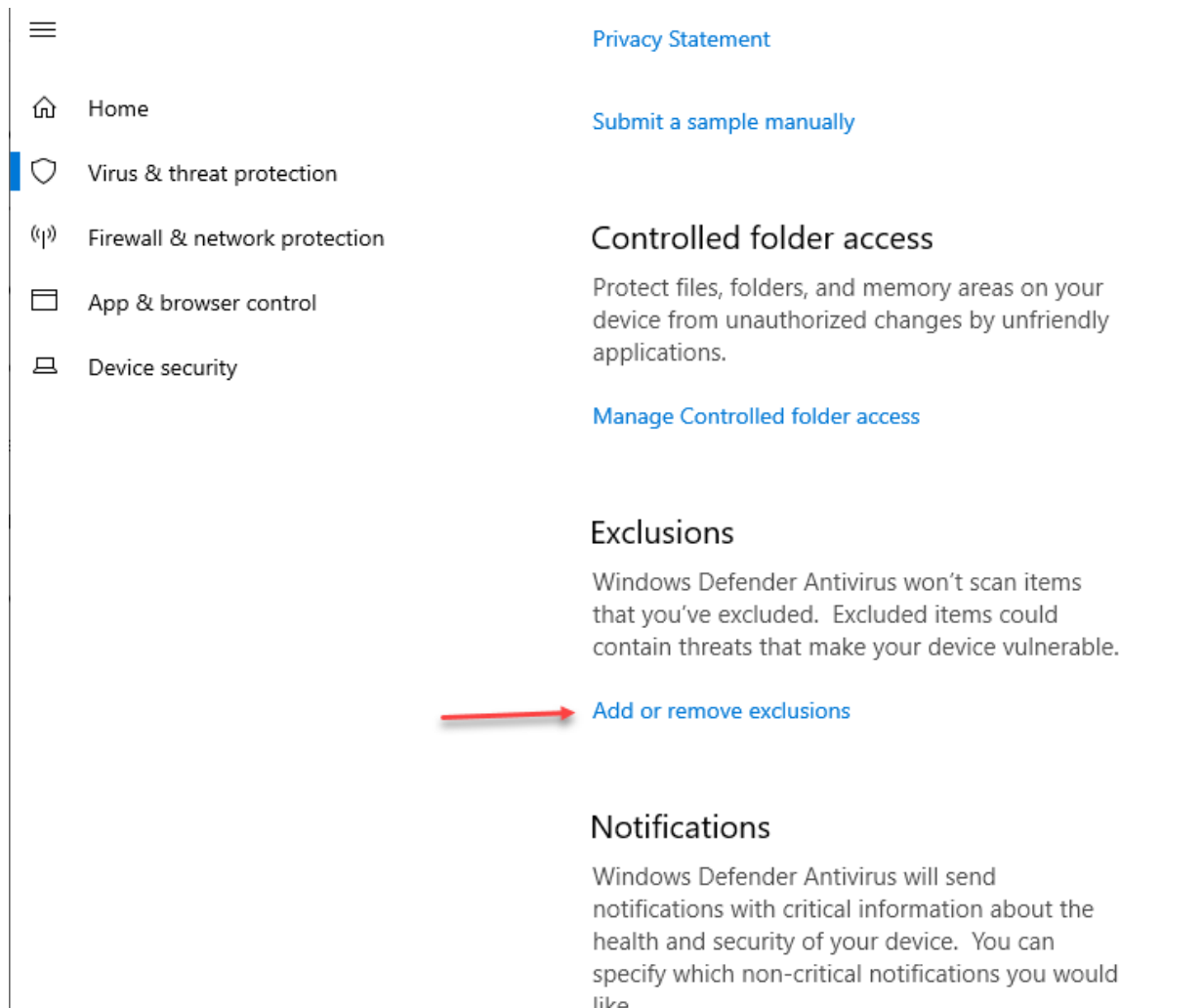
[Manage settings](#) ← select this

[Virus & threat protection updates](#)

Protection definitions are up to date.

Who's protecting me
[Manage providers](#)

Change your privacy
View and change privacy for your Windows 10
[Privacy settings](#)
[Privacy dashboard](#)
[Privacy Statement](#)



The screenshot shows the Windows Security application window. On the left is a navigation pane with icons and labels: Home, Virus & threat protection (highlighted with a blue bar), Firewall & network protection, App & browser control, and Device security. The main content area on the right has a title bar with 'Privacy Statement' and 'Submit a sample manually' links. Below this is the 'Controlled folder access' section, which explains that it protects files, folders, and memory areas from unauthorized changes by unfriendly applications, with a link to 'Manage Controlled folder access'. The 'Exclusions' section follows, stating that Windows Defender Antivirus won't scan excluded items, which could contain threats. A red arrow points to the 'Add or remove exclusions' link. The 'Notifications' section at the bottom explains that Windows Defender Antivirus sends critical notifications about health and security, and users can specify which non-critical notifications they want.

Windows Security

←

☰

🏠 Home

🛡️ Virus & threat protection

🔒 Firewall & network protection

📁 App & browser control

📱 Device security

🕒 Protection history

Privacy Statement

[Submit a sample manually](#)

Controlled folder access

Protect files, folders, and memory areas on your device from unauthorized changes by unfriendly applications.

[Manage Controlled folder access](#)

Exclusions

Windows Defender Antivirus won't scan items that you've excluded. Excluded items could contain threats that make your device vulnerable.

[Add or remove exclusions](#)

Notifications

Windows Defender Antivirus will send notifications with critical information about the health and security of your device. You can specify which non-critical notifications you would like.

Exclusions

Add or remove items that you want to exclude from Microsoft Defender Antivirus scans.

+ Add an exclusion

C:\Program Files\BNS Group
Folder

Adding the BNS Group root folder will exclude sub folders will prevent Defender consuming excessive CPU on a busy system.



SECTION 11 Data Analytics

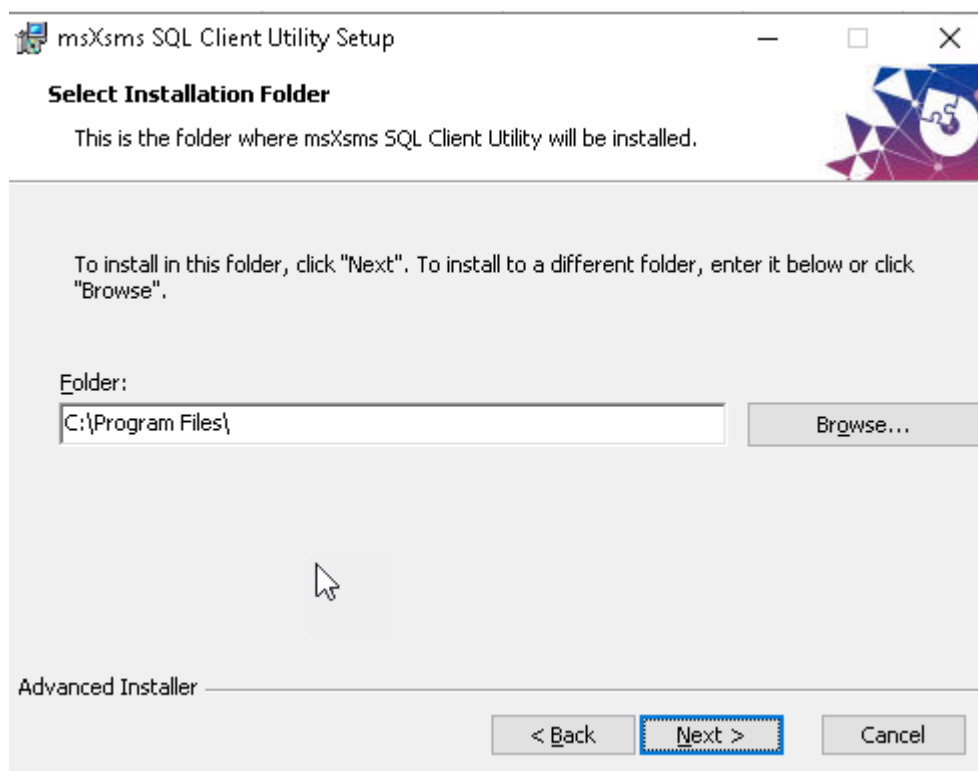
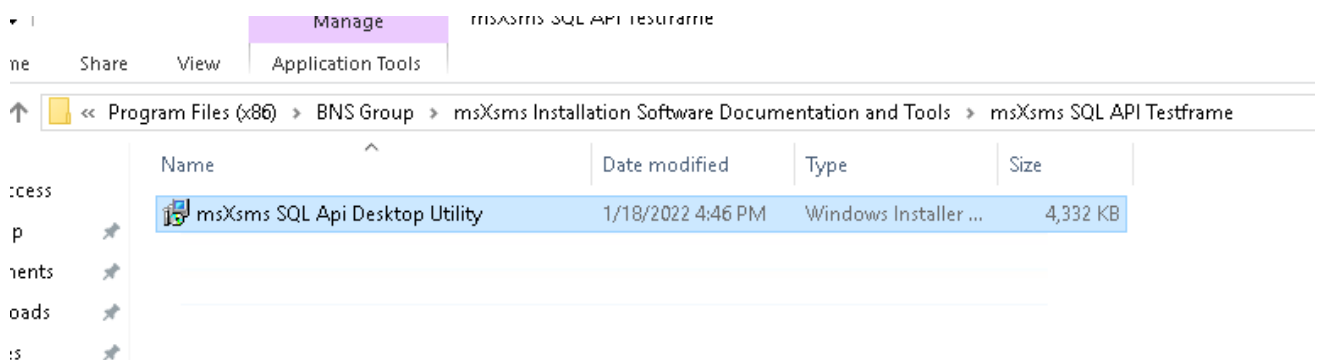
11.1 Available in 2023

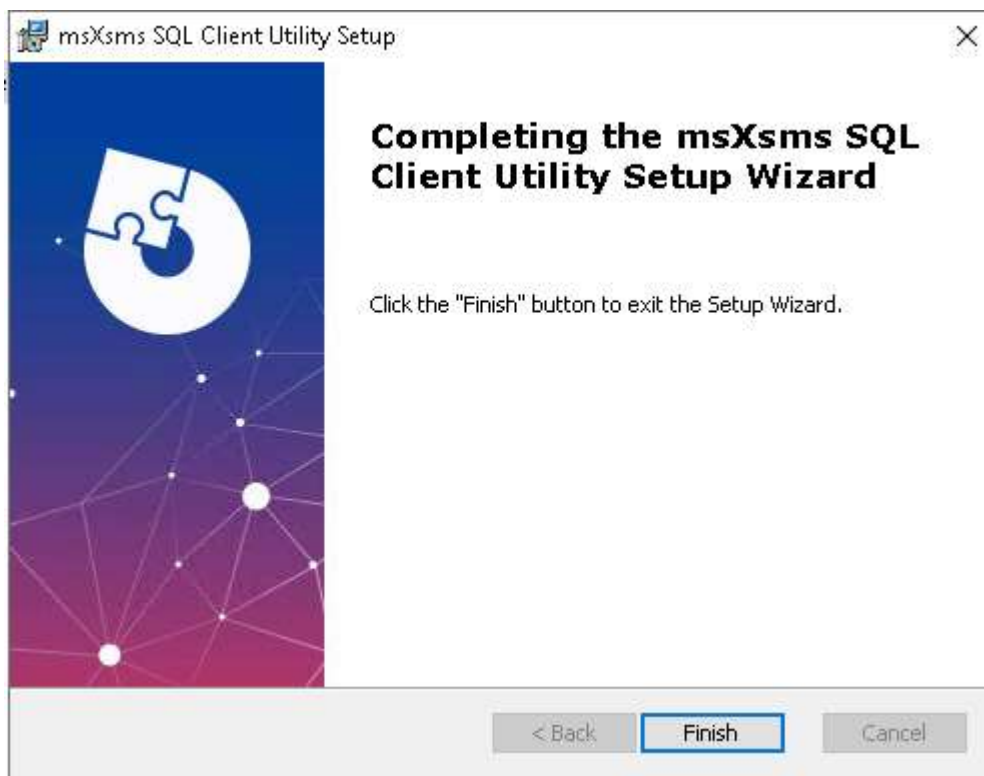
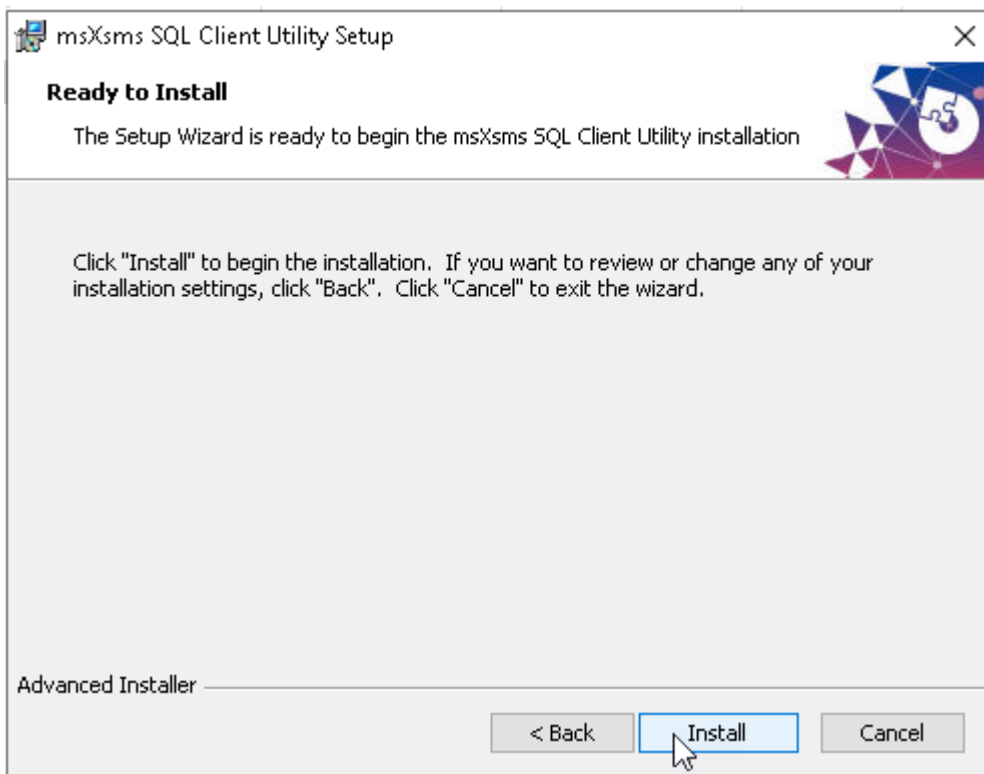
To be documented.

SECTION 12 Test tool – SMS SQL API Desktop utility

12.1 Installing the test tool

From the installation folders. Run the setup.





12.2 Configuring the test tool

KB article required for test tool >

SECTION 13 Health Service

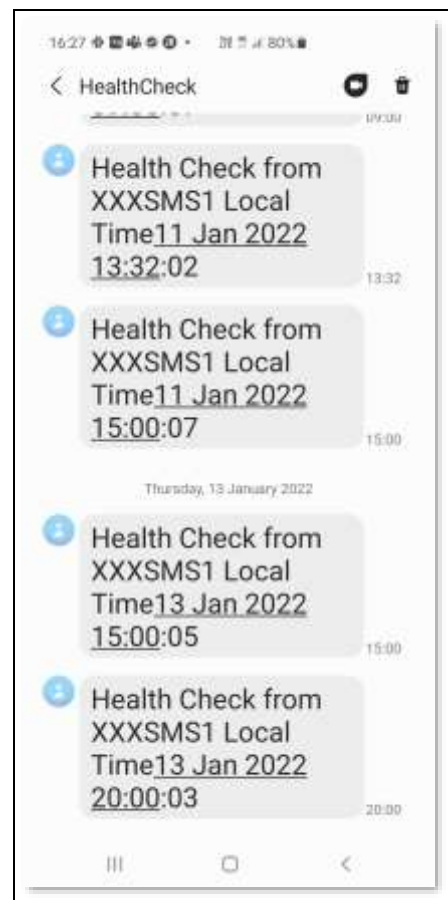
13.1 What is the Health Service?

The health service is a Windows Service running on each SMS Server. The service sends test SMS messages to a configured set of mobile numbers at times defined by the system administrator.

For example, a system engineer and/or platform owner can receive multiple SMS messages from that server during the day to prove that end to end connectivity is fully operational.

A platform owner would expect an SMS from the servers at say 9am in the morning and 3pm in the afternoon. If the SMS messages do not arrive that will be an indication that something is not operational either within the customer's network or the service provider or the mobile telecommunications network.

Example phone SMS messages. Some customers do not allow full server names to be exposed on public networks. **Eg: Federal Government. That is configurable.**






13.2 System alerts

In addition to the health service, the system will send email alerts to a nominated email address if it detects warnings or errors.


The health service can detect a SMS message flow problem and report it via email to the nominated system administrator email address.

Example email message from the Health service to the system administrator showing that SMS message flow issues were detected.

FAILED :msXsms Health Check Report for F3MSXSMS16 - Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:30:02


BNS Service Account
 To  Clive Pereira;  Laurence Buchanan

↩ Reply ↩ Reply All → Forward



Periodic Health check report performed on SMS message flow

Health Service -----> SQL Server F3SQL2019/Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App

Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:02 - SMS to 61412869513 placed in SQL Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App Table
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:02 - SMS to 61412869531 placed in SQL Tbl_Sql_Api_From_App Table

Health Service <----- msXsms Connector From SQL Service

Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:07 - SMS to 61412869513 assigned to SMS Server F3MSXSMS16 for processing
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:07 - SMS to 61412869531 assigned to SMS Server F3MSXSMS16 for processing

Health Service <----- msXsms Connector To SQL Service

Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:12 - SMS to 61412869513 with messageid 503 has been accepted by provider
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:28 - SMS to 61412869513 has failed with error (2) Message is undeliverable by SMSC [**** ERROR ****]
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:12 - SMS to 61412869531 with messageid 504 has been accepted by provider
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:00:28 - SMS to 61412869531 with messageid 504 has been delivered by provider

Health Service <----- msXsms Server F3MSXSMS16

Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:30:02 one or more messages were not delivered in 30 minute(s) [**** ERROR ****]
 Fri 14 Jan 2022 09:30:02 ***** Health check has FAILED *****

-----END OF REPORT-----

13.3 Configuring the Health Service

Configuration of the Health service is in the smsboot.ini file in the programs folder.

This PC > Local Disk (C:) > Program Files (x86) > BNS Group > msXsms > Programs >				
Name	Date modified	Type	Size	
msXsmsboot	1/14/2022 3:51 PM	Configuration sett...	26 KB	
msXsmsboot1.tmp	1/10/2022 1:05 PM	TMP File	25 KB	
msXsmsboot2.tmp	9/18/2021 12:20 PM	TMP File	24 KB	

The ini file contains the parameters for the Health service to function

[System-Health]

System-Health-External-AlertTheseEmailAdrsEachCycle-str=**emailaddress1,emailaddress2**

System-Health-External-SendEmailsOnExceptionOnly-int=1

System-Health-External-AlertTheseMobilesEachCycle-str=**61412nnnnnnn,61412nnnnnnn**

System-Health-MessageMask-str=Health Check from [Server] Local Time[DateTime]

System-Health-ShowLastNCharsInServerName-int=4

System-Health-SendTimes24hr-str=0900,1500,2000

System-Health-MaxCycleTimeInMins-int=30

System-Health-Business-Application-SenderEmailAdr-str=**HealthCheckerServer<ServerName>@system.internal**

System-Health-SmtpServerDNSorIP-str=smtp.office365.com

System-Health-SmtpServerPort-int=587

System-Health-SmtpUseTLSEncryption-int=1

System-Health-SmtpFromDisplayName-str=**msXsms Health Check Service**

System-Health-SmtpUserName-str=<**customer's smtp user email address used for the service to send emails. Eg: SMSServiceAccount@xxxxxxxxxxxxxx**>

System-Health-SmtpPassword-EncryptPassword-int=0

System-Health-SmtpPassword-str=C2A96FC2B06AC2ADC288C2ABC2906F7BC2A6C29CC28A7B7BC28C7D717E7E

System-Health-SyslogPort-int=514

Configure the ini file

- nominate the email addresses to receive error reports in relation to health.
- Nominate the mobile numbers to receive health check SMS messages each day.
- Create a business application entry for the health service for each SMS Server. **HealthCheckerServer<ServerName>@system.internal**. Set the name in the ini file to match the entry you made in the business applications section of the SMS cloud console. All administration functions through the SMS console are documented in <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/console>
- when setting the initial password for the SMTP email user account used to send emails, set System-Health-SmtpPassword-EncryptPassword-int=1
- Set the value of the password in System-Health-SmtpPassword-str then save and close the ini file. Stop SMS services using an elevated CMD window command STOPSMS
- Then run STARTSMS from the same CMD window. After all services are started, the password in the smsboot.ini file should then be encrypted.
-

SECTION 14 Configuring other services

14.1 Simple broadcast

Simple broadcast is currently restricted to SMTP based submissions using internal email servers sending on port 25.

- Simple broadcast requires the following services to be enabled on the SMS Server:
 - sms from SMTP service
 - sms submission services

Refer to the simple broadcast admin guide - > [Simple Broadcast Admin Guide \(bnsgroup.com.au\)](http://bnsgroup.com.au/SimpleBroadcastAdminGuide)

Refer to the simple broadcast end user guide - > [Send Simple SMS Broadcast from Outlook \(bnsgroup.com.au\)](http://bnsgroup.com.au/SendSimpleSMSBroadcastFromOutlook)

14.2 SMS Submissions using SMTP

SMTP to SMS is currently restricted to internal email servers sending on port 25.

By default, some of the services supporting SMTP are set to disabled.

To activate all of the required services to support SMTP ensure that all of the services are set to manual from disabled

msXsms Connector From SMTP High Priority	Handles Hi...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Connector From SQL	Accepts ap...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Connector To SMTP Acknowledgements	Sends Ackn...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Connector To SMTP Incoming	Sends Inco...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Connector To SMTP Queued and Delivered	Sends Queu...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Connector To SQL	Returns sms...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Health Service	Monitors S...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Incoming	Handles Inc...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms SMSC Connector RX	Handles all l...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms SMSC Connector TX	Handles all ...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Submission Alert Priority	Submits Ale...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Submission High Priority	Submits Hi...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms Submission Simple Broadcast	Submits Lo...	Running	Manual	.\msxsms_sa
msXsms System Attendant	Performs Ar...	Running	Automatic	.\msxsms_sa

Previous versions of BNS's SMS Enterprise SMS server software had 3 SMTP priorities: Low Normal and High.

BNS changed this in version 2.0 of the software because SQL interfaces will be used mainly for applications in the future.

In Version 2.0 there are 2 x FROM SMTP services and 2 x Submission Services.

One is designated as HIGH priority and the other as NORMAL priority. SMTP priority allows messages to traverse the Exchange server system as quick as possible for SMTP based applications based on the destination address space eg:

[number@high.sms](#) and [number@normal.sms](#)

All SMS transmission priorities are now controlled in the Applications & Users section of the SMS console.

BNS may implement its GRAPH API support into the platform allowing Exchange online transport rules to route SMS traffic via a mailbox. This is only to be used for low volumes. All high volumes are to use SQL as the main interface.

14.2.1 Exchange on-premises transport role servers

Customers with Exchange on-premises transport role servers can continue to use private domain addressing with the .SMS extension.

Eg: POLICY_RENEWALS.SMS

14.2.1.1 smsboot.ini file listen on port 25

The IP address of this server needs to be defined in the smsboot.ini file and firewall rules on the Windows Server need to allow connections on port 25.

INI File parameters

[From-SMTP-Connector]

From-SMTP-Connector-High-IP-str=nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn

From-SMTP-Connector-High-Port-str=25

14.2.2 Exchange Online transport rules

Exchange Online transport rules can be used to re-direct outbound SMS requests to a mailbox for processing by the SMS Server.

How to create a new transport rule in Exchange Online

Set rule conditions

Name and set conditions for your transport rule

Name *

QASMS

Apply this rule if *

The recipient domain is

A recipient's domain is [Enter words](#)

← specify domain →

this example shows the QA environment being used in BNS's O365 tenancy

QASMS

Edit Delete

0 items

enter your value then press add

An example could be BHP.SMS or BNS.SMS or ABC.SMS etc.

specify domain

Add Edit  Delete

1 item

☐ QA.SMS

Press Save

**Save**

Cancel

Set rule conditions

Name and set conditions for your transport rule

Name *

QA.SMS

Apply this rule if *

The recipient

domain is



A recipient's domain is 'QA.SMS'



Do the following *

Redirect the message to

these recipients



Redirect the message to [Select one](#)




Except if

Select one

Select one



 Select the mailbox of the primary active SMS server

Set rule conditions

Name and set conditions for your transport rule

Name *

QA.SMS

Apply this rule if *

The recipient

domain is

A recipient's domain is 'QA.SMS'

Do the following *

Redirect the message to

these recipients

Redirect the message to 'QAMailbox1@bnsgroup.com.au'

Except if

Select one

Select one

nominate the primary sms server
mailbox

Set rule settings

Set settings for your transport rule

Rule mode

- ☒ Enforce
- ☐ Test with Policy Tips
- ☐ Test without Policy Tips

Severity *

Not specified

☐ Activate this rule on

10/11/2022



-

3:30 PM



☐ Deactivate this rule on

10/11/2022



-

3:30 PM



☐ Stop processing more rules

☐ Defer the message if rule processing doesn't complete

Match sender address in message *

Header



Comments

This transport rule is used for sending SMS messages from users and applications which can only support the email interface.

Back

Next

Review and finish

After your finish creating this rule, it is turned off by default until you turn it on from the Rules page

Rule name

QA.SMS

Rule comments

This transport rule is used for sending SMS messages from users and applications which can only support the email interface.

Rule conditions

Apply this rule if

A recipient's domain is 'QA.SMS'

Do the following

Redirect the message to 'QAMailbox1@bnsgroup.com.au'

Except if

[Edit rule conditions](#)

Rule settings

Mode

Enforce

Set date range

Specific date range is not set

Priority

16

Severity

Not Specified

For rule processing errors

Ignore

Stop processing more rules

false

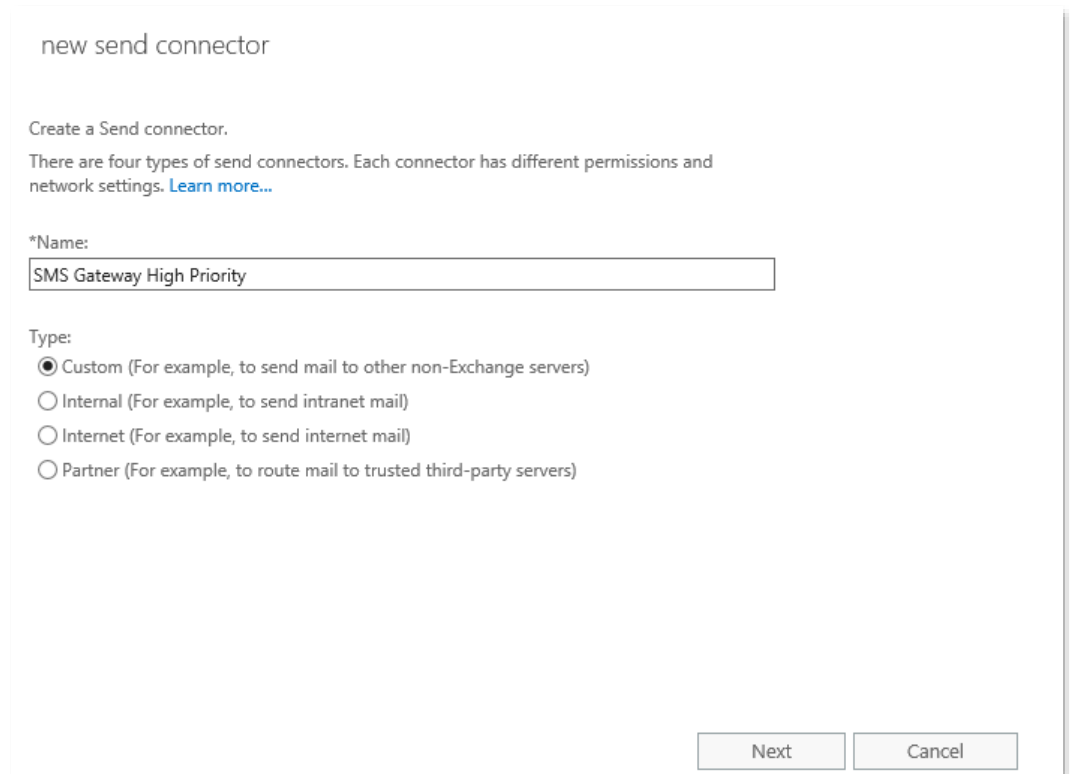
[Edit rule settings](#)

[Back](#)

[Finish](#)

14.2.3 On-premises Exchange SMTP Connector example

- Open the Exchange Admin Center.
- Navigate to Mail Flow, Send Connectors
- Select New Send Connector



The screenshot shows the 'new send connector' wizard in the Exchange Admin Center. The title is 'new send connector'. Below the title, it says 'Create a Send connector.' and 'There are four types of send connectors. Each connector has different permissions and network settings. [Learn more...](#)'. The '*Name:' field contains 'SMS Gateway High Priority'. The 'Type:' section has four radio button options: 'Custom (For example, to send mail to other non-Exchange servers)' (selected), 'Internal (For example, to send intranet mail)', 'Internet (For example, to send internet mail)', and 'Partner (For example, to route mail to trusted third-party servers)'. At the bottom right, there are 'Next' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- Press Next

Send Connector - Internet Explorer

new send connector

A send connector can route mail directly through DNS or redirect it to a smart host. [Learn more...](#)

*Network settings:
Specify how to send mail with this connector.

☐ MX record associated with recipient domain

☒ Route mail through smart hosts

+

SMART HOST

☐ Use the external DNS lookup settings on servers with transport roles

Back Next Cancel

Select route mail through smart hosts and then add a smart host

Network Settings -- Webpage Dialog

Add smart host

Specify the smart host's fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IPv4 address.
*Example: myhost.contoso.com or 192.168.3.2

192.168.1.30

Save Cancel

IP Address assigned as the High priority for SMS

new send connector

A send connector can route mail directly through DNS or redirect it to a smart host. [Learn more...](#)

*Network settings:
Specify how to send mail with this connector.

☐ MX record associated with recipient domain
☒ Route mail through smart hosts

+ ✎ -

SMART HOST
192.168.1.30

☐ Use the external DNS lookup settings on servers with transport roles

Back Next Cancel

■ Multiple SMS Servers can be defined for redundancy

new send connector

Configure smart host authentication. [Learn more...](#)

Smart host authentication:



☒ None
☐ Basic authentication
 ☐ Offer basic authentication only after starting TLS
 *User name:
 *Password:
 Note: all smart hosts must accept the same username and password.
☐ Exchange Server authentication
☐ Externally secured (for example, with IPsec)

Back Next Cancel

new send connector

A Send connector routes mail to a specified list of domains. These domains can be an SMTP address space or a custom type. [Learn more...](#)

*Address space:
Specify the address space or spaces to which this connector will route mail.

  **Add the address space for high priority SMS traffic**

TYPE	DOMAIN	COST

☐ Scoped send connector

Back Next Cancel

- Click on the Add button

Address Space -- Webpage Dialog

add domain

*Type:
SMTP

*Full Qualified Domain Name (FQDN):
BusinessUnit1.SMS **enter your brand name for high priority SMS**

*Cost:
1 **eg: BNS.SMS**

Save Cancel

- 🔔 Customers may decide that they wish to use sub domains so they are better positioned for migration to Exchange Online.
- 🔔 Ie: use SMS.DomainName addressing as opposed to xxxxxxxx.SMS

Learn more...'. Under the heading '*Address space:', it says 'Specify the address space or spaces to which this connector will route mail.' There is a control bar with a plus icon, a pencil icon, and a minus icon. Below this is a table with three columns: 'TYPE', 'DOMAIN', and 'COST'. The table contains one row: 'SMTP', 'BusinessUnit1.SMS', and '1'. A red text annotation 'Add other destination domains which are considered to be high priority' is overlaid on the table. Below the table is a checkbox labeled 'Scoped send connector'. At the bottom right are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next', and 'Cancel'."/>

new send connector

A Send connector routes mail to a specified list of domains. These domains can be an SMTP address space or a custom type. [Learn more...](#)

*Address space:
Specify the address space or spaces to which this connector will route mail.

+ ✎ -

TYPE	DOMAIN	COST
SMTP	BusinessUnit1.SMS	1

Add other destination domains which are considered to be high priority

☐ Scoped send connector

Back Next Cancel

- Select Next to add a server which has the transport role.

Learn more...'. Under the heading '*Source server:', it says 'Associate this connector with the following servers containing transport roles. You can also add Edge Subscriptions to this list.' There is a control bar with a plus icon, a red arrow pointing to it, and the word 'Add' in red. Below this is a table with three columns: 'SERVER', 'SITE', and 'ROLE'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right are three buttons: 'Back', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'."/>

new send connector

A send connector sends mail from a list of servers with transport roles or Edge Subscriptions. [Learn more...](#)

*Source server:
Associate this connector with the following servers containing transport roles. You can also add Edge Subscriptions to this list.

+ ← Add

SERVER	SITE	ROLE
--------	------	------

Back Finish Cancel

new send connector

A send connector sends mail from a list of servers with transport roles or Edge Subscriptions.
[Learn more...](#)

*Source server:
Associate this connector with the following servers containing transport roles. You can also add Edge Subscriptions to this list.

+ -

SERVER	SITE	ROLE
F3EXCHANG...	f3.dev/Configuration/Sites/Default-First-Site-Na...	Mailbox

Back Finish Cancel

Multiple transport role servers can be used.

14.2.4 Testing via SMTP

Outlook can be used to send messages via SMTP connectors to the SMS server.

A test utility called the SMS Test Frame can also be used. For more information refer to <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/testframe>

SECTION 15 Testing the system

15.1 SMS Console

BNS engineers will help the customer configure the system using the SMS Console in addition to the smsboot.ini file configuration settings.

SMS Console documentation can be found at this link

<https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/console>

15.2 Testing from the test frame

This is the best option to use during deployment. It can test SQL and SMTP interfaces are configured correctly.

BNS engineers will help the customer perform initial tests using the test frame software.

15.3 Testing from Email environment

BNS engineers will help the customer perform initial tests using either Exchange online or Exchange Server and Microsoft Outlook.

SECTION 16 Backup and recovery

16.1 Disaster recovery

The architecture allows a proxy Windows SMS server in a DR site to take over from a failed production Windows SMS Server.

This is detailed later in this deployment guide.

16.2 Data storage

All data is stored in SQL Server. Current day data is stored in the sms-current Database. Early hours of the following day, the previous days information is then moved to the sms-archive database.

The SMS-SQL-API database contains only transient information between business applications and the SMS Server core services.

Standard backup and recovery of SQL server should be managed by the customer.

16.3 Configuration files

Configuration files are stored on each Windows SMS Server. They are simple text files which can be edited using notepad.

16.4 AWS EC2 instance backup and recovery

BNS recommends that a weekly backup of the EC2 instance be performed. The design of the SMS software holds all data in SQL server. Therefore, the data on the SMS server is transient and contains mainly log files.

If the SMS Server EC2 instance blue screens for example, a simple restore of the EBS volumes including the root volume should be performed to bring the system back to a working state.

To backup EC2 instances follow the AWS backup documentation in the link below

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/prescriptive-guidance/latest/backup-recovery/ec2-backup.html>

After a restore, if the Windows server is part of an AD domain, it is advisable to confirm that logins to the AD Domain are operation. Failure to login to the Windows server would be most likely a Kerberos machine account authentication error. For more information refer to [Kerberos Authentication Overview | Microsoft Docs](#)

16.5 AWS RDS SQL backup and restore

The SMS Server design has a Current DB and an Archive DB.

The software processes all SMS traffic into the Current DB in a 24 hour period.

A configurable value in the smsboot.ini file controls the time that the previous days transactions are moved from the Current DB to the Archive DB.

System-Attendant-Service-Archive24hrStartTime-str=0030

System-Attendant-Service-Archive24hrStopTime-str=0530

The default recommended time window is between 0030hours and 0530hours (Local Server time).

Therefore, RDS SQL backups should be performed daily after this time window eg: 0630hours (region local time). Both the current and archive DBs should be backed up at the same time.

If the Archive DB needs to be restored it can be restored independent of the current DB because there is no linkage between the two DBs.

If the Current DB needs to be restored from a previous backup the current day transactions will be lost.

To backup AWS RDS follow the AWS documentation in the link below

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/CHAP_CommonTasks.BackupRestore.html

SECTION 17 Routine maintenance

17.1 Software Windows service credentials

If the customer requires the SMS Services to change passwords from time to time, the service accounts will need to be changed in services control manager for each server which is using that service account.

17.2 SMPP \ TLS

The SMS Software negotiates TLS based on the SMS Service providers TLS cyphers. As such there is no key management required on the SMS Server for TLS encryption.

17.3 Software patches and upgrades

If Software patches to the SMS software are required, BNS will notify all customers.

Upgrades are managed through a software release notice which describes the upgrade process relevant to that release of software.

17.4 License management of the SMS Software

Annual licenses are provided to the customer which are renewed usually as part of an enterprise agreement. BNS will provide updated license files which are deployed by the customer in accordance with instructions provided by email.

17.5 AWS Service limits

AWS maintains service quotas (formerly called service limits) for each account to help guarantee the availability of AWS resources and prevent accidental provisioning of more resources than needed. Some service quotas are raised automatically over time as you use AWS. However, most AWS services require that you request quota increases manually.

If any resource used by the SMS Software is limited in any way, the customer will need to manually request a service increase.

BNS has reviewed both EC2 and RDS quotas listed in the AWS console. BNS is not aware of any limitation which could be exceeded by the software itself.

Refer to service limits at this link

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/general/latest/gr/aws_service_limits.html

SECTION 18 Emergency Maintenance

18.1 Handling fault conditions

Depending on what the fault is will depend on what action is required by the customer's IT team.

Irrespective of the fault a ticket should be raised with BNS using email support@bnsgroup.com.au

Minimum information required in your email to Support@bnsgroup.com.au

1. A brief description of the problem
2. Your contact details including telephone number
3. The name of your organization
4. Criticality / business impact

On receipt of your email, BNS's automated ticketing systems will provide a case number response back via email. BNS generally contact the customer by telephone.

The following are identifiable possible faults which could occur and the recommended action.

18.1.1 Business processes are unable to access the SMS-SQL-API DB

Recommended actions:

- Check with the SQL Admin for any exceptions in the access control logs in SQL Server.
- Run the test tool provided with the SMS Software (refer section 12).

18.1.2 SMS messages are not being received from the Health Service to nominated handsets

Recommended actions:

- Check the Health Service log files to ensure the service is not reporting any error messages.
- Run the test tool provided with the SMS Software (refer section 12). Confirm what happens with the test tool and report this to BNS on a support ticket.

18.1.3 SMS messages are not being sent to handsets

Recommended actions:

- Run the test tool provided with the SMS Software (refer section 12). Confirm what happens with the test tool and report this to BNS on a support ticket.
- Check the log file for the smscTX service for any reported errors and see if it is actually processing messages.
- Send a copy of this TX log to BNS on the support ticket.

his PC > Local Disk (C:) > Program Files (x86) > BNS Group > msXsms > Programs > Logs > msXsmsSmscTX

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
100122	1/10/2022 8:00 PM	Text Document	9 KB
101221.txt.MM no TLS	12/10/2021 4:16 PM	File	1,267 KB
101221.txt.MM TLS on with no wireshark	12/10/2021 4:40 PM	File	1,267 KB
101221.txt.old	12/10/2021 4:05 PM	OLD File	2,426 KB
110122	1/11/2022 7:05 PM	Text Document	2 KB
130122	1/13/2022 8:53 PM	Text Document	5 KB
140122	1/14/2022 3:52 PM	Text Document	3 KB
171221	12/17/2021 6:13 PM	Text Document	144 KB

Open the log file to see if messages are being processed. Local server times are used in the log file.

```

13Jan2022 12:38:52:087 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Server WebSMT is running in Active mode and will process outgoing and incoming messages.
13Jan2022 12:38:52:087 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Using Character Set : #Xms-SMSC-gsm8338.chr
13Jan2022 12:38:52:095 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Connected and Authenticated with 13.237.67.114 on port 3600
13Jan2022 12:38:52:091 < msXsmsSmscTX > : TLS/SSL NOT configured on this connection.
13Jan2022 12:39:03:141 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Socket Connection terminated abruptly, an auto reconnect will be attempted in 30 seconds with Production
13Jan2022 12:39:33:125 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Using Character Set : #Xms-SMSC-gsm8338.chr
13Jan2022 12:39:33:128 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Connected and Authenticated with 13.237.67.114 on port 3600
13Jan2022 12:39:33:143 < msXsmsSmscTX > : TLS/SSL NOT configured on this connection.
13Jan2022 12:43:50:042 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : N EventId: 51099 Part A of SMS Message from app@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 12:47:01:426 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : M EventId: 51097 Part A of SMS Message from app@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 15:00:09:052 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : L EventId: 51099 Part A of SMS Message from HealthCheckerServer@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 15:00:09:053 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : L EventId: 51100 Part A of SMS Message from HealthCheckerServer@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 20:00:08:1240 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : L EventId: 51101 Part A of SMS Message from HealthCheckerServer@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 20:00:08:1272 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Priority : L EventId: 51102 Part A of SMS Message from HealthCheckerServer@bns.com to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued
13Jan2022 20:53:15:1785 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Dis-connected from SQL Database - msXsms-Current
13Jan2022 20:53:15:1785 < msXsmsSmscTX > : Service Stopped.

```

If you see MessageIds from the service provider in the log as the example below but you are not seeing them on destination handsets then the issue is with the service provider. A manual failover to a secondary service in this instance would be required. This is documented at <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/manualfailover> don't forget to log the issue with your SMS Service provider and advise the business what has happened. Messages which have been sent to the SMS Service provider cannot be sent again. You will have to wait until their service is restored. However, if their outage is likely to be some time, you can perform a manual failover to a secondary provider to process new SMS requests.

```

61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e511afbf10003f3be1e3c268e3bf98
61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e511de78e0003f3be1e3c268e3f03c
@system.Internal to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e5197cbe10003f3be1e3c268f3d6
@system.Internal to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e5197cbe10003f3be1e3c268f3d6
@system.Internal to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e52aa6ebf0003f3be1e3c26904ff
@system.Internal to Cell No : 61412869513 was queued to SMSC : SINCH with a MessageId of 17e52aa6ebf0003f3be1e3c26904ff

```

SECTION 19 Support

19.1 How to receive support

Primary support is via email by sending a request to support@bnsgroup.com.au

If the customer has a system down condition:

- Log a support via email first support@bnsgroup.com.au then
- Call +61 2 80016653 24 x 7 and leave your details for 'Technical Support'.

19.2 Support Tiers

BNS has 1 main support tier for enterprise customers offering a 4 hour SLA response during business hours 9am to 6pm Monday through Friday Australian Eastern time zone Sydney\Canberra.

Support requests logged via email to support@bnsgroup.com.au is mandatory to receive a 4 hour response.

All support is via: email, telephone and remote assist using Microsoft Teams or the preferred remote tools supported by the customer.

BNS operates a 24 x 7 service for taking support requests after an initial email has been sent to support@bnsgroup.com.au

- For urgent service, call +61 2 80016653 24 x 7 and leave your details for 'Technical Support'. State that your request is urgent.

Customers requiring premium service for 24 x 7 service should contact BNS for more information.

SECTION 20 Disaster Recovery planning

20.1 DR Partner Server



Admin Tenants & Servers Resources & Help Inquiry Setup

SMS Servers

AWSSMS1 updated.

SMS Server	
PRODUCTION msXsms Server Name: ?	AWSSMS1
Server Status:	Active ▼
Partner Server in DR msXsms Server Name: ?	AWSSMSPROXY
Server Status:	Standby ▼
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Return to List"/>	

© 2022 Better Network Services Group PTY LTD Logged in as: AWSSMS1/ceo
DB Version: 1.7.33 Cloud Console Version: 2.1.6.7 (Admin) Network Flow: Allowed

A high level design with 2 x SMS servers spread across 2 AWS AZ's have sufficient capacity to handle a failure of 1 SMS server in 1 AZ or the loss of an AZ. .

A DR partner server **is not relevant** for new deployments in AWS due to the scale and resilience of AWS.

A DR partner server was relevant pre-cloud designs when a customer had a pair of data centres and wanted a traditional prod\dr architecture.

Cloud based computing allows rapid recovery of virtual machines from snapshots and provides automatic recovery and failover of AWS RDS Database servers.

BNS Enterprise SMS Server software has been re-engineered for cloud for:

- Multi-AZ failover support
- Sufficient capacity to manage without 1 SMS server for a period of time
- Moving of SMS records from a failed server to the other server
- Automatic take-over of SQL API processing responsibility
- Automatic re-deployment of messages across SMPP binds on a server

However, if a customer does need a standby server to be a partner server refer to <https://smskb.bnsgroup.com.au/smsdr>

SECTION 21 Appendix

21.1 AWS RDS performance testing

The following tests were performed in February 2023 using AWS RDS Microsoft SQL Express. Use of the SQL Express edition is not recommended for a customer deployment except for a proof of concept or dev\test.

Production deployments require AWS RDS Microsoft SQL Server in Single-AZ or Multi-AZ.

Tests conducted by BNS were end to end tests including SMPP\TLS transmission to Messagemedia over the Internet. BNS and MessageMedia are both located in AWS tenancies, therefore SMPP latency is the lowest possible TCP\IP latency.

21.1.1 AWS EC2 instance – SMS Server

EC2 T3.2XLarge was used as this will be the benchmark instance class with multiple SMPP binds. This test was with 1 x SMSCTX SMPP bind and 1 x SMSCRX SMPP bind.

EC2 instance	Details	Comment
EC2 Type	T3.2xLARGE	32 GB RAM 8 x VCPU
Name	AWSSMSTST4	
2 x EBS volumes	Root and Data	Application installed on D drive
		GP2 Root volume
		GP3 app volume
Software build	Ver2 12 Feb 2022 Build 3	

21.1.2 AWS RDS MS SQL Express

AWS RDS	Details	Comment
DB Id	Sql	
RDS class	Db.t3.medium	2 x vcpu 4GB ram
Engine	SQL Server Express Edition	
Databases	TST-SMS-Current TST-SMS-Archive TST-SMS-SQL-API	
Storage	GP2	
Availability zone	ap-southeast-2c	
Engine version	15.00.4073.23.v1	

Enhanced monitoring is set to 60 seconds. Default.

21.1.3 MessageMedia

MessageMedia was used with a special account setting to allow a load test without the actual messages being submitted to the mobile network.

21.1.4 SMPP Client tool \ service details from AWSSMSTST4

msXsms Client Test Frame v2

SQL - Multiple Send | SMTP - Multiple Send | SQL - Single Send | SQL - Single Incoming | SMSC - Transmit | SMSC - Receive

Mandatory Inputs

Sender Email
enduser@f3.dev

Receiver CellNo
(E.164 number format eg 61412123456)
61412869531

Subject
test 920am 12 feb 2023 this is a test of a long message to messagedmedia for AWS Service ready testing and performance monitoring of BNS Enterprise SMS Server. Testing used direct SMTP to SMS server. Chars: 201

Body Text
Keywords

Configuration
Log
Restore defaults

Iteration :
5000

☒ Increment Cell Number
☐ Simple Broadcast
☒ Via msXsms smart host
☐ Via Office365

Submit SMS via SMTP

12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 4995/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 4996/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 4997/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 4998/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 4999/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Sent SMS Request 5000/5000 to SMTP Server 172.31.19.37
12/02/2023 9:20:55 AM: Ending Individual SMTP transmission.

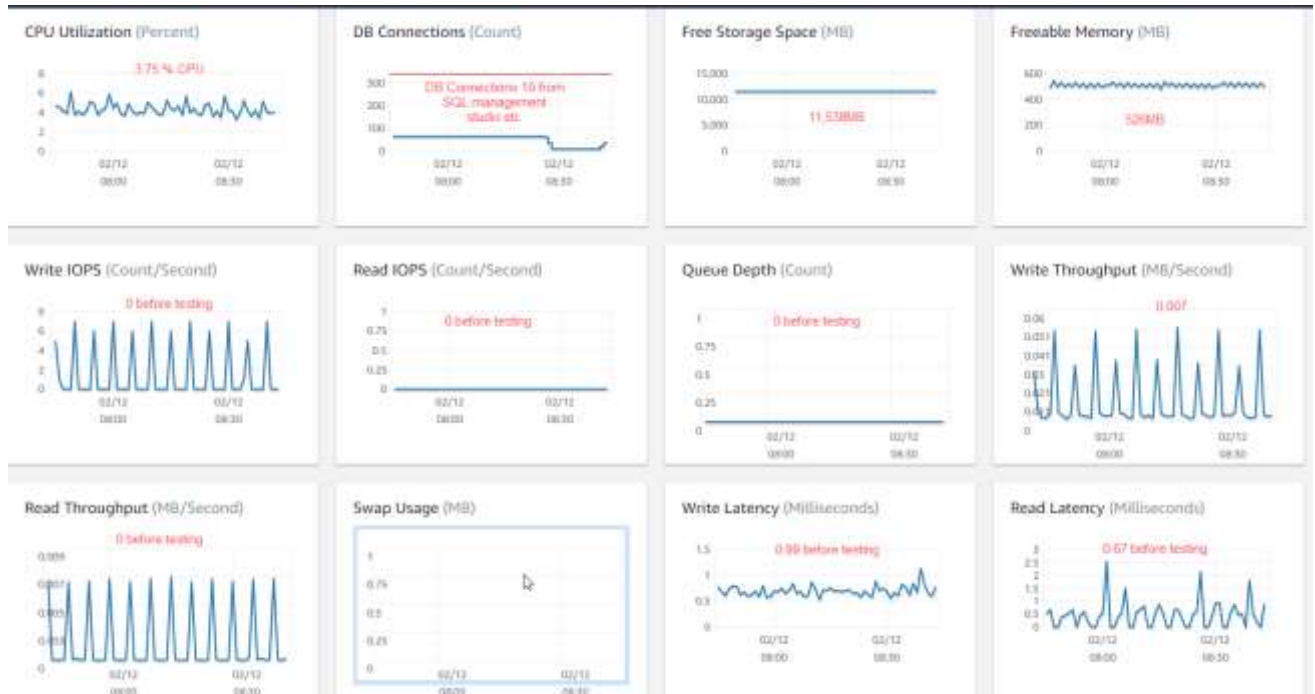
Note: we used enduser@f3.dev as an app with no sending of any confirmations back. SMTPQD service was therefore less loaded than perhaps could have been.

21.1.5 SMPP\TLS transmission from BNS AWS to MessageMedia AWS

Item	Value	Comments
SMPP TX binds	1	
SMPP RX binds	1	
Total number of long SMS messages sent	5000	
Long SMS message size	201 characters	
SMPP messages parts per long SMS message	2	
Total SMPP messages parts	10,000	
Transmission started	12Feb2023 09:20:15:505	
Transmission completed	12Feb2023 09:25:54:867	
Total time	5 mins (300 seconds)	
Per second rate SMPP parts		10,000 SMPP parts \ 300 seconds = 33.33 SMPP parts per second
Per second rate long SMS message 201 characters from application		5,000 long messages (201 characters) \ 300 seconds = 16.66 long messages per second

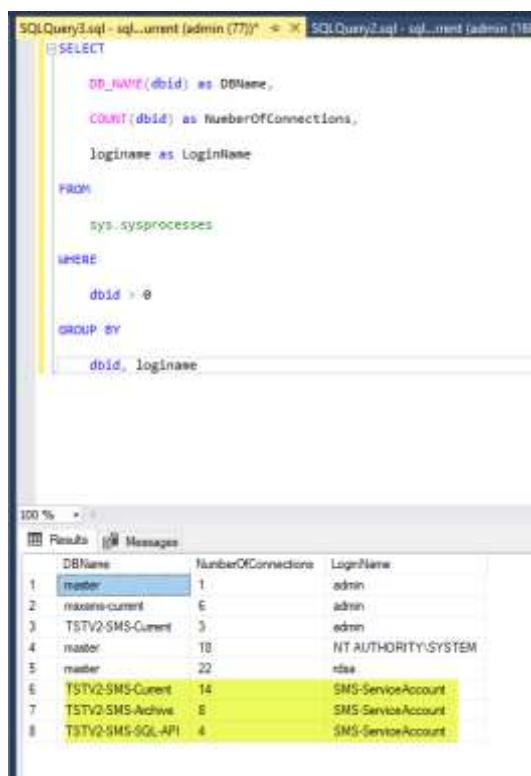
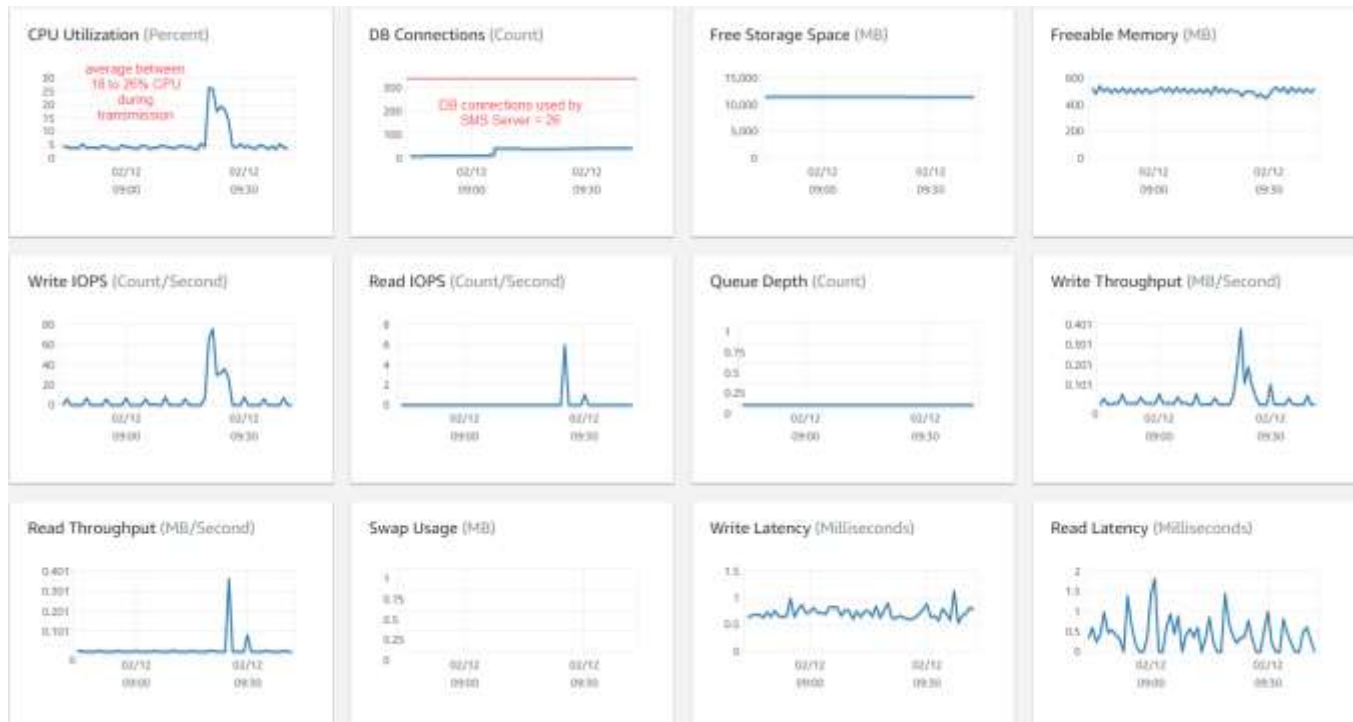
21.2 AWS RDS SQL Express metrics

21.2.1 Before testing commenced



SQL Management Studio and other management processes had a total of 11 DB Connections. All applications were closed before the tests.

21.2.2 RDS metric summary after test completed



SMS Service account is the total number of connections from Windows Service accounts = 26

CPU utilization of RDS SQL Express during transmission started with submission service reading SMTP submissions processing EML files and submitting to MainStore of Current DB.

SMS Transmission SMPP\TLS commences transmission as soon the transactions are written to the mainstore.

CPU tapers off as submission service completes writing.

SMS transmission SMPP service continues showing a drop to around 19% CPU of RDS SQL Express utilization.

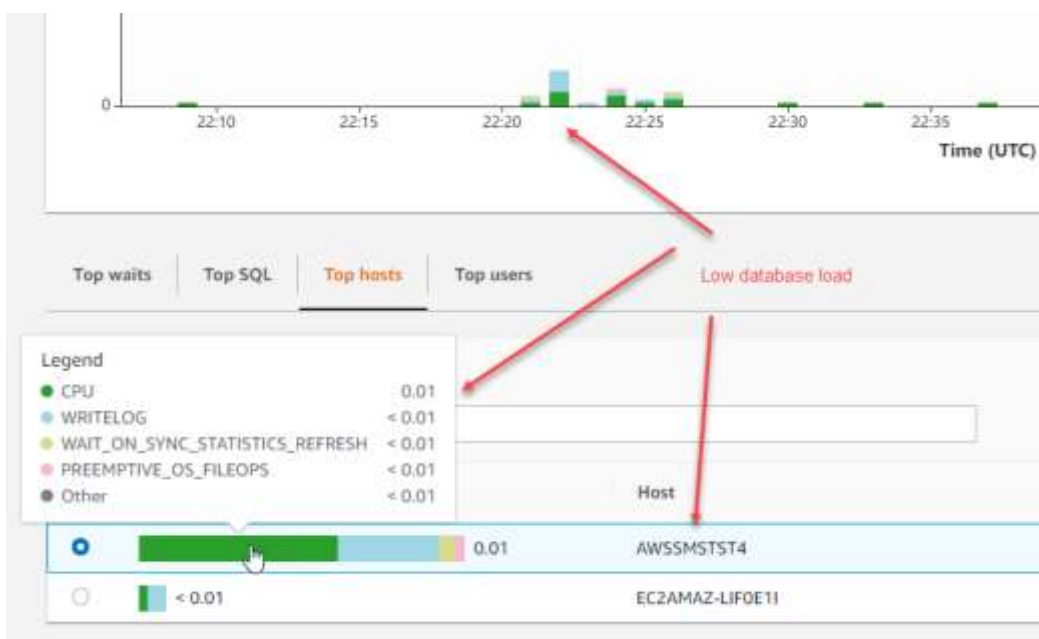


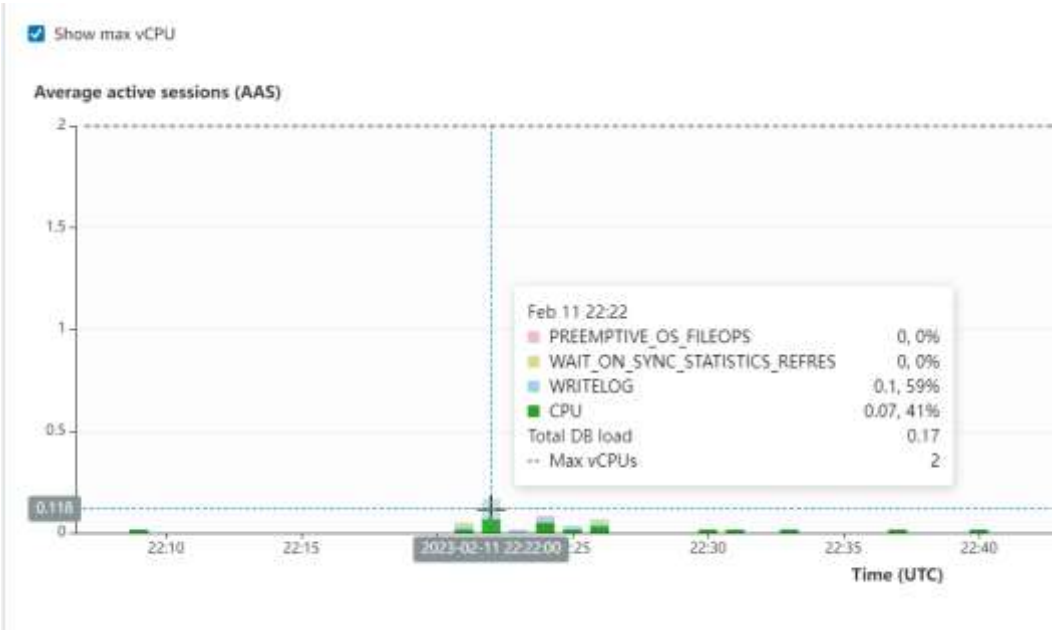
21.2.3 AWS RDS metric summary table

Item	Value	Comments
CPU utilisation	19 to 25%	
DB Connections	26	Total used by SMS Server
Freeable memory	450MB	Drop from average 500MB before test.
Write IOPS	Peak 76 Average 36	Estimate based on metric chart
Read IOPS	Peak 6	
Read Latency	0.5ms	Estimate based on metric chart
Write Latency	0.75ms	Estimate based on metric chart

21.2.4 Performance insight for database load

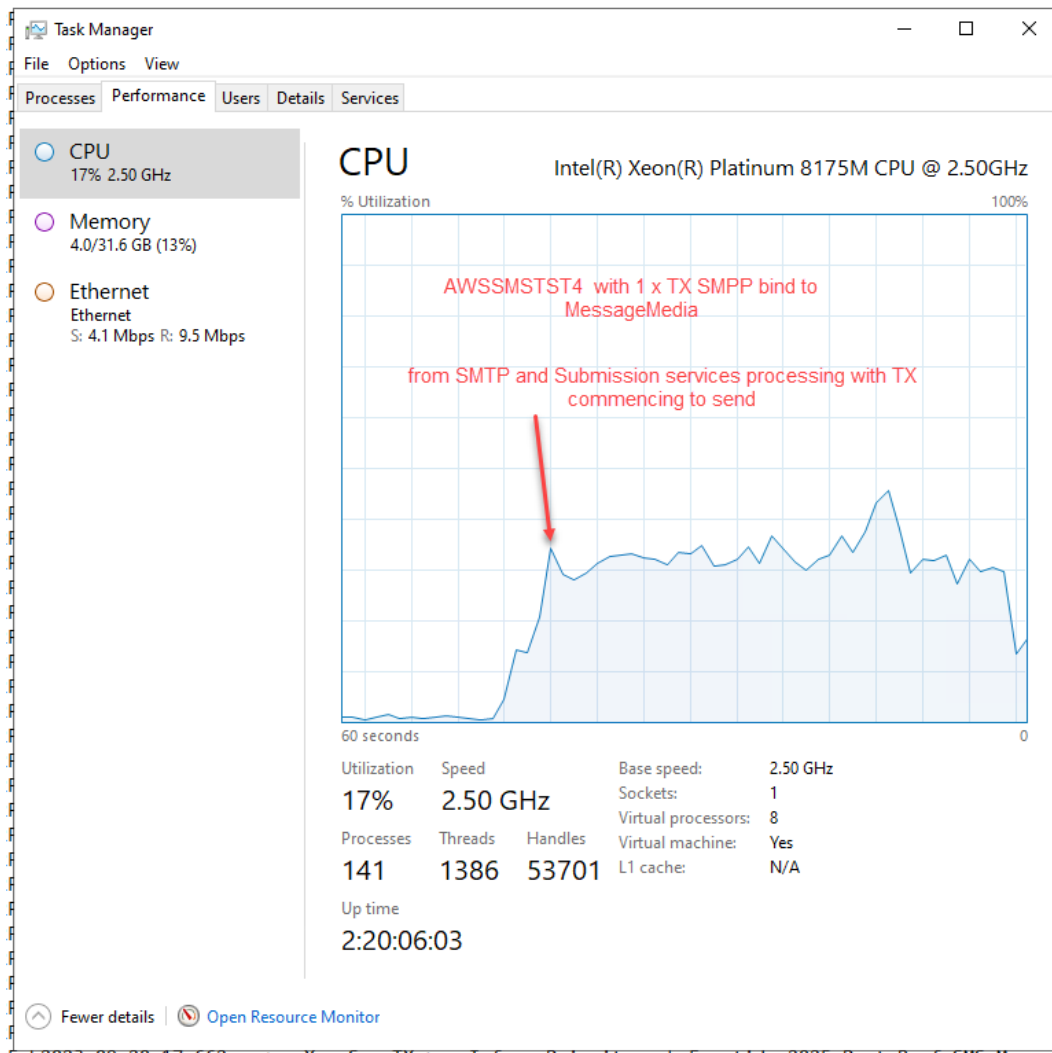
Overall there was low database load.

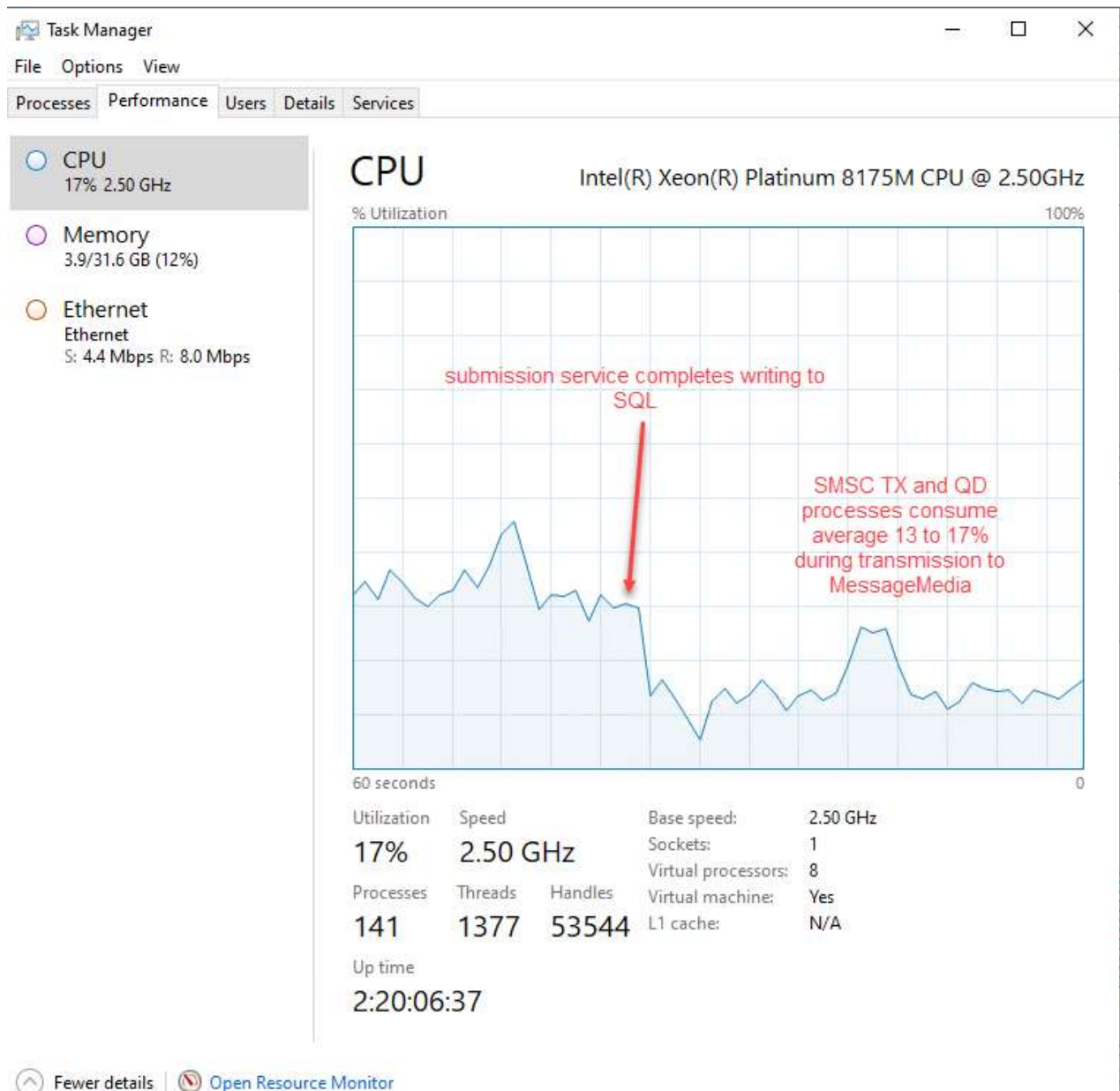


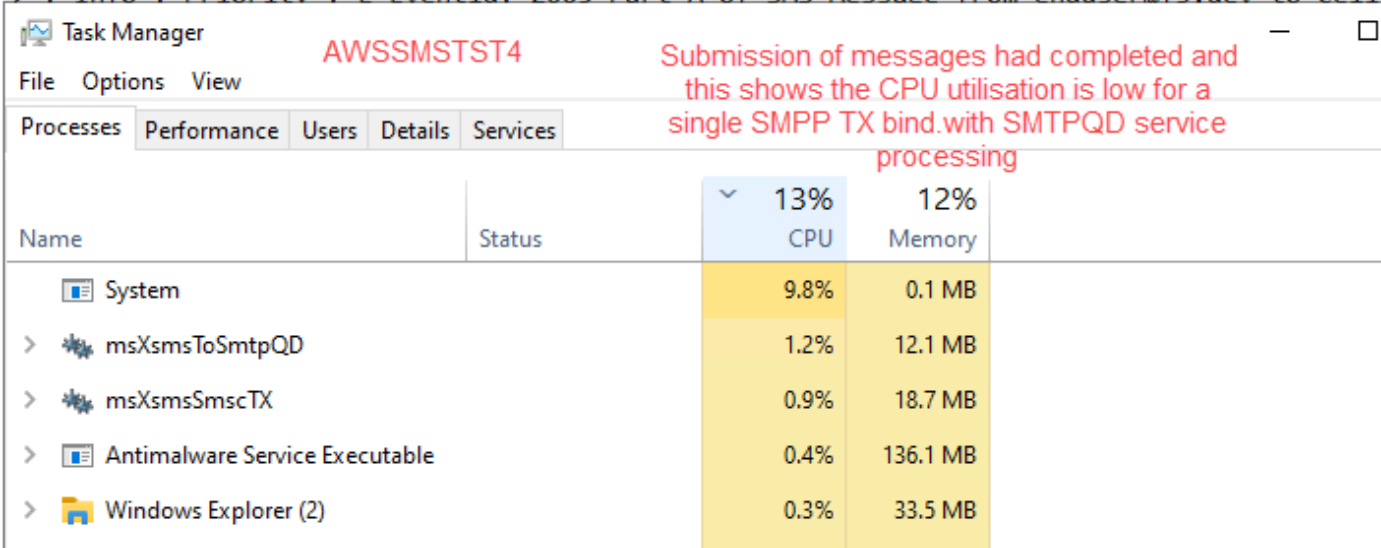


21.3 EC2 instance AWSSMSTST4

Software version 2 build 3 with 1 single TX and RX bind.G







Task Manager

File Options View

Processes Performance Users Details Services

Submission of messages had completed and this shows the CPU utilisation is low for a single SMPP TX bind.with SMTPQD service processing

Name	Status	13% CPU	12% Memory
System		9.8%	0.1 MB
> msXsmsToSmtplibQD		1.2%	12.1 MB
> msXsmsSmtplibTX		0.9%	18.7 MB
> Antimalware Service Executable		0.4%	136.1 MB
> Windows Explorer (2)		0.3%	33.5 MB

The operating system was using 13%

Antimalware – BNS excluded the SMS Server folder from Defender.